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ALLIED TRANSLATOR AND INTERPRETER SECTION SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

RESEARCH REPORT

SUBJECT: AMENITIES IN THE JAPANESE ARMED FORCES

I. G. No. 6310 B.I.D. No. 1228

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SUMMARY:

- This report covers information available at ATIS up to 31 March 1945 on amenities furnished by the Japanese to their armed forces.
- There has been no attempt to establish the existence of rules regarding the availability for purchase or gratuitous issue of canteen stores, since there is a great variation, depending upon the type of troops and the area, in the handling of amenities.
- Information has also been given as to the availability to the troops of such amusements as shows, movies, geisha entertainment, and brothels.
- References are quoted regarding the amount of war news passed on to troops by field newspapers, bulletins, and radios.

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SOURCES:

Captured Documents.

Statements of Prisoners of War.

INFORMATION SHOULD BE ASSESSED ACCORDINGLYS

Section II. AMUSEMENTS

5. GENERAL

It appears from information gathered that the Japanese do not make too great an effort to furnish athletic equipment to their troops. One prisoner of war stated that as far as he knew there was no organized athletics in the Japanese Army. Evidence appears to indicate that this is not entirely true because in rear areas the troops have athletic meetings. There is little evidence to support the theory that an athletic program is carried out in forward areas. In fact it appears that no athletic equipment is carried to these areas and that any participation in games must be done with make-shift equipment.

Evidence seems to indicate that the Army makes an attempt to provide occasional movies for the troops. They apparently do not furnish movies to any great degree and there is little information as to the type of movies shown the troops. One Japanese soldier was apparently rather eager to see a movie, because he infiltrated the Allied lines to see a picture in which Ginger

Rogers was playing.

The Japanese apparently have organizations similar to American United Service Organization shows which are for the entertainment of their troops. It appears that these units do not travel to forward areas. They made several appearances in the South West PACIFIC Islands but soon returned to JAPAN due to Allied bombings.

The Japanese insure one form of amusement by locating their brothels in forward areas. One prisoner of war has stated that brothels are immediately established where there are any large number of troops. Majority of the women of the Japanese brothels are Japanese, Koreans, and Chinese. Although the Japanese apparently waste no time in establishing their brothels, it appears that the demand greatly exceeds the supply. This condition practically excludes the enlisted personnel, and only officers are able to take advantage of these places of business.

There appears to be quite a bit of difference of opinion among prisoners of war as to who owns and controls the brothels. The statement of a prisoner of war, who was a brothel owner in BURMA, and several lists of brothel regulations, which have been captured in South West PACIFIC Area, indicate that brothels are privately owned but under military supervision. Information available indicates that the venereal rate among Japanese troops in South West PACIFIC Area is

exceedingly low.

Japanese troops are usually granted leave when in the homeland but evidence indicates that they have no policy of leave or rotation in the South West PACIFIC Area.

(a) Prisoner of War TSUNO, Keishin (JA 14-5033), Superior Private, member of 144 Infantry Regiment, captured OIVI, 9 November 1942, stated:

"Gambling is strictly prohibited in the Japanese Army, and when it was discovered that some of the Japanese soldiers were gambling, cards were taken away from them."

(ATIS Interrogation Report, Serial No. 34, page 5)

(b) Prisoner of War TOMITA, Tomaoki, First Class Private, member of the 112 Infantry Regiment, captured at SIRZWEYA, 12 February 1944, stated:

"As for the songs the troops sang, there were none that could be said to be in general use since most sang those which were popular in their own part of JAPAN."

(Source available on request)

6. ATHLETICS

(a) "According to a petty officer second class, the 'SHUKAI SHO' (probably mess hall or day room) on KWAJALEIN had magazines, phonographs, ping-pong sets, record and radio sets. At the headquarters of 6 Base Force, sake and cigarettes were available. Volleyball was popular.

"A seaman first class complained about the lack of recreational facilities on KWAJALEIN in spite of the equipment listed above and the fact that he was able to see movies on Sundays. As a Catholic, he attended masses regularly on Sundays. According to this prisoner of war, the recreation room at SASEBO, where he took his basic training, was poor, while that of YOKOSUKA impressed him favorably because it offered a variety of food and drinks and had waitresses, baths, movies and stage shows."

(A-160 30 August 1944, pages 6-7)

(b) Extract from handwritten routine order issued 7 June 1942, by 55 Transport Regiment:

"Baseball games by TAKAMORI Force."

(ATIS Bulletin No. 151, page 2)

(c) Prisoner of War TSURUTA, Masatoshi (JA(USA)147102), Second Lieutenant (Medical Officer), member of 141 Infantry Regiment, captured TALASEA Area, stated:

"At RAKUME, athletic meetings, SUMO exhibitions and plays were sometimes arranged for entertainment of troops. Baseball was frequently played in PHILIPPINES but no sports equipment was brought to NEW BRITAIN. No recreational facilities in the field."

(ATIS Interrogation Report, Serial No. 453, page 12)

(d) Prisoner of War SASAYAMA, Jun (JA 145531), Sergeant, member of 50 Independent Antiaircraft Battalion, captured off TROBRIAND ISLANDS, 23 March 1943, stated:

"As far as he knew there were no organized athletics in the Japanese Army."

(ATIS Interrogation Report, Serial No. 189, page 10)

(e) Prisoner of War YAMADA, Toshio, First Class Private, member of the 124 Infantry Regiment, captured on GUADALCANAL, 9 February 1943, stated:

"There are organizations at home which buy and collect the latest popular records and send them to the camps. There are no such things as recreational halls in the Army. Each company has its own phonograph records, games.

AMENITIES IN THE JAPANESE ARMED FORCES

magazines, etc. and the men borrow them for use during leisure time and return them to the orderly room when they are through." (SOPAC Interrogation Report, Serial No. 02330,

page 64)

(f) Prisoner of War KISHIMOTO, Hachiro, Superior Private, member of 23 Infantry Regiment, captured on BOUGAINVILLE, 6 April 1944, stated:

"On Bougainville, soldiers held amateur per-formances during the night and athletic meetings during the day. Since there are no facilities, the latter were obstacle courses, running and tree climbing races."

(SOPAC Interrogation Report, Serial No. 266, page 3)

(g) Prisoner of War YOSHIDA, Kazuo, Lance Corporal, member of 6 Field Artillery Regiment, captured TOROKINA Area, 23 March 1944, stated:

"At MAIKA, there was an enlisted men's library

in the prisoner of war compound, consisting of a magazines and books of general interest. The prisoners of war improvised games from articles available. Checkers and chess boards were used. In CHINA, there was no need for such amusements as leave was obtainable to go to nearby towns and cities where magazines and other luxuries could be bought."

(SOPAC Interrogation Report, Serial No. 01459, page 36)

(h) Summaries of extracts from a binder of intendance letters received by 15 Field Antiair-craft Unit from KWANTUNG Defense Army Intendance Section, subject: "Notification of the issuing of entertainment equipment for the first (or second) time to Forces which are newly established or having changed station." Numbers in brackets are those issued the first time. See Figures 2 and 3.

(SOPAC Translation, Serial No. 01996, pages 5, 6)

SUPPLY DISTRICT	FORCE	PHONOGRAPHS	CHESSBOARD
HARBIN	16 Field Antiaircraft Defense Unit	1	
HARBIN	1 Field Searchlight Battalion	1	1
HARBIN	62 Line of Communication Sector Unit (Headquarters)		1
HARBIN .	62 Line of Communication Sector Unit (Guard)	(1)	2
HARBIN	62 Line of Communication Sector Unit (Duty)	(1)	2
HARBIN	276 Independent Motor Trænsport Compa	iny (1)	1
HARBIN	58 Independent Transport Unit	(1)	2
HARBIN	57 Independent Transport Unit	(1)	2
HSINKING	KWANTUNG Defense Army Headquarte	rs	
HSINKING	11 Antiaircraft Unit	1	
HSINKING	(possibly) 278 Independent Motor Transport Company	(1)	1
MUKDEN	(possibly) 15 Field Antiaircraft Defense Unit	1	
MUKDEN	(possibly) 264 Independent Motor Transport Company	1	
MUKDEN	277 Independent Motor Transport Compa	ny 1	
MUKDEN	279 Independent Motor Transport Compa	ny 1	
MUKDEN	37 Casualty Cleaning Station	1	
MUKDEN	11 Line of Communication Medical Unit	1	1
MUKDEN ·	71 Line of Communication Hospital	(1)	3
MUKDEN	15 Line of Communication Veterinary Hospital	1	1
MUKDEN.	72 Line of Communication Hospital	(1)	3
MUKDEN	7860 Force (Unidentified force stationed at HSIUNGYUEHCHENG)	1	3
DAIREN	14 Field Antiaircraft Defense Unit	1	
DAIREN	PORT ARTHUR Fort Antiaircraft Unit	1	
DAIREN	Temporary Group (or Line of Communication)		
DAIREN	57 Independent Transport Unit	1	1
Total		14	24

Figure 2. DISTRIBUTION OF ENTERTAINMENT EQUIPMENT— 24 JANUARY 1942

ATHLETICS '

SUPPLY DISTRICT	FORCE	NO. OF CHARMS	NO. OF RECORDS ALBUM
MUKDEN	1 Independent Garrison	1	
HSINKING	(possibly) 2 Independent Garrison	1	
ANGANGCHI	Formerly 3 Independent Garrison	1 %	
CHENGTE	9 Independent Garrison	1	
HARBIN	5 Independent Garrison	1	
PORT ARTHUR	Fortress Headquarters	1	
HSIUNG YUEH CHENG	HSIUNG YUEH CHENG Military Hospi	tal	2
KUNGCHULUNG	KUNGCHULUNG Military Hospital		2
LIAOYANG	LIAOYANG 2 Hospital		2
CHINCHOW	CHINCHOW Army Hospital		1
HAICHENG	HAICHENG Army Hospital		1
MUKDEN	37 Casualty Clearing Station		1
KAIYUAN	11 Line of Communication Medical Uni	t	1
HSINMIN	15 Line of Communication Veterinary Hospital		1
CHINHSIEN	72 Line of Communication Hospital		1
HSIUNG YUEH CHENG	Unidentified (7860)		1
DAIREN	14 Field Antiaircraft Defense Unit		1
DAIREN	PORT ARTHUR Fort Antiaircraft Unit		1
LIAOYANG	1 LIAOYANG Military Hospital		1
CHOWSHUITZE	14 Line of Communication Veterinary Hospital		. 1
HARBIN	16 Field Antiaircraft Defense		1
HARBIN	1 Field Searchlight Battalion		1
WEITZEKOU	62 Line of Communication Sector Unit		2
WEITZEKOU	276 Independent Motor Transport Comp	any	1
WEITZEKOU *	58 Independent Transport Unit		. 1
CHOWKIA	57 Independent Transport Unit		1
HSINKING	11 Antiaircraft Unit		1
MENGCHIATAN	(possibly) 278 Independent Motor Transport Company		1
MUKDEN	(possibly) 15 Field Antiaircraft Defense Unit		. 1 _
MUKDEN	(possibly) 264 Independent Motor- Transport Company		1
MUKDEN	277 Independent Motor Transport Comp	any	1
MUKDEN	279 Independent Motor Transport Comp	any	1

Figure 3. NOTIFICATION OF THE ISSUING OF ENTERTAINMENT EQUIPMENT, 19 February 1942.

7. MOVIES

(a) Prisoner of War YAMADA, Toshio, First Class Private, member of 124 Infantry Regiment, captured GUADALCANAL, 9 February 1943,

"For morale purposes, the Japanese Army sends out motion picture caravans to Army stations. These have the necessary equipment to set up a projection unit at each camp. Traveling sound cars go about equipped with a phonograph, public address system, and the latest records.' (SOPAC Interrogation Report, Serial No. 02330,

page 64)

(b) Prisoner of War KANAZAWA, Akira (JA 145535), Sergeant Major, member of 51 Field Engineer Regiment, captured TUTU, 8 April

1943, stated:

"51 Division carried a movie projector, and films were shown where electricity was available. During his stay in CANTON Area, his division saw movies, and stage shows were brought over." (ATIS Interrogation Report, Serial No. 289, page

(c) Prisoner of War MATSURA, Yakichi, Corporal, member of 143 Infantry Regiment, captured TATMAKHAL, 20 December 1943, stated:

The only form of amusement for the soldiers in BURMA was supplied by Korean prostitutes. There are very few cinemas, no books, no talks or lectures. You came to BURMA to fight and to die, and but for an occasional visit to a brothel you are left to your own devices."

