KABAYAMA, Count Aisuke (3.A., LL.D)

Male; 80 years old

Speaks English

Tokyo

Member House of Peers

Statesman; industrialist; parliamentarian

Address 1941: 215 Gotanda, 6-chome, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo

Habayama. Married Tsuneko, daughter of late Vice Admiral Viscount Sumiyoshi
Kawamura. Has one son, Chuji. Attended Wilbraham Academy, Wesleyan University,
and graduated Amherst College in same class with Dwight Morrow and Calvin
Coolidge. Studied in England and two years in Bonn, Germany. Received
honorary LL.D. degree from Wesleyan 1957. Founded Kokusai News Agency 1924
(since absorbed by Domei). Was adviser to Japanese delegation at London
Naval Conference 1930 and a delegate to several other international conferences.
Chairman International Cultural Relations Society (Shunkolm Bunka Kokukai), an
official propaganda agency. Official in several industrial concerns
and Mitsui Trust Co. President Japan-America Society up to December 1941;
member of Panay Committee; member Japanese Advisory Council of St. Luke's
International Medical Center and advisor to St. Paul's University, both
Episcopalian institutions in Tokyo. (C, 135, 189a)

Informant (55a) has stated that Kabayama was his closest Japanese friend and best contact in Japan, entirely honorable and trustworthy; that he did everything in his power to further Japanese-American relations. Informant (32a), and Amherst classmate, recommends him as "a true friend of America who understands the blunder Japan is making." Has always been cut of sympathy with military class. According to (189a), made speech at Wesleyan University 1937 when receiving LL.B. degree, defending Japan's demand for equality. Informant (56a) believes Count is too old to sitemi active cooperation. Probably would like to cooperate; as his thinking has always been in terms of Christian democratic principles. If other Japanese whom he could respect would act with him, he night cooperate.

KABAYAMA, Chuji

Male; age 44 years

Speaks excellent English

Tokyo and Olso (near Kamakura)

No special occupation

Address 1941: As above. Also see

father's address

Short and bandy-legged; high forehead and low-bridged nose; face broad across check-bones; wears spectables.

Born 1901, only son of Count Aisuke Kabayema (q.v.) Married Ume Hashimoto, daughter of a Japanese cil magnete (probably Heizaburo Hashimoto) and has two sons and two daughters. Was a childhood playmate of present Emperor Hirohito. Later was chosen as companion to Prince Chichibu, Emperor a eldest brother, when he attended Onford University. Studied at Lawrenceville Academy and Princeton University and at Oxford. Spent a year or more in employ of Guaranty Trust Company, New York. Returning home joined staff of a Tokyo newspaper and later became interested in motion picture industry. Also reported to have been a Government official at Shanghai and to have been connected with industrial firms as well.

Reported to have a "Buddhist background with Christian ideals and leanings." A fine type of man with a natural inclination to favor Western ways.

Wes a great help to interned foreigners including Informat (50a) who believes he is the most likely of all his Japanese friends to be of assistance to occupying forces. Would have considerable influence because of his father's great prestige and family's connections with Imperial Household. (50a, 187)

KAGAWA, Toyohiko (D.D.)

Tokyo

Male; 57 years old

Chairman, War Victims' Relief Committee of United Church of Christ in Japan

poorly

Speaks English fluently but Evangelist; social worker; novelist; post; economist

Setegaya-ku, Tokyo

Short; medium build; straight Address 1941: 603 Kami Kitazawa, 5-chome black hair combed back from forehead; weare very thickglasses because of impairment of sight caused by trachoma

Born Kobe July 1888, son of Junichi Kagawa, a Buddist, who served one term as secretary to Privy Council. Orphaned at age of four and disinherited by uncle whon he accepted Christianity in his teens. Befriended by an American missionary. Married Haru daughter of Pusakichi Shiba 1914 and had three children as of 1941. Graduate of Meiji Gakuin and Kobe Theological Seminary 1909, both Presbyterian institutions, and of Princeton Theological Seminary 1916. (C, G-1, 71, 142a, 167)

Because interested in social and labor questions and in 1908 went to live in Kobs clume. Has written about 80 books and pamphlets, including many successful novels dealing with social conditions, some of which were instrumental in arousing Government action for improvement of slum districts of the largest cities. Established All Japan Anti- War League 1928 with Japan Fedoration of Labor (since dissolved) as its center. Helped to organize United Church of Christ in Japan, a marger of 42 denomination, 1941. Some of his other activities are: organization of labor and farmer groups; promotion of Psauart Gospel schools; official organization of social work in city of Tokyo; establishment of ecoperative movement in Japan; building of many churches; work among tuberculosis suffers; and widespread evangelism. Was imprisoned in 1919 and again 1921 for activities in behalf of labor and in 1940 because of his outspoken criticism of Japanese agression in China, i.e., violation of Military Code. Is said to be the only Christian leader in Japan who refused