(Source available on request)

(d) Extract dated 26 December 1941, from handwritten routine orders belonging to 55 Transport Regiment:

Theatricals to be held by SAKAMOTO Force

(in GUAM)."

(ATIS Bulletin No. 151. page 2)

(e) Prisoner of War YOSHIDA, Kazuo, Lance Corporal, member of 6 Field Artillery Regiment, captured TOROKINA Area, 23 March 1944, stated:

"He had seen movies on one occasion on BOUGAINVILLE."

(SOPAC Interrogation Report, Serial No. 01459,

(f) Summary of mimeographed booklet entitled "General rules for inspection of movies' dated 12 April 1943, issued by Philippine Military Administration Inspectorate Department. kept by TACLOBAN Agency of same department:

"All movies to be shown in the PHILIPPINES are to be censored and approved by the Pacification Bureau of the Military Administration Inspectorate Department. The type, title, producer, length and summary of the picture are to

be submitted to this bureau.

"Any pictures that endanger the respect or policies of the Imperial Army, threaten Japanese-Filipino or Japanese Axis cooperation, extol Communism, criminals or Americans are not to be shown or are to have the offensive portions

Regulations are given for submitting films for approval, and for the replies thereto. Diagrams of the application form and of the certificates of approval or disapproval of the films are given."

(ATIS Bulletin No. 1757, page 7)

(g) List of miscellaneous reels of captured Japanese films, all undated, captured LEYTE:

"Two reels of KODOMOGRAPH (newsreel for children) produced by ASAHI News.

Three reels of Children's Newsreels.
Che reel entitled 'TOKYO OZUMO,' a filming of the SUMO wrestling contests.
"One reel entitled 'Young Students Walking

'Six reels of film entitled 'The White Heron,' depicting a love drama of the late MEIJI Era.

Two reels of films entitled 'Married Life' and 'Light and Shade' respectively, being modern type domestic dramas.

A travelogue entitled 'HAKONE and FUJI'. depicting a tour of the mountain districts.

Four reels of film entitled 'Parent and Child Whale.'

One reel of film entitled 'Life of a Snake.' One reel of unnamed war drama depicting advance of infantry in MALAYAN Campaign." (ATIS Bulletin No. 1669, Document No. 16806, page 6)

(h) "Security. We don't take booking. Prisoner of War recently captured in a PACIFIC Area told interrogators that he had been within the Allied perimeter several days previously. Questioned further, he said he had attended a cinema performance. The film, he contended, starred 'JINGA ROGARASU' He was able to give sufficient details of the trials and difficulties of the beautiful Ginger on the previous Tuesday evening, that left no room for doubt that he had, in fact, seen the film."

Australian Military Forces Weekly Intelligence

Review, No. 109, page 14)

8. GEISHA AND ENTERTAINMENT TROUPES

a. Homeland

(1) Extracts from diary dated March to May

1942, owner and unit unknown:

'29 March. The Young Girls' Club in UTAGU-ARA came to entertain us. They brought us rice, cake, oranges, SUSHI and Sake. We deeply appreciated their kindness.

"5 April. Approximately 100 people came from SHIKA CHO to entertain us. 16 April, 36 people came to entertain us."

(ATIS Bulletin No. 245, page 2)

(2) Prisoner of War NAGAMA, Mitsuto, Second Class Petty Officer, captured NEW GEORGIA, 8

July 1943, stated:
"While at KISARAZU and various other airfields he saw a traveling unit, something similar to our United Service Organization shows. He stated the performers were all professionals and the girls were pretty. These units gave away cigarettes, writing paper and candy. He stated he has not seen Geisha girls travelling and entertaining soldiers. He also stated that these units did not go out of the country as he has never seen anything like these units in RABAUL or heard of them being in foreign countries. SOPAC Interrogation Report, Serial No. 02004, page 8)

b. PALAU

Prisoner of War OHARA, Shosoku (JA 145346), Civilian Labor Oversea, member of Provisional Road Construction Unit, captured GIRUWA, stated:

"As there were no amusement facilities in PELIELU, with exception of one or two beer halls, prisoner of war spent his holidays mostly at

KOROR where they had places of amusements, shops, cinemas, and brothels: He occasionally went to ARAKABESAN:"

(ATIS Interrogation Report, Serial No. 101, page 8)

c. South West PACIFIC Area

(1) Prisoner of War YOSHIDA, Kazuo, Lance Corporal, member of 6 Field Artillery Regiment, captured TOROKINA Area, 23 March 1944, stated:

captured TOROKINA Area, 23 March 1944, stated:

"During the summer of 1943, several Japanese actresses arrived at RABAUL to entertain Japanese troops. Heard that same troupe came to entertain air corps personnel and some officers at ERVENTA. Names of actresses in troupe known to prisoner of war: TAKAMINE, Miyeko; YANAKI, Sakko. After staying two to three days at ERVENTA, they returned to JAPAN because of American bombing."

(SOPAC Interrogation Report, Serial No. 01459,

page 36)

(2) Prisoner of War KISHIMOTO, Hachiro, Superior Private, member of 23 Infantry Regiment, captured BOUGAINVILLE, 6 April 1944,

stated:

"In CHINA, the so-called Entertainment War Relief Groups (probably similar to American United Service Organization) organized by politicians, veterans of war, and other associations, were sent to various combat units. They usually brought Geisha girls with them and held stage shows. Famous actors, actresses, singers, and comedians visited soldiers to entertain but they had not come as far as BOUGAINVILLE." (SOPAC Interrogation Report, Serial No. 01122, page 3)

9. BROTHELS

a. Regulations

(1) MANILA

(a) Bound printed booklet (1) entitled "Rules for Authorized Restaurants and Houses of Prostitution in MANILA", issued February 1943 by Lieutenant Colonel ONISHI, MANILA District Line of Communication Squad.

Part One-General Regulations

"1. In these regulations, authorized restaurants will be taken to mean those places designated by the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties, with the sanction of the army commanding general, as eating places for soldiers and army civilian employees. Houses of relaxation should be taken to mean those places designated by the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties, with the sanction of the army commanding general, which maintain hostesses (geisha or waitresses) for the entertainment of soldiers and army civilian employees.

"2. Managers may close down or suspend the operation of their establishments only with the permission of the officer in charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties.

"3. If and when the various managers meet with difficulties, the officer in charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties may either close the business or temporarily suspend it. In such cases, the managers will present a statement for recompense for any losses or for

any other inconvenience.

"4. Authorized restaurants and houses of relaxation will be used only by soldiers and army civilian employees.

Part Two-Business Operation

"5. Persons planning to operate authorized restaurants or houses of relaxation must submit the following documents to the officer in charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties. Managers must be Japanese who have had some business experience.

"a. Application for permission to open business: three copies (Appendix A, Form No. 1).

"b. Statement of business plans: three copies (Appendix A, Form No. 2).

"c. Affidavit: three copies (Appendix A, Form No. 3).

"d. Personal history: three copies.

"6. Persons receiving permission to open business will thereupon determine the number of personnel needed, and will submit three copies of their business personnel list (Appendix A, Form No. 4), one copy of the personal histories of employees, and three copies of requests for authorization of the hostesses (geisha and waitresses) (Appendix A, Form No. 5). When preparations are complete, the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties will be informed, and business may commence after the inspection of the establishment and the physical examination of the employees.

"7. Managers intending to change the personnel of their establishments must secure the permission of the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties. Hostesses (geisha and waitresses) wishing to leave the establishments must submit a request therefore (Appendix A, Form No. 6). When the hostesses (geisha and waitresses) and other employees are to be replaced, a request for permission to do so must be submitted (Appendix A, Form No. 7).

"8. Managers intending to increase the number of hostesses (geisha and waitresses), maids and others will so inform the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties. The date and time for the physical examinations by the medical authorities will be announced for each occasion. On completion of the physical examinations, the examination charts together with copies of personal histories or identification papers will be submitted to the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties. Permission is necessary before anyone joins the establishment.

"9. The location of and the buildings used as authorized restaurants and houses of relaxation must have the approval of the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties. In the future, managers who cannot maintain discipline may be removed. The Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties will be informed of any repairs contemplated for army-controlled houses.

(10) Hostesses (geisha, waitresses, maids) may, as a general rule, be re-hired at the expiration of their term of contract. (This does not apply to persons who have not been overseas at least a year). Those wishing to continue their employment will so notify the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties for his approval. When the medical authorities consider it suitable to discontinue the services

The translation of a police report listing medical inspection of brothels consisting of a group of loose sheets which accompanied this document, although not actually part of the original, is relevant to the contents and has been reproduced as Appendix B.

of anyone for reasons of health, they will so inform the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties. The latter will facilitate the return home of such persons.

- "11. Managers of houses of relaxation will make arrangements for the following:
 - "a. Bedding in all bedrooms.
- "b. Cuspidors in all bedrooms and waiting-rooms.
- "c. Sterilizers and medicines in lavatories and other designated places.

 "d. Pagulations and price charts in the
- "d. Regulations and price charts in the waiting-rooms.
- "e. Hostesses' (geisha and waitresses) namecertificates in waiting rooms and individual rooms. (Those of diseased hostesses will be marked in red.) Apart from the above, the establishment of entertainment and rest facilities for guests and the inauguration of other means of relaxation will be encouraged.

Part Three-Management

- "12. Managers will refuse admission to all persons who are not soldiers or army civilian employees. Authorized restaurants and houses of relaxation will have separate facilities for officers and high ranking officers, privates, junior and other civilian officials and others. However, the facilities for noncommissioned officers, privates, junior and other civilian officials (except for special individuals) will be taken over by officers and high ranking civilian officials after 2100 hours.
- "13. Managers will present guests of the houses of relaxation with a 'relaxation-ticket' in exchange for an army ticket, and will record all receipts of these 'relaxation-tickets' by the hostesses.
- "14. Hours of operation for authorized restaurants and houses of relaxation are as follows:
 - "a. Restaurants.
- "Noncommissioned officers, privates, junior and other civilian officials—from 1000 hours to 2200 hours,
- "Officers and high ranking civilian officials—from 1000 hours to (Not clear: either 2200 or 2400 hours).
 - "b. Houses of relaxation. up to 2400 hours.
- "15. Prices at authorized restaurants and houses of relaxation will be determined by the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties with the approval of the army. Prices are shown on Appendix A, Form No. 8, Managers and employees will demand no other prices than these.
- (16) Half of the income of the hostesses will be allotted to the managers,
- "17. Managers of houses of relaxation will be responsible for all income in accordance with the daily total earning, chart (Appendix A, Form No. 9), and will record the apportionment of all earnings.

Managers of authorized restaurants and houses of relaxation will make the following reports: authorized restaurants—daily report (Appendix A, Form No. 10); houses of relaxation—daily report (Appendix A, Form No. 11).

"18, On the last day of each month, managers will submit a report on business conditions to the Officer in charge of Manila Sector Line of Communications Duties. The form of this report

is shown on on Appendix A, Forms No. 12 and 13.

- "19. Expenses of food, light, firewood, charcoal and bedding for the hostesses (geisha and waitresses) are the responsibility of the managers. The hostesses will take care of their own expenses for clothing, hairdressing, cosmetics and the like. However, medical expenses for illnesses arising from overwork will be met seventy percent by the managers and thirty percent by the hostesses. The diagnosis of an army physician will be the basis for determining whether any particular illness is due to overwork.
- "20. The names and assigned units of revellers guilty of misconduct will be reported by the managers to the MANILA Sector Line of Communications Office.
- "21. As far as possible, managers will encourage the hostesses (geisha and waitresses) to save money. The amount should be limited to 30 yen per month. This amount should not be increased except for persons who can present special reason.
- "a. The object of such special reasons must be presented beforehand to the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties for his approval.
- "b. These reasons will be recorded under 'Notes' in the monthly report.
- "c. A statement on income and other written evidence of the reasons for any such increases will be prepared by the managers and submitted to the MANILA Sector Line of Communications with the monthly report for safekeeping.
- "d. The savings of those who do not draw their pay in advance will be recorded on the monthly report.
- "e. Persons contracting considerable medical expense through hospitalization will report the type of their illness, the number of days under treatment and the expenses incident thereto, together with a statement of their income.
- "f. The diagnosis of an army physician will be the basis for determining whether any particular illness is due to overwork.
- "22. One holiday a month may be given to employees. This will be reported in all cases to the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties.

Part Four-Hygiene

- "23. Hostesses will ordinarily be examined by an army physician once a week at a designated place. Hostesses who are not geisha will be examined twice a month. Other employees will be given a physical examination once a month. Expenses incident to these examinations will be taken care of by the managers. It may also be necessary at times to examine such other employees as maids.
- "24. The army physicians will make the necessary reports on health after each examination (Appendix A, Form No. 14), and affix their seals thereto.
- "25. Persons failing the physical examinations or receiving unfavorable diagnosis will be forbidden to entertain guests while under treatment.
- "26' Apart from the usual examinations and diagnoses for venereal disease (syphilfs, gonorrhea, soft chancre, quartan syphilis), bacteria

examinations may also be carried out. Simultaneously, a complete physical examination, especially for tuberculosis, contagious diseases (trachoma), contagious skin diseases and the like, may be given.

"27. Managers of houses of relaxation will provide preventives for venereal disease, and have the hostesses (geisha and waitresses) and the guests make use of them.

"28. Managers of houses of relaxation will be responsible for providing the following measures

of venereal disease prevention:

"a. Disinfectant (2000 strength potassium permanganate solution or 0.500 cresol soap solution) will be put in containers and left in the lavatories and other specified places.

"b. The houses will be kept particularly clean within and without, and commodities will be provided.

"c. The hostesses will wash and disinfect the necessary portions of the houses weekly.

"d. Association with the hostesses will be forbidden to those who refuse to use condoms.

"e. Hostesses are forbidden to have intercourse during menstrual periods.

"f. Baths will be taken daily.

"g. Vaseline will be provided in the hostesses' rooms.

"h. Only clean bedding will be used, and it will be aired frequently. Extra bedding will be provided. White spreads and pillow covers will be used, and will be kept clean. Any other hygienic measure is also recommended.

"i. Particular attention will be paid to light

and fresh air in the rooms.

Part Five-Discipline

- "29. For the purpose of maintaining good order, the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties will have officers (army physicians) carry out inspections of the establishments from time to time. When necessary, the assistance of the military police will be enlisted.
- "30. Hostesses (prostitutes and waitresses) may not leave the designated areas without permission from the line of communications officer. They are also forbidden to have intercourse beyond the pr mise of the houses of relaxation. They must have the permission of the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties to attend dinnerparties for soldiers or army civilian employees.

"31. Managers of houses of relaxation will not supply food or liquor to guests except for specially designated individuals.

"32. Persons about to use the facilities of the houses of relaxation will not be allowed to bring in any liquor.

"33. No selling of food or drink will be permitted within the houses of relaxation, except in specially designated cases.

"34. Entrance to or permission to use the facilities of the houses of relaxation may be refused the following persons:

a. Intoxicated persons.

b. Persons carrying liquor.c. Other persons who may exert bad influence.

"35. Persons frequenting the restaurants must observe the following regulations:

"a. Only two beers (four glasses) per person will be allowed.

"b. Effective measures will be used to preserve the peace, and no actions unbecoming a soldier will be countenanced,

"c. All furnishings will be handled with care.
"d. There will be no discussion of military matters.

"e. Bills will be paid with army tickets.

"36. Persons frequenting the houses of relaxation must observe the following regulations:

"a. Payment will be made in advance with army tickets.

"b. Boisterous or loud singing or any such other action unbecoming a soldier or an army civilian employee is forbidden.

"c. Condoms or other preventives must be used for intercourse. To prevent disease, further care most be taken to insure proper laundering.

"d. The hostesses will not be kissed.
"e. Military security measures must be observed.

"37. Infraction of these rules will entail withdrawal of permission to continue business.

Part Six—Regulations for Special Clubs

- "1. These regulations refer to special clubs within the MANILA Sector.
- "2. Special clubs will be taken to mean food-stores, restaurants and houses of relaxation established to serve officers and high-ranking civilian officials, under the supervision of the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties with the approval of army headquarters.

"3. Special clubs are divided into three categories:

gories:
 "a. Those that provide both restaurant and room facilities.

"b. Those that provide restaurant and 'relaxation' facilities.

"c. Those that provide only restaurant facilities.

"4. Only officers and high-ranking civilian officials (and those regarded as high-ranking civilian officials) may use the facilities of these special clubs. Clubs in (a) category above are for the use of naval officers of field grade and up, and clubs of (c) category above are for the use of naval officers and high-ranking civilian officials of the navy.

"5. Special clubs will not serve persons other than those mentioned above.

"6. Person intending to use these special clubs must therefore be prepared to identify themselves as officers or high-ranking civilian officials or the equivalent of the latter.

"7. Managers will refuse the facilities of the clubs to those not prepared to so identify themselves.

"8. In order to preclude the use of the clubs by the local population, the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties may have his designated officers enlist the assistance of military police for purposes of identifying customers. Prospective customers will be prepared to identify themselves on demand.

"9. Person wishing to hold dinner-parties at the special clubs will announce in advance the names of the representatives of the forces to which they are assigned, and prepare a statement as to the date and time contemplated.

"10. In cases in which the dinner-party fails

to get under way within one hour after the designated time, the manager, even though the time is already allotted, may cancel the agreement and allot the time to any new takers.

- The Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties, will, as a general rule, not permit the employment of minors as geisha or waitresses. In certain circumstances however, minors may be employed as maids. The permission of the Officer in Charge of MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties is required for any employment of minors as geisha, waitresses or maids.
- "12, When managers request permission to employ minors, the matter will be handled in conjunction with the duty officers of the MANILA Sector line of communications.
- "13. Hours of business will be up to 2400 hours (up to 2300 hours for restaurants).
- "14. Price lists for special clubs are given in separate sheet one.
- "15. All other regulations will be identical with those for authorized restaurants and houses of relaxation.
- (ATIS Document No. 17910, not previously translated)
- (b) Extract from bound mimeographed and handwritten file of drafts of orders and bulletins belonging to MANILA Army Air Depot, dated 14 August 1944, to 14 October 1944, classified.

"Secret".
"The use of the Air House (KOKUSO) will be permitted, subject to the following rules:

- 1. Patrons must procure health certificate and sanitary sack from the dispensary.
 - "2. Prices will be as follows: Time card, 40 minutes) Enlisted men - 1.50 yen Noncommissioned officers - 2.50 yen Civilian employees - 4.00 yen
 - " 3. Days and hours
 - a. Days

Wednesdays

Noncommissioned officers and above, attached to headquarters. Half of 1, 2, 3 and 4 Administrative Duty Squads.

Sundays

Noncommissioned officers and

above, attached to working units. Kitchen personnel. Half of 5, 6, 7 and 8 Administrative Duty Squads.

b. Hours Enlisted Men From 1200 hours 1700 hours

> Noncommissioned officers From 1200 hours

1900 hours To

- "4. The following rules will be strictly observed:
- a. The dignity of the military forces must be upheld. The security of military secrets must be borne in mind.
- b. There must be no acts of violence or drunkenness, nor any unreasonable demands made of the house employees.
- c. There must be no eating or drinking within the house.
- d. Necessary antiseptic measures with the prescribed solution must be taken.
- "5. Anyone violating the above rules will thereafter be denied entrance to the house." (ATIS Bulletin No. 1863, Page 8)
- (2) South Sector Area. Regulations governing the use of the Special South Sector Brothel and regulations governing the operation thereof, issued by South Sector Guard Headquarters (probably in SHANGHAI Area).
- (a) Regulations governing the use of the Special Brothel in the South Sector Billet.
- "1. These regulations provide for the use of the brothel opened in the South Sector Billet.
- "2. Those, other than military personnel, civilian employees, and persons with special permission, those who commit violence through intoxication, those who annoy others and are dangerous, are strictly forbidden to use this brothel.
- "3. It is forbidden to hold banquets in the brothel, or to carry liquor or food thereto.
- "4. Inspection of the brothel is prohibited to anyone except officers authorized by the billet commander.
- "5. Rates are fixed as per the following chart (Figure 4).

Classification	Time		* Rate		
		Japanese	Koreans	Chinese	Summary
	1 hour	3.00	3.00	2.50	
Officers and warrant	Overnight stavs				1. Overnight stay will be from 2200 until
officers	From 2400	10.00	10.00	7.00	0600 of the following
	From 2200	15.00	15.00	10.00	morning.
Noncommissioned	1 hour	2.50	2.50	2.00	Persons staying longer than one hour
officers	30 minutes	1.50	1.50	1.00	will pay double for each hour.
	1 hour	2.00	2.00	1.50	
Privates	30 minutes	1.50	1.50	1.00	

Figure 4. Established Rates of South Sector Billet Brothel

Note: 1. Civilian employees will pay the fixed rates in accordance with their position.

2. Customers are not to pay more than the above fees to the brothel operators or to prostitutes.

BROTHELS

"6. Business hours are fixed as follows: Privates-from 1000 to 1600 Noncommissioned officers—from 1610 to 1840

"However, for noncommissioned officers living outside of the camp, it will be opened until 2030.
"However, civilian employees will follow the above schedule depending upon their position.

"7. Daily schedule of use for each force is as follows:

Sunday: Regimental Headquarters, forces under direct control of regiment

Monday: 1 Battalion, 4 Field Hospital
Tuesday: 2 Battalion and other forces

Wednesday: Regimental Headquarters, forces under direct control of regiment, 3 Battalion

Thursday: 1 Battalion (however, during the morning, it will be after the

medical examination)
Friday: 2 Battalion, 4 Field Hospital

Saturday: 3 Battalion

"However, on holidays, this schedule will not be completely followed.

"8. All noncommissioned officers and privates will not generally be permitted to stay overnight.

"9. The first Thursday of each month will officially be made the day of rest for the prostitutes.

"10. The senior medical officer of regimental headquarters will conduct a venereal examination of the prostitutes and a physical inspection according to paragraph 3, on Thursday morning of each week.

of each week.

"The senior medical officer may, depending upon the situation, designate a battalion medical officer to conduct the medical examination.

"11. The examining officer will hold a venereal examination in accordance with the regulations governing the venereal examination of special brothels (6 Division Medical Officer Instructions B #105, and special regulations, from paragraphs 13 to 16, governing the control of the special brothel to visiting units). He will install medical facilities in accordance with paragraphs 13 and 18 of regulations governing the control of the brothel to visiting units, and will supervise and control the same.

"12. The inspecting officer will report the results of the venereal examination each time to the billet commander. Report form as per

Chart No. 2 (see Figure 6).

"13. The prostitute will possess licenses made as follows:

BUSINESS LICENSE

-Brothel

Entertainer's name

This is to certify that the above person is permitted to conduct

SOUTH SECTOR BILLET COMMANDER

"14. Unlicensed prostitutes will be strictly prohibited from plying their trade.

"15. Prophylaxis and condoms will always be used in the brothel. If anyone is discovered not using them, the patron, naturally, the operator and the prostitute concerned will be severely punished.

(b) Regulations Governing the Operation of the Special South Sector Billet Brothel.

"1. The operator will strictly observe the regulations governing the control of the Special Brothel for visiting units, and the regulations governing the use of the Special South Sector Billet Brothel. Moreover, these regulations governing the operation will be strictly observed.

"2. If a person working in the brothel conducts herself improperly or acts in a manner contrary to regulations, she will be suspended or dismissed from her business.

"3. In accordance with the regulations governing the use of the brothel, the prostitutes will be examined for venereal diseases every Thursday morning, and also the operator and his family will be given a physical examination twice a month (first and third Thursdays).