KAGAWA, Toyohiko (D. D.) cord.

to say the war in China was "defensive." Pressure of public opinion brought him freedom. Was intermed following Fearl Harbor because of his known views and opposition to war and violence, but later released. Has made considerable wealth from his writings, but he and his family live frugally and most of his income is given to social improvement. (C-1, 29, 41)0, 61, 69, 81, 142a, 167)

Christian leaders here. Was member of group of Japanese Christian leaders who came over in 1941, seeking to alleviate tension in Japanese-American relations and is said to have been at that time "passionately eager for a reconciliation with U.S." Since Fearl Harbor has figured numerous times in Japanese broadcasts, first in a Christmas 1942 message to Allied prisoners of war and interness in which he blamed Christian countires for bombing peoples and areas where their missionaries had preached the gospel. Radio Tokyo has quoted him as criticizing American desgration of romains of Japanese soldiers, the dispatch of American armed forces to India, also the motives and accomplishments of the San Francisco Conference. In December 1946 a broadcast quoted from his article, "A Prophecy of the Downfall of America," allegedly published in a Christian magazine. On 28 Jul 45 he broadcast to America, apparently in person, a nationalistic protest against cruel bombing of Japanese cities and a plea for reconsideration. (G-1, K, 41)

In 1923 upon request devised plan of relief for earthquake victims, refusing remuneration. At present heads committee which is encouraging adoption of air raid orphans by Japanese families. (G-1, K)

Because of Kagawa's known Christian and humanitarian principles, Informants (C12, 36, 37a, 61, 69, 71, 134) believe he would render valuable aid to occupying forces in relief work and reconstruction, after Japan is defeated.

HONSHU .

KAKEHI, Mitsuaki

Tokyo

Male: age approximately 53 Editor, Nippon Times, Tokyo, organ of

Foreign Office

Speaks English fluently

Free-lance writer; former consular official

Address: As above and Nagasaki

Has served as YMCA secretary, as a free-lance writer for various agenices, and, at times, in Japanese consular service. Has traveled extensively in U.S. and lived in Honolulu for many years. A Christian. Believed to be a graduate of Keio University.

Very capable and dependable, superior in team work, highly regarded by other Japanese. A liberal believing in constitutional monarchy. Well versed in Japanese propaganda and has been employed by Government because of his keen understanding of American and British history and social conditions, but has had difficulty writing an honest rationalization of Japan's several imperialistic efforts. Writings of his which Informant has seen indicate he has been placed under pressure to justify these programs to English-speaking world.

Informant believes Kakehi would be useful to occupying authorities. (163)

A

HOMSHU

KAMAKURA, M.

Male; about 48 years old

Kobe

Manager Lloyd's Register of Shipping in Kobe (probably being operated under the supervision of Teikoku Kaiji Kyokai)

Linguistic ability unknown

Address: Kobe, Japan

Married and father of several children. Educated; level headed and a decided liberal with no sympathy for the militaristic element. On numerous occasions expressed a strong distaste for the militarists' propaganda Iwhich (between years 1934 to 1939 when Informant was in Japan) was being instilled in his children in the Kebe public schools. Is a marine engineer and was employed by Lloyd's as a surveyor (a surveyor of ships for classification purposes). Before being employed by Lloyds, was an engineer abourd an ocean liner, the name of which Informant did not recall. (98)

Enjoyed the confidence of his employers as is evidenced by the fact that when the last British manager of the Kobe offices left Japan in 1940, Kamakura was placed in charge. Informant states that subject is competent, loyal, and capable of cooperating with the Allies. (8)

KAMO, Dr. Masao

Tokyo

Male; 69 years old

Professor of Mechanical Engineering, Tokyo Importal University, 1941

Speaks English fluently

Educator; designer of machinery; author; engineering authority

Short; medium heavy build; bald; has small mustache

Address: 3 Yayoi-cho, Hongo-ku, Tokyo, 1941

Born August 1876 Ehime Prefecture, son of Hiromasa Kamo. Married Roku, daughter of Professor Wataru Watanabe and has at least one daughter. Craduated Tokyo Imperial University in machanical engineering 1899. Assistant professor of marine engineering at his Alma Mater, 1898-1906. Japanese Government sent him abroad to study at Glasgov University and in Germany, France, and U.S. 1906-1912. Professor of mechanical engineering, Tokyo Imperial University, 1912, until recently when he reportedly retired. Homorary member American Society of Machanical Engineers, New York, 1929 and of other similar organization in London, Berlin, and Homolulu. Past President of Society of Machanical Engineers of Japan; Vice President World Engineering Congress and of World Power Congress, Tokyo, 1929; a director of Fuel and One Bressing Institute, Korea; many other similar posts. Author: "Stationary Steam Engine Design." Has traveled extensively and attended munerous international engineering meetings.