"4. Prostitutes found unfit by the medical officer will post a placard written 'Unfit' at the entrance to their rooms; they will rest and recuperate, and will be prohibited from making contacts until permission is granted.

"5. The operator will provide the following articles:

Condoms, vaseline, bedding — each sleeping room Cuspidors

each sleeping room and ante-chamber
 Washing utensils and medicines

- latrine and designated places

Rate chart

- ante-chamber

Name cards of prostitutes

- ante-chamber

"6. The sale of food, refreshments, and other articles by the prostitutes to patrons is strictly prohibited.

"7. The operator and prostitutes will strictly

observe the following items:

"a. The disinfectant will be either a potassium permanganate solution having a strength of over 2000 or a 0.5 per cent cresol soap solution, which will be put in water cans or vessels and placed in latrines and designated places.

"b. The interior and exterior of the brothel especially will be kept clean and articles will be

properly arranged.

"c. Prostitutes will wash their private parts each time.

"d. Anyone not using a condom will not be permitted contact.

"e. Patrons will not be admitted during menstrual periods.

"f. A bath will be taken every day without fail.

"g. Clean bedding will be used; moreover, sunlight will always be used to disinfect them; clean white cloth spreads and pillow covers will be used, and care will be taken in other sanitary measures.

"8. The prostitutes and the operator will

BROTHELS

Business hours are fixed as follows: Privates-from 1000 to 1600

Noncommissioned officers-from 1610 to 1840

"However,' for noncommissioned officers living outside of the camp, It will be opened until 2030. 'However, civilian employees will follow the

above schedule depending upon their position. "7. Daily schedule of use for each force is

as follows: Sunday: Regimental Headquarters, forces under direct control of regiment

1 Battalion, 4 Field Hospital Monday: 2 Battalion and other forces

Tuesday: Wednesday: Regimental Headquarters, forces under direct control of regiment, 3 Battalion

1 Battalion (however, during the Thursday:

morning, it will be after the medical examination)

2 Battalion, 4 Field Hospital Friday:

3 Battalion Saturday:

"However, on holidays, this schedule will not be completely followed.

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"9. The first Thursday of each month will officially be made the day of rest for the prostitutes.

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of each week.
"The senior medical officer may, depending upon the situation, designate a battalion medical officer to conduct the medical examination.

"11. The examining officer will hold a venereal examination in accordance with the regulations governing the venereal examination of special brothels (6 Division Medical Officer special brothels Instructions B #105, and special regulations, from paragraphs 13 to 16, governing the control of the special brothel to visiting units). He will install medical facilities in accordance with paragraphs 13 and 18 of regulations governing the control of the brothel to visiting units, and will supervise and control the same.

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"1. The operator will strictly observe the regulations governing the control of the Special Brothel for visiting units, and the regulations governing the use of the Special South Sector Billet Brothel. Moreover, these regulations governing the operation will be strictly observed.

"2. If a person working in the brothel conducts herself improperly or acts in a manner contrary to regulations, she will be suspended or dismissed from her business.

"3. In accordance with the regulations governing the use of the brothel, the prostitutes will be examined for venereal diseases every Thursday morning, and also the operator and his family will be given a physical examination twice a month (first and third Thursdays).

"4. Prostitutes found unfit by the medical officer will post a placard written 'Unfit' at the entrance to their rooms; they will rest and recuperate, and will be prohibited from making contacts until permission is granted.

"5. The operator will provide the following articles :

Condoms, vaseline, bedding each sleeping room

Cuspidors

each sleeping room and ante-chamber Washing utensils and medicines

-latrine and designated places

Rate chart

- ante-chamber

Name cards of prostitutes

- ante-chamber

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"7. The operator and prostitutes will strictly

observe the following items:

"a. The disinfectant will be either a potassium permanganate solution having a strength of over 2000 or a 0.5 per cent cresol soap solution, which will be put in water cans or vessels and placed in latrines and designated places.

b. The interior and exterior of the brothel especially will be kept clean and articles will be

properly arranged.

"c. Prostitutes will wash their private parts each time.

"d. Anyone not using a condom will not be permitted contact.

"e. Patrons will not be admitted during menstrual periods.

"f. A bath will be taken every day without fail.

Clean bedding will be used; moreover, sunlight will always be used to disinfect them; clean white cloth spreads and pillow covers will be used, and care will be taken in other sanitary measures.

"8. The prostitutes and the operator will

AMENITIES IN THE JAPANESE ARMED FORCES

share equally the proceeds of the work done by the prostitutes.

- "9. The prostitutes' board, light, fuel and bedding will be paid by the operator; but their clothes, hairdressing, cosmetics and other miscellaneous expenses will be paid by the prostitutes themselves. However, expenses for medical treatment for diseases acquired in the course of the work will be shared equally by the prostitutes and the operator.
- "10. In accordance with the form in the annexed chart, the operator will make out a
- work statement (two copies) as per Chart No. 1 (See Figure 5) for each individual, and submit it to the billet commander every Saturday.
- "11. When conducting business, the operator will present the following papers:
- "a. Request for permission, Form in Chart No. 3 (See Figure 7).
- "b. Contract Form in Chart No.4(See Figure 8).

 "c. List of names of employees, Form in Chart No. 5 (See Figure 9)."
- (SOPAC Translation, Serial No. 0129, Item No. 1033, pages 1-7)

	rom o	Monti		BROTH	EL BUSII	NESS CON	DITION	REPORT	r Ov	ome of livner (Sea ostitute's ame (Seal	1)
Cla	ssi- ation	Pri	vate	Noncomm Offic			lian loyee	Offic	cers	тот	AL
Мо	Day	Person	Price	Person	Price	Person	Price	Person	Price	Person	Price
			•								
							,				
	Aı	mount Sh	ared	Operator	Y S E E N N	Seal	P	rostitute	Y S E E N N	Seal	

Figure 5. Chart No. 1, Work Statement.

- (3) TACLOBAN. Portion of a bound mimeograph file, the section being entitled "TACLOBAN Brothel Regulations," undated, issued by MATSUNAGA Force, owner and unit not stated:
- " 1. These regulations set down the provisions for the operation of brothels in TACLOBAN.
- "2. Places called 'brothels' in these regulations are special brothels operated with Filipino women (licensed prostitutes).
- "3. The commanding officer and the adjutant of the garrison unit will have control over the supervision and direction of the brothels, and they will have Japanese associations operate them.
- "4. The force medical officer will be responsible for the supervision and direction in matters of hygiene. The women will be examined every fifth morning.
- "5. Only military personnel and army civilian
- employees may make use of these brothels.

 "6. Those who operate the brothels must
- observe strictly the following provisions:

 "a. Cleanliness and neatness of bedding, as well as its disinfection by sunlight.
- "b. Perfection of facilities for prophylaxis by washing.

- "c. Prohibition of added operation of food and drink shops,
- "d. Prevention of indulgence by those not using a condom.
- "e. Prohibition of activity by diseased women.
- "f. Prevention of activity other than as regulated.
- "g. Reporting by those operating the brothels to the adjutant on daily business conditions.
- "7. Those who intend to make use of the brothels must observe strictly the following provisions:
- "a. Dress shall be the liberty uniform.
- "b. Those who are under the influence of liquor and those who are disorderly are prohibited from entering the brothels.
- "c. Carrying of food or drink is prohibited.
- "d. There will not be any acts of violence or coercion either against the women in the brothels or against the operators of the brothels.
- "e. Payment will be made in war notes in advance.
- "f. They will make assurance doubly sure in the prevention of venereal disease by making certain that they wash, in addition to using a condom.

BROTHELS

EXAMINATION REC	GISTER House Name			
Date of Examination	Month Day	From To	Hour Hour	Minute Minute
Person Examined				
Decision	Passed Name Diseased	1	Nan	ne
Name of Diseased Person	Name of Remarks:			
YOSHIKO (Name, used as example)	Stage Syphilis			
YASUKO (Name used as example)	Tracheal gonorrhea (頸 管 淋)			
Other matter for reference				
Examining Medical Officer	Army Medical Officer		Rank xxxxxx	xxxxx Seal

Figure 6-CHART NO. 2, MEDICAL INSPECTION REPORT FORM.

	Permanent Residence	pecial Brothel Operator's Lice		
	Present Residence			
	Na	me of house		
	Nar	me		
			Date of birth	
I h	ereby make an application e a brothel in your secto	on, with the contract attache or as follows:	d herewith, to procure a licens	se to
1.	Place of business.			
	Onceles data of here			
2.	Opening date of business			
	List of prostitutes.	•		
3.		.		
3.	List of prostitutes.	Month .	Dav	
3.	List of prostitutes. Capital.		Day	

Figure 7-CHART NO. 3, APPLICATION FORM.

CONTRACT

On this date, I shall agree, upon receiving a license to operate the Army's Special Brothel, to observe strictly the prescribed regulations and the instructions to refrain from causing any inconveniences, and to comply to an order for suspending or discontinuing this business when called upon to do so for the convenience of the Army.

Year Month Day

Name Seal

To: South Sector Billet Commander.

Figure 8-CHART NO. 4, CONTRACT FORM.

Name	BUKUTO KUN	KYO TANSHU (Unclear)	RIKORAN	RI YOSHI YAMAGAWA
Date of Birth (Age)	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		Sept 30, 1926 (19 years old)	Jan 8, 1905
Former Occupation	Prostitute Cook Female Cotton Mill Operator		Restaurant	
Former Residence	KITA SHISEN St BUKO	CHUNGSHAN St- HANKOW	NANKING St SHANGHAI	CHOSEI St (Phonetic) HANGSHOW
Permanent Residence			(Phonetic) SOOCHOW	AKUMI-GUN YAMAGATA KEN
Occupation	Common Law Wife	Clerk	Licensed Prostitute	Operator
Stage Name			TATSUKO	

Figure 9-CHART NO. 5, LIST OF EMPLOYEES.

- "3. The times and day when noncommissioned officers and enlisted men may go to brothels, as well as times when brothels will be open and prices to be charged is shown on a separate page.
- "9. This plan will go into operation on 20 June 1942.
- "10. These regulations are effective simultaneously with the beginning of the plan's operation.

"Brothels in areas outside TACLOBAN will conform to these regulations.

"Hours during which noncommissioned officers may go to brothels: 1300 to 2400; hours for enlisted men, 1300 to 1800.

Monday - Enlisted men

Tuesday - Noncommissioned officers

Wednesday — Folisted men

Thursday — Noncommissioned officers

Friday - Enlisted men

Saturday - Noncommissioned officers

 Enlisted men and noncommissioned officers; until 1700 for enlisted men; 1700 to 2000 for noncommissioned officers.

" Charges:

Sunday

For enlisted men — 1 yen, 50 sen,

For noncomissioned officers - 2 yen.

For officers -3 yea. (One hour shall be the standard time.)

"Notes:

"1. Noncommissioned officers and enlisted men going to brothels shall have leave passes (special),

"2. Use of brothels by Army civilian employees shall be during other hours, and fees shall be those for noncommissioned officers."
(ATIS Document No. 214101, pages 98, 99)

(4) BURAUEN. Portion of a bound handwritten and mimeographed file, the extract being entitled "Brothel Regulations", dated August 1944, issued by BURAUEN Sector Brothel, reproduced by 114 Airfield Battalion:

"1. This brothel is opening in BURAUEN Town, under the supervision of the TACLOBAN Sector Air Sector Commanding Officer.

"2. Use of the brothel is limited to military personnel or Army civilian employees of air and related forces who have both medical certificates issued by the various forces and contraceptives. However, requests for the use of the brothel by ground troops of this sector can be granted

after consultation by the committee upon receipt of an authorization from the sector commanding officer.

"3. The following officers will be placed in charge of the brothel and 98 Airfield Battalion will be responsible for its operation:

Supervision — TACLOBAN Air Sector Commanding Officer

Committee Chairman — ARAKI, Takashi 98
Airfield Battalion
Commanding Officer.

Committee Members — ISHIKAWA, Katsumi, Sector Paymaster.

Captain YUKI, Yasuyuki, Sector Medical Officer, SAWAI, 98 Airfield Battalion Adjutant.

Second Lieutenant SAKAI, Noboru, 98 Airfield Battalion.

Second Lieutenant (Medical)SODA, Shoji, 94 Airfield Battalion. Second Lieutenant (Paymaster)KIKUCHI, Dan, 98 Airfield Bat-

talion.

"4. Those making use of the brothel will use the brothel cards prepared beforehand by the committee and will pay the following fees:

"a Time cards (40 minutes)

Enlisted men -1 yen 50 sen Noncommissioned officers -2 yen 50 sen

Army Civilian Employees — 4 yen
Officers — 5 yen

"b Overnight card (after 2300 constitutes a night's lodging).

"5. Days designated for the various units are as follows:

Monday — Navigation Air Force, 98 Airfield Battalion.

Tuesday — Air Signals Unit, 114 Airfield -Battalion.

Wednesday - KAZE Force.

Thursday — Airfield Survey and Construction
Unit Sector Headquarters

Unit Sector Headquarters.
Friday — 114 Airfield Battalion.
Saturday — 98 Airfield Battalion.
Sunday — KAZE Force.

However, officers may make use of the brothel after 1930 daily.

"6. Division of time on the days assigned to the various units is as follows:

Enlisted men — from 1200 to 1700 Noncommissioned officers — from 1200 to 1900 Officers — after 1930

"7. Those making use of the brothel must observe strictly the following provisions.

"a. Maintaining their generosity as military men and heeding the preservation of military secrets,

"b They must not make demands of those working in the brothel other than as regulated, and they must not be drunk or disorderly.

"c. Eating and drinking at the brothel is prohibited.

"d. After a visit to the brothel, they will disinfect themselves, in accordance with regulations, by means of the prescribed antiseptic solution.

"8. Access to the brothel will be denied in the future to those violating any of the foregoing provisions."

(ATTS Document No. 16683, page 53)

(5) RABAUL. Extract from file of miscellaneous items containing instructions regards to Navy brothel at RABAUL, undated, owner 15 Antiaircraft Defense Unit. "Precautionary items pertaining to the Navy brothel at RABAUL.

ing to the Navy brothel at RABAUL.

"1. The Navy brothels (special warehouses) are as follows: refer to a separate diagram.

"a. HIGASHI RASHUNSO (above Navy warrant officers), TAKEISHI-Unit (Navy petty officers), KITA RASHUNSO (employees and laborers).

"b. No. 1 TOKOWASO (senior officials),
No. 2 TOKOWASO (officials of HANNIN
rank)
No. 3 TOKIWASO (workers and the

No. 3 TOKIWASO (workers and trans-

port gang)
"2. Trading hours.

TAKEISHI Unit and the No. 2 TOKIWASO from 0300 to 1800. However, only officials of HANNIN rank can remain until 0600 the following morning.

ing morning.)
"3. Rates (See Figure 10).

Classification		One girl (for 30 minutes)		(One girl) (for an hour)		Over night from 2200 to 0600	
		Japanese	Korean	Japanese	Korean	Japanese	Korean
TAKEISHI Unit No. 2	Noncommissioned officers and officials	2,50	2,00	4.00	3,50	10,00	10.00
TOKIWASO	Sailors	2,00	1.50	3,50	3,00		

Figure 10. Rates of Rabaul Brothel.

- "4. Drinking of liquor within the special warehouse is forbidden.
- "5. Those who seek pleasure will purchase tickets at the window and exchange them for 'B' tickets with the hostess.
- "6. Hostesses will refuse pleasure to those who do not use prophylactic rubbers.
- "7. Each man must carry his own prophylactic rubbers. (In case of shortages at the canteens, there are some at the brothel for sailors of the unit at ten sen per package.)
- "8. The uniform of petty officers and sailors, when entering and leaving the special warehouses, will be dress uniform.
- "9. Violations of any of the above regulations by the hostesses will result in the withdrawal of their right to practice."
 (ATIS Current Translation No. 100, page 78).

b. BURMA

(1) A prisoner of war, a civilian brothel-owner, captured with his wife and twenty army prostitutes near WAINGMAW on 10 August 1944, stated:

"Prisoner of war, his wife and sister-in-law had made some money as restaurant keepers in KEIJO, KOREA, but their trade declining, they looked for an opportunity to make more money and applied to Army Headquarters in KEIJO for permission to take 'comfort girls' from KOREA to BURMA. According to prisoner of war, the suggestion originated from Army Headquarters and was passed to a number of similar Japanese 'business men' in KOREA.

"Prisoner of war purchased 22 Korean girls, paying their families from 300 to 1000 yen according to the personality, looks and age of the girl. These 22 girls were of ages from 19 to 31. They became the sole property of prisoner of war and the Army made no profits from them. Headquarters, Korean Army gave him a letter addressed to all military headquarters of the Japanese Army, requesting them to furnish any assistance he might require, transport, rations, medical attention, etc.

"Leaving his sister-in-law to carry on the restaurant, prisoner of war and his wife, with their 22 girls, embarked at FUSAN on 10 July 1942 in a group of 703 girls, all Korean, and some 90 Japanese men and women, all of them of the same base sort as himself. They sailed on a 4000 ton passenger ship in a convoy of seven ships. Free passage tickets were provided by Army headquarters, but prisoner of war paid for all meals during the voyage. They called at FORMOSA, where 22 other girls bound for SINGAPORE were taken on board, and at SINGA-PORE they transferred to another ship, arriving at RANGOON on 20 August 1942.

"At RANGOON they were divided into groups of 20 to 30 girls in each and dispersed to various parts of BURMA, each group being attached to various regiments, units or formations, so that each had its own brothel (s).

"Prisoner of war's group was attached to 114 Infantry Regiment. They spent some months at GOUNGOO, MEIKTILA, and at MAYMYO, following their trade, and then arrived at

MYITKYINA (about January 1943). There were already two brothels established in MYITKYINA, so altogether there were three brothels with 63 girls in all: prisoner of war's house, known as KYOEI, with 22 Korean girls,; the KINSUI house, with 20 Korean girls; and the MOMOYA house with 21 Chinese girls, who had been purchased from CANTON on the same conditions as the Koreans. There were Japanese girls in houses in the rear areas, as for example at MAYMYO where they formed two of the eight houses there, but none in the forward areas.

"Every 'comfort girl' was employed on the following contract conditions. She received fifty percent of her own gross takings and was provided with free passage, free food and free medical treatment. The passage and medical treatment were provided by the Army authorities. the food was purchased by the brothel owner with the assistance of the Army supply depots. The owners made other profits by selling clothing, necessities and luxuries to the girls at exorbitant When a girl is able to repay the charges. sum of money paid to her family, plus interest, she should be provided with a free return passage to KOREA, and then considered free. But owing to war conditions, no one of prisoner of war's group had so far been allowed to leave; although in June 1943, 15 Army Headquarters had arranged to return home those girls who were free from debt, and one girl who fulfilled these conditions and wished to return was easily persuaded to remain.

"In prisoner of war's house the maximum gross takings of a girl were around 1500 yen per month, the minimum around 300 yen per month, or by rule of the house, the girl had to pay to the brothel owner a minimum of 150 yen

per month.

"The scale of charges and time-table was fixed by instructions from the regiment, the time-table being so contrived that officers, noncommissioned officers and men would not meet each other at the same time. The schedule was strictly adhered to; and noncommissioned officers and men were supposed to visit the brothel only once weekly, officers as often as they wished. Payment was made on a ticket system, the girl retaining the ticket, which was of cardboard about two inches square, bearing the name of the house, the regimental seal, and the price of the ticket, In prisoner of war's house the schedule was originally laid down as follows:

Soldiers 1000-1500 hours charge 1.50 yen

Noncommissioned officers

Officers 2100-2359 hours charge 3 yen Officers 2359 morning charge 20 yen But on orders of Colonel MARUYAMA, the charges were later reduced as follows, the time-

table remaining as before.

Soldiers 1.50 yen Noncommissioned officers 2 yen Officers 5 yen Officers midnight-morning 10 yen

"The house was controlled by 114 Infantry Regiment, Captain NAGASUE of regimental headquarters being the liaison officer in charge. Usually two men of regimental headquarters were detailed to the house for the purpose of identification of those frequenting the brothel, although men of other regiments were permitted to visit the brothel if they happened to be in a

party of 114 Infantry Regiment men. A military policeman was also on patrol duty at the house. The daily attendance at prisoner of war's house was 80 to 90 noncommissioned officers and men and 10 to 15 officers.

"In the brothels, liquors (local variety) were sold freely to the men, but the military police personnel took care that there was no excessive drunkenness or quarrels. If in spite of this control a man drank too much, the military policeman usually took him out of the house, Occasionally quarrels also broke out and were similarly suppressed.

"In MAYMYO similar regulations were in force, but owing to the large number of units stationed there, some of the houses had definite scheduled days for specific units. For example, a house of Japanese girls, the DAI ICHI FURUSA, had the following schedule:—

Sunday:— 18 Division Headquarters Staff Monday:— 18 Division Cavalry Regiment Tuesday:— 18 Engineer Regiment Wednesday:— Day-time medical inspection

Thursday:- then free. Evenings, officers only
18 Division Medical Unit
18 Maintenance Artillery Regiment

Saturday:— 18 Division Transport Regiment "Another brothel, the SUIKO EN, was reserved for officers only.

"There was a strict order for the use of contraceptives; so that according to prisoner of war, cases of venereal diseases were due only to the carelessness of the soldiers themselves. During the one and one-half years prisoner of war was running the house in MYITKYINA, there were only six cases of venereal disease, who were sent to the Medical Officer of 2 Field Hospital 18 Division for treatment. There were some cases of venereal disease among the soldiers of 114 Infantry Regiment, but prisoner of war never had any trouble with regimental headquarters on this score.

"During their visits to the brothels, troops rarely discussed military subjects, preferring to escape from their normal military surroundings. Prisoner of war said he never had a chance to overhear any interesting military secrets, and considered this was due to the presence of the military police, and that the men were afraid to talk freely, even if they had anything to say. The usual subjects of complaint among the men were criticisms of their officers, lack of supplies and homesickness.

"The girls had seen some Allied propaganda leaflets but had not read them, except that one girl remembered one about the hopeless situation in MYITKYINA which at the time she did not believe. They had not heard any Forward Broadcasts, but remembered the men openly

discussing a 'radio broadcast'.

"On 31 July, about midnight a party of 63 girls from the three brothels in MYITKYINA, and the brothel owners, etc., began their evacuation from MYITKYINA. The girls wore dark green Army clothing on top of their civilian clothes. They crossed the IRRAWADDY in ten small boats. The majority of the remaining troops had already departed from MYITKYINA, but the sick and wounded were left behind. The girls remarked on this point 'It was no use to get them across, because once across these soldiers couldn't walk. It was better to float them down the

river with the hope that they might get through.' They landed north of Waingmaw where they remained in the jungle until 4 August. The party then began to trek in the wake of the retreating troops. On 7 August, they became involved in a skirmish and in the

confusion the party split up.

"The 20 Chinese girls remained behind in the jungle, and gave themselves up to Chinese troops. One party of about 20 Korean girls followed on in the wake of the Japanese troops, and were seen by another prisoner of war on 19 August, a small disconsolate group still following on. Prisoner of war's party took sheiter in an abandoned native house where they remained for two days while prisoner of war tried to construct a raft; with them was a wounded Japanese soldier. On 10 August, the house was surrounded by a number of Kachins under the command of an English officer, and they were captured. Of the original party of 63 girls, four had died during the journey and two had been shot, mistaken for Japanese soldiers, (SEATIC Interrogation Bulletin No. 2, dated 30

November 1944, pages 10-13) (2) Extract from letter written by prisoner of war, a well-educated man of 23 years, nominally a sergeant wireless operator, who had spent the greater part of five years in service either in the cook-house or under training:

"Brothers-in-arms

"While the fighting was still going on at MYIT-KYINA, Colonel MARUYAMA was having a good time with the comfort girls in the shelter-trench almost every day. Later he arranged that the girls should cross the river ahead of the wound-ed soldiers. This is the truth." (Source available on request)

(3) Prisoner of War MITSUI, Junchoku, Superior Private, member of the 112 Infantry Regiment, captured LETWEDET, 10 February 1944. Although he vehemently maintains that he had never entered an IANSHO (House of Relaxation) he seems well-informed about their organization,

and gives the following information

"Each division had five or six IANSHO (House of Relaxation) attached. Korean women as well as Japanese women were to be found in them. The charges for an hour's entertainment were; officers 5 yen, noncommissioned officers 4 yen, and privates 3 yen. The use of preventives was compulsory and the women were medically examined periodically."