Is a Christian and a liberal. Mixes easily with foreigners. Informant (Chl) never heard him comment definitely on Japanese politics or international who affairs, but believes he should be placed on "White List" as one yould be useful to occupying forces. Informant (132) shares this opinion.

KANAKURA, Kazue

Tokyo

Male; age 60 years

Managing director, Wippon Yusen Kaisha (Japan Steamship Co.) (1942)

Linguistic ability unknown

Address: 3h2, Den-enchofu, 3 chome, Omori-ku, Tokyo (19h2)

Born May 1885. Graduated Tokyo Imperial University 1912. Married Yoshiko Mizukawa, a classmate of Informant (168) at Ferris Seminary, a Christian institution, Yokchama. They have one son and four daughters, eldest 23 years old. Manager Yokohama branch N.Y.K. 1933, and of London branch 1938-40. (C)

A hard worker, quiet, reserved; an acquaintance and friend of Informant for past 20 years. On basis of this acquaintance Informant believes he would be cooperative with occupying forces. (168)

KANEDA, Tedetsugu

Tokyo

Male; about 50 years old

Manager, Petroleum Department, Sales & Company (British firm), Tokyo, 1939

About 5'8" tall; weight about 150 pounds; hair slightly gray Address: As above

Speaks English poorly; understands it well

Graduated Keio University. Married and had possibly two children 1939. Influential in petroleum importing and industry circles and in Tokyo Chamber of Commerce. Made a few business trips to U.S. and had dealings with Texaco Oil Co. and others. Informant believes Keneda might now be head of Sales & Co., following confiscation about 8 Dec. 41.

Informant know Kanako three years and heard him say several times he would like to live in U.S. Also said he believed Japan would attack U.S. and would lose, and that he was really sorry war was coming. Because of his influence in business circles, his moderation, and Western ideas, Informant believes Kaneko would be of value to occupying forces. (C15)

HOKEALDO

KANI, Dr.

stated.

Male; age not stated

Linguistic ability unknown

Physical description not

Sapporo City

Interne at Hokkaido Imperial University .
Hospital, Sapporo, 1941

Physician; specialist in tuberculosis

Address 1941: as above

Son-in-lew of Dr. Hideji ARIMA, head of Hokkaido Emperial University
Hospital (see Dr. Hideji Arima, Hokkaido, in this study). Married and
had three small children, 1941. Is interested in slum clearance and
spent some time in Government clinic for the poor. Is influential in his
own right and because of father-in-law's position.

An active member of Presbyterian Church, Sapporo. Reported as being open-minded, 1941. Informent believes him capable of seeing unsoundness of Japanese expansion program if it were made clear to him. Of potential use to occupying forces. (ho)

KANO, Katsuski

Tokyo

Male; 35-40 years old, possibly older Address 1941: As above

Reporter on Tokyo Asahi (newspaper) Tokyo, 1941

Linguistic ability unknown

5'2" tall; weight about 145 pounds,

Born and reared in Japan. Family background unknown. Graduated from Keio University, Tokyo, in early 1930's. Married and had one sou.

Came to U.S. 1936-37 in reportorial capacity with first Japanese football team to visit this country. Presumably is still connected with Asahi, formerly the most influential and liberal newspaper in Japan.

Because of his education, ability and admiration for U.S. and the American way of life, Informant believes he would be of help to occupying forces. (C15)

KASHIO, Selichiro

Hale; 35 - 40 years of age

5° 5° tall; weight about 140 pounds; wiry, athletic build; thin face clean shaven

Reads, writes, speaks excellent English

Tokyo

Career man with Mitsui Company, Ltd.

Address: Mitsui Company, Tekyo

A bachelor as of 1941. For about three years prior to Pearl Harbor was manager of Mitsul's Seattle office. Prior to that Mitsul manager in London. Interned after 7 Dec. 1941 and returned to Japan on first Gripsholm trip. Former tennis champion of Japan and played on its Olympic team. Once played william Tilden in semi-finals at Forest Hills, New York.

Informant had occasion to learn that he was an astute and honorable business man, well read, cultured. Buddhist. Had limited social activity while in Seattle.