(Source available on request)

(4) Prisoner of War TOMITA, Tomoaki, First Class Private, member of 112 Infantry Regiment, captured SINZWEYA, 12 February 1944, stated:

On the subject of entertainment, there had been parties of entertainment (IMONDAN) but they did not proceed further forward than RAN-GOON. There were Korean and Japanese prostitutes in AKYAB, and some had been brought up to HPARABYIN and even ALECHANGYAW, but they had been strictly reserved for officers, a fact that had greatly angered the troops."

(Source available on request)

(5) Prisoner of War IMAMURA, Masayuki, Corporal, member of 55 Mountain Regiment, captured KWAON Ridge, 7 February 1944, stated:

Usually visited the brothel on Sundays which was his day off. Officers could visit brothels any time in the week, but usually there were separate institutions for them, and in these he believed there occasionally were Japanese girls. The staff of the soldiers' brothel was normally of Korean women.

"No food or drink was served in the regulated brothels and each man received a preventive when he bought his ticket which cost 2 yen per In addition, troop headquarters issued preventatives on application.

"The women were medically examined once weekly but men could also obtain ointment (similar to that in American ET tubes) on application to troop headquarters."

(Source available on request)

SUMATRA

Prisoner of War ISHIGURO, Kiyoichi (JA 145044), First Class Private, member of 228 Infantry Regiment, captured near PAPAKI Bridge,

11 November 1942, stated: "There was an official ARMY BROTHEL IN BELAWAN in which two native women from NARUMONDA and six Chinese women served. Great precautions were taken against venereal disease.

(ATIS Interrogation Report, Serial No. 42, page 10)

d. South West PACIFIC Area

(1) Prisoner of War MIYAJI, Chikara (JA 145045), First Class Private, member of 144 Infantry Regiment, captured GIRUWA, 29 November 1942, stated:

"There were two brothels to his knowledge in RABAUL. They contained a total of about 100 Korean and Japanese girls.'

(ATIS Interrogation Report, Serial No. 35, page

Prisoner of War KOJIMA, Masao (JA 100029), Sergeant, member of 50 Antiaircraft Regiment, captured TROBRIAND ISLANDS, 21 March 1943, stated:

"Although brothels were provided by the Army, there was only one woman to about 2000 troops consequently, only officers were accommodated.' (ATIS Interrogation Report, Serial No. 175, page

(3) Prisoner of War AOKI, Yoshio (JA 145427), Superior Private, member of 50 Independent Antiaircraft Battalion, captured off NEW GUINEA

coast, 6 March 1943, stated:

"There were approximately 20 brothels in RABAUL, five in KOKOPO Area andt he remainder in town. Inmates were all Japanese women. The brothels were mainly patronized by the officers; men could rarely gain admittance. Prices were officers 5 yen and men 1 yen." (ATIS Interrogation Report, Serial No. 99, page

15) (4) Prisoner of War MAEKAWA, Yasuo, Petty Officer First Class, member of Tug NAGAURA,

captured off KAVIENG, 22 February 1944, stated: Prostitutes in RABAUL had been sent away several months before he left because of the danger from bombing."

(SOPAC Interrogation Report, Serial No. 0895,

page 10) (5) Prisoner of War KASAHARA, Hiroshi (JA 145153), Sergeant, member of 41 Regiment, captured KUMUSI RIVER, 7 January 1943, stated:

There were brothels in MANILA and DAVAO, containing Korean women. Although these establishments were authorized by the Army, prisoner of war thought that profits went to the proprietors."

(ATIS Interrogation Report, Serial No. 78, page 7)

(6) Extract from handwritten diary, dated 8 December 1941 to 6 January 1943, belonging to MIYOSHI, 7 Company, 124 Infantry Regiment:

9 June 1942. We landed. The office of YU-RUKAWA Colonization Company is very large, and there are many warehouses. For the first time since leaving southern CHINA, we saw Japanese girls clad in kimono and holding a parasol. Can there be more pleasure and amusement for us than this? These girls, as Army prostitutes, had landed here one step ahead of us. We entered the town of DALIAO. The town was countrified. There were many Japanese who welcomed us. It was like a greeting in JAPAN when one returns to a country town. Each platocn quartered in a different house and I stayed on the second floor of OSAKA Bazaar. lights and running water. There were electric Next door was a bicycle shop. I spent the night in peace." (ATIS Bulletin No. 1483, page 20)

10. LEAVE

a. Prisoner of War TOMITA, Tomoaki, First Class Private, member of 112 Infantry Regiment, captured at SIRZWEYE, 12 February 1944, stated:

"Absolutely no leave was granted while on active service and they were supposed to carry on until they dropped."

(Source available on request)

b. Prisoner of War TSURUTA, Masatoshi (JA (USA) 147102), Second Lieutenant (Medical officer), member of 141 Infantry Regiment, cap-

tured TALASEA Area, stated:

"He knew of no provisions for rotation replacement of troops in South West PACIFIC Area. Occasionally, if men could be spared, some troops might be sent back to JAPAN with ashes of fallen comrades. While in JAPAN, they might be given a short leave, according to sailing schedule, before their return. There was no hope of leave once troops proceeded overseas."

(ATIS Interrogation Report, Serial No. 453, page

12)

c. Prisoner of War SUZUKI, Yoshiichi (JA 145409), Superior Private, member of 102 Infantry Regiment, captured WAU, 16 February 1943, stated:

"A unit could pay a soldier before he went on leave. However, there was no leave from overseas and even in JAPAN leave was infrequent." (ATIS Interrogation Report, Serial No. 125, page 8)

d. Prisoner of War UCHIBABA, Shigenobu (JA (USA) 145581), Superior Petty Officer, Pilot, member of 751 Naval Air Unit, captured at sea, HUON GULF, 22 September 1943, stated:

"At TINIAN, leave was granted once a week or every four days for periods of about four hours from 1500 hours to 1900 hours. Prisoner of war went to township and drank and enjoyed himself."

"At RABAUL squadron commander determined number of men going on leave and issued a corresponding number of leave passes. Names of men on leave were posted on a board.

"Each man carried his pass and presented it to guard at gate on leaving and picked it up on returning. This was the practice as far as prisoner of war knew. Prisoner of war never went on leave to RABAUL Township." (ATIS Interrogation Report, Serial No. 359, page 12)

e. Extract from "Handbook for Naval Personnel" issued by Bureau of Naval Education,

Ministry of Navy, October 1940, concerning shore leave and passes.

(1) Section 1. Essential Regulation Concerning Shore Leave and Passes.—

"1. Shore leave of petty officers and men are the following three:

"a. Shore leave for bathing.
"b. One watch shore leave.

"c. Special shore leave.

"2. Shore leaves for bathing are granted in turn, according to the following classification, from supper to breakfast the following morning.

"a. Those who are first class petty officers and have more than four stripes of good conduct insignia; two-thirds of the number of men.

"b. Petty officer not included above (men who have more than two stripes of good conduct insignia shall for this purpose correspond to petty officers); one half the number of men.

"c. Seamen first and second class (petty officers who do not have good conduct insignia correspond to seamen first and second class); One-fourth of the number of men.

"d. Apprentice seamen (except those who have served less than one year after the promotion): One sixth of the number of men.

"e. Instructor (limited to only those who are prescribed in the 'Rules for Education and Disposition of Trade Seamen'): Two-thirds of the number of men.

"f. Those who have done an extra (special)

labor, regardless of the above rules.

"3. The one watch shore leave (pass) may be granted to half of the crew (two-thirds of those who come under the previous paragraphs (a) to (e) from noon to evening on Saturday and from after ceremonies or the time similar to this on Sundays, holidays, memorial days and other public holidays.

"However, shore leaves for bathing may be granted in succession to those who have a shore

leave for bathing on that day.

"Those who come under the previous paragraph (a) to (e) and happen to be on shore leaves (pass) from Saturday noon to Monday morning successively, provided there is no ceremony or work.

"4. During holidays, the remaining crew may be granted shore leaves for bathing and one watch shore leave from January 1 to 3.

"However only less than one-half of the remaining crews of those who come under both paragraphs (a) to (e) will be granted shore leaves.

"5. Special shore leaves may be granted by

permission of the commander in chief.

"6. While on leave, it is prohibited to leave a place from which you cannot return to your boat within one to two hours. (If the naval stations designate the areas, you must obey it). However, those who must travel on account of an unavoidable emergency, must first get the permission of officer in charge.

"7. Shore leaves are not ordinarily granted to patients who are on light duty or absent

from duty.

(2) Section 2. Procedure of Leave Request to

Return Home.

"1. When a petty officer or a seaman must return home on account of serious illness, death or other unavoidable emergencies, his parents, or relatives must make an application (when seriously ill, inclose a diagnosis of the physician) and secure the approval of the mayor, block

leader, village manager or any other authorities (For instance: police station) and he himself must make the request to his commanding officer. The commanding officer is authorized to grant, upon investigation, a furlough of not more than 14 days plus traveling time.

"2. In cases of emergency, one can apply for a leave upon receiving a telegram from his parents or relative to the officer in charge or to him. In such cases, the officer in charge will make necessary arrangements in accordance with paragraph No. 1. Thereafter, it is necessary to take proper procedure at the earliest possible date.

(3) Section 3. Instructions While Traveling or on Shore Leave.—

"1. When petty officers or men are en route to their new post or are unable to report to their post by the appointed date on account of an unavoidable accident, they must immediately report such by telegram to the officer in charge and also must obtain the following verifications and present them upon arrival:

"a. Matters concerning train or ship—a written verification from the captain or station

master.

"b. In cases of injury or illness-a diagnosis

of a physician.

"c. Other matters—verifications from mayor, district or village head. This also applies to men on shore leave.

"2. In case one's return is late and the ship he is attached to has left, he will report to the following and await orders.

"a. At naval stations—officer of the watch

at the naval barracks.

"b. Minor naval station-adjutant of the station.

"c. Other places—local official.
"d. Foreign countries—consulate.

"3. If one is unable to return from the leave within the specified time on account of injury or illness, he should immediately forward his notice together with the doctor's diagnosis to the officer in charge. If the certificate does not reach in time, he will first send a telegram notifying this fact, and will send the certificate later.

"After full recovery and upon leaving his home, he will bring with him a chart of progress with the diagnosis and certificate from the mayor, district or village leader, and present

them upon his arrival.

"4. While on shore leave one should be careful about health and attitude."
(Fort Snelling MISLS Translation, Handbook for Naval Personnel, page 24—26)

"f. Extract from printed handbook in six volumes, entitled "Consolidated Army Regulations." Unclassified, compiled by the Secretariat of the Army Department, published by KOBA-YASHI, Matashichi, of the firm of SANRYUDO at KOJIMACHIKU, TOKYO, issued 30 June 1943, concerning leave and furlough for Army personnel:

(1) Five Types of Leave.—
Special leave (leave on urgent private affair)
Annual leave
Special leave (from foreign post)
Rest leave (after arduous duty)
Prize leave

(a) Special Leave (Leave on Urgent Private Affair).—

"1. Officers who wish to make military or scientific research abroad may receive one year leave exclusive of travel time,

"2. Officers and enlisted men may receive leave of fourteen days including travel time.

"3. Noncommissioned officers quartered within barracks may receive fourteen days, including travel time when a member of his family becomes seriously ill or dies.

"Extension of the leave for (2) and (3) may be permitted if necessary.

(b) Annual Leave.—" Officers, noncommissioned officers and also privates quartered out of barracks are entitled to 20 days leave per year, which can be taken all at once or it can be divided into several different times.

(c) Special Leave (from Foreign Post).—"Officers and enlisted men serving in foreign posts and quartered out of barracks who served two continuous years are entitled to thirty days leave per year including travel time.

"Enlisted men serving in foreign posts and quartered within barracks who served three continuous years are entitled to thirty days leave per year including travel time.

(d) Rest Leave.—After special duties and maneuvers, one to three days leave is permitted.

"Five days leave is permitted to those who served continuously for one year in KOREA, FORMOSA, SAKHALIN, KWANTUNG Provinces, and foreign countries.

(e) Prize Leave.—"One day leave is granted to privates (quartered within barracks) who have performed outstanding work.

(2) "Junior flying cadet of Army air and flying schools are entitled to twenty days leave aside from the aforementioned leaves."
(ATIS Document No. 15741, Volume 2, Section 6)

Section V. CONCLUSIONS

- 1. The Japanese Army and Navy establish canteens for those troops located in areas in which supplies are available.
- 2. It appears that the Japanese Army supplements the normal ration to troops with a gratuitous issue which usually consists of such articles as sweets, cigarettes, beer, and sake.
- Comfort bags are a gratuitous issue to troops and are of two types, those issued by the Army and those from civilian charity organizations.
- 4. Although measures for physical training apparently play a big part in the life of the Japanese soldier, there is little provision made to carry out an athletic program in the South West PACIFIC area.
- Movies and traveling shows are practically non-existent for Japanese soldiers in the forward areas of the South West PACIFIC Area.

- 6. The establishment of brothels under strict regulation is sanctioned by military authorities in any areas where there are large numbers of troops.
- 7. Inmates of these brothels are regularly inspected for venereal diseases.
- 8. There is no set policy for leave or rotation of Japanese troops in South West PACIFIC Area.
- 9. A few units publish field news sheets for their troops but on the whole only bulletins or verbal news is past on to the Japanese soldiers.
- 10. It appears that few radios are available to enlisted men in the South West PACIFIC Area. On the other hand, officers are permitted to possess radios or to have access to them.
- 11. There is little provision made for troops in forward areas either to receive or send mail.

Appendix A.—FORMS REQUIRED BY MANILA BROTHELS.

1. Form No. 1

Application for permission to open business: army authorized restaurants or houses of

Home address:

Present address:

Name:

Date of birth:

I hereby present application to open an authorized restaurant (house of relaxation). I enclose a statement of business plans, an affidavit and my personal history.

Applicant's name and seal:

To: Officer in Charge, MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties.

2. Form No. 2.

Statement of business plans

a. Capital: yen.

b. Business partners: (yes or no)

c. Number of rooms.

d. Place of business.

e. Names of hostesses (geisha and waitresses) (Indicate whether Japanese, Formosan or Filipino).

f. Expected date of assembly of employees (geisha, maids, waitresses, other employees).

Name and seal:

To: Officer in Charge, MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties.

3. Form No. 3

Affidavit

I hereby promise, that on receipt of permission to open an authorized restaurant (house of relaxation), I will abide by all the rules and regulations, allow or cause no disturbances and agree to close or suspend business on order at the convenience of the army.

Date:

Name and seal of manager:

To: Officer in Charge, MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties,

4. Form No. 4

List of Employees									
Name	Date of Birth	Sex	Professional Name	Home Address	Advance Payments	Position			
YAMASHITA, Kazuyasu						Manager			
YAMAMOTO, Haruko					7.73.78	Waitress			
YAMASHITA, Tatsu						Principal Hostess			
ITATSU, Sueichi						Office Employee			
NAGAHIDE, Hide						Bell-boy			

Seals of above persons

To: Officer in Charge, MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties

APPENDIX A

5. Form No. 5

Request for authorization of hostesses (geisha and waitresses)

Home residence:

Name:

Date:

Professional name:

Date of arrival in PHILIPPINES:

I hereby request authorization for the above geisha (waitress). Enclosed please find copies of contract and agreement.

Date

Name and seal of applicant:

Name and seal of manager:

To: Officer in Charge, MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties.

6. Form No. 6.

Request for permission for hostesses (geisha and waitresses) to leave the establishments.

Home residence:

Present residence:

Name:

Date of birth:

Professional name:

I hereby submit this application for permission to lease the establishment, with the following nformation:

a) Reason:

(b) Intended destination:

(c) Amount of forced savings.
(d) Amounts of other money saved:

Date .

Name and seal of applicant:

Name and seal of manager of House of Relaxation:

To: Officer in Charge, MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties:

7. Form No. 7.

Request for permission to replace hostesses (geisha and waitresses) and others:

I hereby submit this request for permission to replace the following geisha, waitresses and others.

1. Persons:

Name	Date Birth	Sex	Professional Name	Home Residence	Present Residence	Position
			1			

2. Reasons:

3. Replacements:

Name, present residence, home residence:

Date

Name and seal of manager:

To: Officer in Charge, MANILA Sector Line of Communications Duties:

A MENITIES IN THE JAPANESE ARMED FORCES

8. Form No. 8.

	Patrons	Time	Price
	Privates	40 minutes	1.50
Houses of relaxation employing Filipino women	Noncommissioned officers	40 minutes	2,50
	Others	1 hour	4,00
	Others	Overnight	8.00
	Privates	40 minutes	, 2.00
Houses of relaxation employing Japanese women	Noncommissioned officers	40 minutes	3.00
	Others	1 hour	5.00
	Oulers	Overnight	10.00

Notes: 1. Others in the Patrons column includes soldiers (and army civilian employees) other than noncommissioned officers.

2. Overnight engagements will begin from 2300 hours.

3. Prices are maximum prices. Managers may make reductions when the situation so warrants.

9. Form No. 9.

		Dai	ly Total Earni	ngs Cha	ırt		
	Patrons	-Time	Number of Persons	Fees	Total	Grand	Allotment of Money
	Privates						
Date	Noncommissioned officers						
	Officers						
	Army civilian employees						

10. Not so stated, but apparently Form No. 10.

	Desig-		St. 20	Carrie III			Patro	ns		Alles Control
	nation	Unit	Unit	Amount	Amount	Privates (Civilian Employees)				Name
Date	Items		Price	(Pood)	(Money)	Noncommissioned Officers (Civilian Employees)	Name			
						Officer	Assigned Force	Rank	Name	Number of Persons
Restau- rant Number of Days						Name Civilian Official (High-ranking)				,
Room number										
Name						Name				

11. Form No. 11.

(Date)	House of Relaxa	tion—Dail	y Report	Room Num	(Seal)	
	Patrons	Time	Number of Persons	Amount	Total	
	Privates					
Business Report	Non- Commissioned Officers					
	Others (officers and army civilian employees)					
Total						
Quota	(Number)					
Working	(Number)	Numb	per	Surplus		
III	(Number)	Devel		or Deficit		
On Vacation	(Number)	Diseas	se	of Personnel		
Others	(Number)					
Notes						

12. Form No. 12.

	e) Mor	nthly 1	Busines	s Re	port			Name and		om number	er on in charge
	E	Expend	litures				I	ncome			Notes
	Design	nation		An		De-				Amou	
	Surplus from Previous Month Income This Month				signa- tion Busi-	Total			tures are those directly necessary for the conduct of		
In- take					ness					the business. Pur- chases of any pro-	
Total					Difference from net balance			e	perty is not includ- ed therein.		
Business expenses			100		Total					100 C	
Total					Net	Loss					
Net Profit											
Gra	nd Tot	al			15 6	Nan	Name Amount		Notes		
Desig	gnation	Na	meAm	ount Notes		Name		Amount		Notes	
Items		•									
Busir Expe	ness nditure	8				Total			Gra	and Total	
(P Mor	Part 2)	(5	Stateme				elaxati	on - Monthly	Rep		Manager use number - name - seal
Paym		Fotal rnings	Geish shar		Debt		ance	Residue fro Advance P ments		Saving	Notes

AMENITIES IN THE JAPANESE ARMED FORCES

13. Form No. 13.

					INT	AKE								S	ALES						
Items Re- ceived Units		Price per Unit	Deigo	Deigo	Deino		la	om st onth		his	To	tal	This	months	N Diffe	et rence			Deigo		sent
	Units		Amount (Food)	Amount (Money)	Amount (Food)	Amount (Money)	(Food)	Amount (Money)	Amount (Food)	Amount (Money)	Amount (Food)	Amount (Money)	Items Sold	Units	Price per Units	Amount (Food)	Amount				

14. Form No. 14.

Health Chart				Number		
Name:			Year:			
Name of House	of Relaxation:					
Date of Examination	Diagnosis					
		100000				
Seal of army phy Date:			tions			

Appendix B.—POLICE REPORT ON MANILA BROTHELS

Police report on medical inspection, dated 7 February 1944, issued by MANILA Sector Line of Communications.

"To all managers: It is desired that all managers note carefully the following police report on medical inspection for the month and take steps to make the necessary improvements.

"General observations:

"1. Restaurants and special clubs:
"The cleaning of kitchens is generally satisfactory, but better measures of prevention against insects are necessary.

"The care of chopping boards is generally unsatisfactory and they are used indiscriminately.

" Cooking vessels require more thorough washing. Lavatories require more and better cleaning.

"2. Houses of relaxation

"Scant attention has been paid to hygienic rules and there are many cases of failure to take hygienic measures. This has been repeatedly called to the attention of many persons.

"Lavatories and wash-rooms are generally unclean, nor is there proper lighting in the latter.

"If the health of the employees is to be preserved, there will have to be improvements in the care of bathrooms, and the cleaning of dining-rooms. Many managers are interested in nothing beyond their own profit, and do their job with no other purpose. They exhibit no concern for the welfare of the geisha, maids or hostesses, nor bother themselves with their health or sustenance nor with such matters as bath facilities. Their selfish conduct requires restraint.

Type -	Medical E tion of and Ho	Geisha	Name	Manager	Rating	
For soldiers			Dawn Club	NOMURA.	A	Cleaning and orderliness in rooms excellent.
and crewmen of all Shipping Units			Dawii Ciuo	Yasuzo '	В	Spreads, pillow-slips and other bedding medium. However, qua- lity is poor and improvement needed.
					В	Waiting-rooms and corridors are satisfactorily clean, but could stand just a little improvement.
					В	Cleaning of lavatories not thor ough.
House of	38	3	No. 2	URAGAWA,	В	Cleaning and orderliness in rooms can barely be said to be good.
Relaxation 55	3	House of		В	Cleaning of bedding satisfactory	
			Relaxation	Taro	В	Cleaning and orderliness of waiting rooms and corridors no satisfactory.
					В	Cleaning of lavatories satisfactory. Not fully equipped.
House of Relaxation	34	4	No. 3	KURIHARA.	A	Cleaning and order of rooms
	34	4	House of Relaxation	Ine	A	Cleaning of sheets and pillow cases generally quite good.
			Relaxation		В	Cleaning of waiting-rooms and corridors excellent. The follow ing new items were noted, and the cleaning should be an example for other places. Materials kerosene—four go (One go equal 0.318 pint) and three wax-candles Method: mix the kerosene and wax, boil together, and afte cooling, apply to floors, with cloth. Result; superb as a substitute for lux, shines the floor well, and even one application gives surprisingly good results. Lavatory cleaning and wash-room equipment good. Employee's bath facilities need some attention.
House of	65	8	No. 4 House of	KUDAKATSU;	В	Cleaning and order of rooms satisfactory. Cleaning of waiting rooms and the satisfactory are satisfactory.
Relaxation			Relaxation		0	corridors satisfactory. No facilities for smoking.
	15 85 10				С	Cleaning and care of bedding unsatisfactory.
			100 THE TOTAL PROPERTY.		В	Cleaning of lavatories satisfactory

AMENITIES IN THE JAPANESE ARMED FORCES.

Туре	Medical E	Geisha	Name	Manager	Rating	Police Report					
For privates	Number		No 5	YANO.	С	Cleaning and order of rooms medium.					
and non-					C	Sheets and pillow-slips not clean.					
commissioned	Examined	BASSES S	House of	Matsuyo	В	Cleaning and order of waiting-					
officers	59	3	Relaxation			rooms and corridors satisfactory, but no facilities for smoking.					
					В	Cleaning and equipment in lava-					
					100	tories and wash-rooms satis-					
						factory.					
					B	Cleaning and order of rooms me-					
For privates	76	3	No. 6	SHU, Rokurin	C	dium. Sheets and other bedding not					
and non-			House of		-	clean.					
commissioned officers			Relaxation		C	Cleaning of waiting-rooms and					
omeers			recientation			corridors very poor.					
					В	Cleaning and equipment in la-					
						vatories and wash-rooms satis- factory.					
					B	Cleaning and order of rooms					
	00		N 7	MICHIONA	ь	medium.					
For privates and non-	38	4	No. 7	NISHIOKA,	A	Special attention is devoted to					
commissioned			House of	Mitsutaro		keeping clean bedding and spe-					
officers			Relaxation			cial laundresses are hired for the					
						purpose. The set-up is excellent. (TN. Rest of sentence illegible.					
					В	Cleaning of waiting-rooms and					
					D	corridors is satisfactory but there					
	1					are no facilities for smoking.					
					В	Cleaning and equipment of lava-					
						tories and wash-rooms satisfac-					
		A-60 T 2000			D	Cleaning and order of rooms					
			27 0	NOW THE A	B	satisfactory.					
For privates and non-	52	3	No. 8	UCHIMURA,	C	Sheets and piliow cases not clean.					
commissioned		Fine	House of	Masao	C	Cleaning of waiting rooms un-					
officers		1	Relaxation			satisfactory, and no ashtrays					
						provided. The kitchen is much					
											too close to the bathroom and
						definite hygienic measures a- gainst insects are needed.					
					C	Cleaning of lavatories and wash-					
		1 635				rooms unsatisfactory.					
		1			C	The manager is never in when					
For privates	49	2	Chrysan-	TAKANO,	1000	the police arrive. There is no set					
and non			themum	Kikano		plan of working hours for the employees. Their business policy					
commissioned officers			House			is quite unsatisfactory.					
Officers			House		C	Lavatories and wash-rooms are					
						very dirty, no effort being made					
					-	to clean them.					
					C	Rooms and corridors are dirty,					
						and only the waiting rooms are cleaned. The bedding is dirty.					
						and needs considerable attention,					
THE REPORT	PER SERVICE	Tarita			В	Cleaning generally satisfactory					
For privates	80	1	Fuji Flower	WATANABE,		except for corridors and waiting-					
and non-			Garden	Sataro		rooms.					
commissioned officers				UCHIMURA, Seiichi	В	Cleaning generally satisfactory except for rooms.					
Officers				MIYAKE.		Cleaning of bedding is satisfac-					
South Card	1116			Hiroshi		tory.					
SELECTION OF					В	Generally satisfactory.					
					B	Cleaning and order of rooms					
House of	80	1	Shining	HANAI,	B	satisfactory. Cleaning of bedding satisfactory.					
Relaxation			Flower Garden	Kikataro	B	Cleaning of waiting-rooms and					
			Garden		D	corridors has obviously been					
						done, but needs a little more					
						effort.					
					A.	Equipment of lavatories and					
						wash-rooms are especially clean and in excellent condition,					
			T		B	Individual rooms are generally					
House of	48	5	MIKUNI	URA, Gin		good and orderly. but cleaning					
Relaxation			Club			is not satisfactory in some. Clo					
Clanation	13251		Old O			sets and dressing-rooms require					
						sets and dressing-rooms requiresome attention.					

AMENITIES IN THE JAPANESE ARMED FORCES.

Туре	Medical E	Geisha	Name	Manager	Rating	Police Report				
For privates	Number		No. 5	YANO,	С	Cleaning and order of rooms medium.				
and non- commissioned officers	Examined 59	0022000	House of Relaxation	Matsuyo	В	Sheets and pillow-slips not clean. Cleaning and order of waiting- rooms and corridors satisfactory, but no facilities for smoking.				
					В	Cleaning and equipment in lava- tories and wash rooms satis- factory.				
For privates	76	3	No. 6 House of	SHU, Rokurin	С	Cleaning and order of rooms medium. Sheets and other bedding not				
commissioned officers			Relaxation		С	clean. Cleaning of waiting rooms and corridors very poor.				
					В	Cleaning and equipment in lavatories and wash-rooms satisfactory.				
	20	4	No. 7	NISHIOKA.	В	Cleaning and order of rooms medium.				
For privates and non- commissioned officers	38	4	No. 7 House of Relaxation	Mitsutaro	A	Special attention is devoted to keeping clean bedding and spe- cial laundresses are hired for the purpose. The set-up is excellent, (TN. Rest of sentence illegible.				
									В	Cleaning of waiting-rooms and corridors is satisfactory but there are no facilities for smoking.
		pp Su-			В	Cleaning and equipment of lava- tories and wash-rooms satisfac- tory.				
For privates	52	3	No. 8	UCHIMURA.	В	Cleaning and order of rooms satisfactory.				
For privates and non- commissioned officers		3	House of Relaxation	Masao Masao	C	Sheets and piliow cases not clean. Cleaning of waiting rooms unsatisfactory, and no ashtrays provided. The kitchen is much too close to the bathroom and definite hygienic measures against insects are needed.				
					C	Cleaning of lavatories and wash- rooms unsatisfactory.				
For privates and non commissioned officers	49	2	Chrysan- themum House	TAKANO, Kikano	С	The manager is never in wher the police arrive. There is no set plan of working hours for the employees. Their business policy is quite unsatisfactory.				
officers			House		С	Lavatories and wash-rooms are very dirty, no effort being made to clean them.				
					С	Rooms and corridors are dirty and only the waiting rooms are cleaned. The bedding is dirty and needs considerable attention				
For privates	80	1	Fuji Flower	WATANABE, Sataro	В	Cleaning generally satisfactory except for corridors and waiting rooms.				
commissioned officers			Garden	UCHIMURA, Selichi MIYAKE, Hiroshi	В	Cleaning generally satisfactory except for rooms. Cleaning of bedding is satisfac- tory.				
(A) (F) (B)	1 05 15				B	Generally satisfactory. Cleaning and order of rooms				
House of	80	1	Shining	HANAI,	В	satisfactory. Cleaning of bedding satisfactory				
Relaxation		1000	Flower Garden	Kikataro	В	Cleaning of waiting rooms and corridors has obviously beer done, but needs a little more effort.				
					A	Equipment of lavatories and wash-rooms are especially clear and in excellent condition.				
House of Relaxation	48	5	MIKUNI Club	ÚRA, Gin	В	Individual rooms are generally good and orderly, but cleaning is not satisfactory in some. Closets and dressing-rooms require some attention.				

APPENDIX B

Туре	Medical I tion of and hos	Geisha		Manager	Rating	
	Number	Number			В	Cleaning of bedding is satisfactory.
	Examined				С	There are no ash trays supplied in the waiting-rooms and corridors, and ashes may be seen scattered around.
100					В	Equipment and cleaning of la- vatories and wash-rooms is satis- factory.
House of	89	6	Daisy	KAWA-	В	Cleaning and order of rooms satisfactory.
Relaxation			Garden	YANAKI.	В	Cleaning of bedding satisfactory.
				Tsutau	С	Waiting-rooms and corridors not clean; no ashtrays supplied.
					С	Lavatories and wash-rooms quite dirty, and in need of immediate improvement. Hygienic rules not observed.
House of	46		C	CHILICAL Al-i	В	Cleaning and order of rooms satisfactory.
Relaxation	40	1	Coquette	SHUSAI, Akira	С	Bedding dirty and of poor quality Considerable improvement need-
					С	Waiting rooms and corridors too close to the bathrooms, ill-equiped and dirty. Suggest immediate measures of improvement. Employees do not observe rules of hygiene.
Warran of		The last			С	Cleaning and order of rooms unsatisfactory.
House of	49		Drunkards' Flower	SHUSAI, Akira	В	Cleaning and bedding-medium,
Relaxation			Garden		В	Cleaning of waiting-rooms and corridors satisfactory.
					С	Cleaning and equipment and lavatories and wash-rooms satisfactory, but employees are in the habit of throwing cigarette butts and ashes out of the windows. This must be brought to their attention.
For Privates	80		Cemtal	MITCHVAMA	В	Cleaning and order of rooms satisfactory.
and non-	00	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Crystal Water Club	MITSUYAMA, Narimichi	В	Cleaning of bedding satisfactory.
commissioned officers			water Club	Narimichi	С	Waiting-rooms and corridors, especially near the stairs, not clean.
					A	Lavatories and wash-rooms well cleaned and equipped.
For privates	61	9 1	Dames Club	TOVOCAWA	В	Cleaning and order of rooms satisfactory.
and non- commissioned officers	,		Dawn Club	Konen	В	Sheets and pillow-cases are probably changed every third day, but should actually be changed
					С	every other day. Cleaning of waiting-room and corridors unsatisfactory. Few ashtrays are provided.
					В	Lavatories and wash-rooms are clean, but no disinfectant is provided for the wash-water on the second floor, Receptacles are also in need of immediate repair.
special Club for officers nd high- anking civil- an officials)	71		ea-Flower Villa	NAKAGAMI, Minoru		Insufficient hygienic measures are taken in the kitchen, with result that insects are numerous. No discrimination is exercised in the care or use of the chopping board.
						The dining-hall area is quite dirty. No attempts are made at cleaning it.
					В	Cleaning of waiting rooms, corriders and individual rooms is satisfactory, but the lavatories require more care.

AMENITIES IN THE JAPANESE ARMED FORCES

Туре	Medical l	Geisha	Name	Manager	Rating	Police Report
Special Club (for officers and high- ranking civil- ian officials)	Number Examined 32		Chirping- Sparrow Palace	NAKAGAMI, Minoru	A	Equipment and cleaning or the kitchen is quite good. Measures against insects were taken be fore the inspection and seem to have been thorough. Care of chopping boards is un-
						satisfactory. Wash-boards in the wash-rooms are dirty. Improve ment is needed in the dining-hall. Care of the lavatories is unsatisfactory.
					I A I	Equipment of kitchen quite good.
Special Club for officers and high- ranking civil-	16	1	Wide Pine	YOSHIDA, Haru	В	There is much to be desired in the care and use of the chop- ping-boards. The dining-hall and bathrooms are clean.
an officials)	42.55			1	В	The is room for some improve- ment in the cleaning of the la- vatories.
Special Club for officers and high- ranking civil- an officials)			Round Pearl	TERAO, Shigeru	С	There are numerous insects in the kitchen. Proper care is not taken of the chopping-boards. The lift to carry the food from the kitchen to the second and third floors and the beer and sake
		T				bar on the second floor are too close to the lavatories, with re- sult that there are numerous insects against which no mea- sures have been taken. People are seated too close in the dining- hall. The latter is not clean and insects are numerous.
		Fall			A	Lavatories and wash-rooms are clean and well-kept.
destaurant for privates			FOKYO Restaurant	TAKAOKA,	В	The kitchen is clean, the care of the chopping-boards is unsatisfactory.
nd non- ommissioned fficers)			restaurant	Haruyoshi		The beer and Sake bar on the second floor is not clean; the floors are not properly swept and insects are numerous.
					A	The cleaning and equipment of the dining-hall is quite good.
		+			9	Cleaning of the lavatories is satisfactory.
estaurant or privates nd non- ommissioned			ASIA Restaurant	CHIN, Sekisei	1	The kitchens are not orderly and little cleaning is done, No care or discrimination in the use of the chopping-boards is exercised.
ficers)					C	The maids' rooms are not clean, and require considerable attention.
					В	The cleaning and equipment of the lavatories and dining- nall is satisfactory.
estaurant or privates ad non-		192. St. 200 12	IIYAKO estaurant	AKAMA, Matsutaro	В	The kitchen is clean, but the care of the chopping-boards is insatisfactory.
mmissioned ficers)		"	-Junul and	Macautaro	0	Cleaning and equipment of the lining-hall are satisfactory.
neers)					BC	Cleaning of the lavatories is atisfactory.