Informant believes Kashio sincerely opposed to militarist government in Japan. One week prior to Pearl Harbor expressed hope Japan would not go to war with United States because latter was great nation of fine people and too powerful. Also once remarked Mitsui Company formerly had considerable political influence, but had been overshadowed by military regime. Informant has reason to believe Kashio was instrumental in obtaining information regarding an American Prisoner of War in Japan at Informant's request through International Red Cross. (176)

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HONSHU

KASHIWAGI, Hideshige

Tokyo

Male; 64 years old

Former President Yokohama Specie Bank

Probably speaks English

Address: 6 Shin Ryudo-machi, Azabu-ku, Tokyo, Tel. Aoyama 3452

Born 1881, Miye Prefecture. Marital status unknown. Graduated
Tokyo Imperial University in law, 1906. Served London branch, Yokohama
Specie Bank; manager New York Branch; manager head office; bank director
and vice president 1933; president June 1943. Relieved as president
June 1945. Member Japanese Economic Mission to Europe and America,
1937. Special member Trade Bureau, Commerce and Industry Ministry, 1937.

(B. C. F)

Friendly to U.S. and had high regard for Americans. Personal reputation of the highest. Informant believes he will be a reliable and useful man with whom occupying authorities can deal. (33)

CONFIDENTIAL

HONSHU

KATAGIRI, Koh

Sendai, Miyagi Prefecture

Male; age 50-55

Regional manager, Rising Sun Petroleum Co., Sendai office, 1941

Speaks English fluently

Address 1941: As above

Married and has three sons and one daughter. Father a Congregational minister in Sendai and an outstanding Japanese Christian. Koh Katagiri has been connected with Rising Sun Petroleum Company, largely owned and controlled by the British, for many years. (60)

Ratagiri and his family are all Christians and wife shares his liberal views. Were always friendly to U.S. and to Americans in Sendai. Both of excellent character. Katagiri organized club of business men in Sendai for study of Occidental music. Loyal to Japan and the Emperor but completely dissociated from the military class. Based on 30 years acquaintance Informant believes Katagiri would be valuable to occupying forces if he could be convinced cooperation would be best thing for Japan. (60) Informant (10b) says he is a pleasant but rather weak man who would probably cooperate with occupying forces if "sold" in right way.

KYUSHU

Oita City Oita Prefecture KallaYaria,

Teacher of mathematics, Oita Commercial mele: age approximately 50

College (a Covernment institution), Oita

City, 19-11

Speaks, reads, writes miglish fluently

Educator

Address 1941: As above

Born in Japan of Japanese parents. Received some university education in England. harried. He and his wife, Chiyo, are both devout Christians. Appointed to Oita teaching post in 1925, at which time Informant became acquainted with nim. Informant knew Natayama's wife before that.

Informant believes Katayana is apposed to present personnel and policies of Japanese Government. Expressed disapproval to Informant of increasing censorship of news and thinking in Japan under present militaristic regime. Expressed friendship for United States and its democratic methods.

Informant believes Katayama would be useful to occupying forces because of his influence in educational field and because he could furnish information with respect to Japanese in Oita useful to the Allies, (87)

COMPTIMENTIAL

A

HONSHU

KATO, Kanju

Male; 53 years old

Does not speak English

Tokyo

Former leader of All-Japan Council of Trade Unions and former member of House of Representatives, Japanese Diet

Labor leader and organizer; recial reformer; writer; lecturer

Address: May still be in jail (see below) Residence formerly in Tokyo

Born 1892, Aichi Prefecture, son of a farmer who died when Kanju was seven, Apprenticed to a merchant at 10; worked his way through school. Married and has some children. After serving as conscript attended Nippon University. Serving with army in Siberia 1918 he witnessed great human suffering which deepened his anti-war and anti-militarist convictions. Became active in labor movement 1919 and in 1920 was jailed as a strike leader. Chairman of Japan Federation of Labor 1924 and helped organize Japan Labor-Farmer Party (Nippen Ronoto) 1926. United 53 labor unions into All Japan Counsil of Labor Unions, November 1934. Came to U.S. May 1935 on three months: lecture tour sponsored by three communistic organisations, including League Against War and Fascism. Back in Japan continued fight against fascism and in 1936 was elected to Lower House of Diet from Tokyo labor district with highest individual vote ever given in whole country. His All Japan Council of Labor Unions was ordered dissolved 1937 and in 1939 he was one of 371 suspected "communists" arrested in official drive to suppress last sources of pacifism and opposition to war in China. Has written several books. (H. C5, J) A Domei report stated Kate was rearrested shortly after Pearl Harbor. May still be in jail (74)

Most radical socialist leader in Japan but never admitted openly that he was a communist. Intellectually brilliant, (37a) Opposed to present military regime in Japan and its foreign and demostic policies, but primarily metivated by desire

CONFIDENTIAL

KATO, Kanju (Cont'd)

to improve economic status of Japanese masses. Believed to be a left-wing liberal but without communist ties. Expressed admiration for U.S. as democratic nation when here in 1935. (74)

KATO, Tet suso

Tokyo

Male: age about 35

Licensed Adventist minister and publishing secretary of Japanese Union Mission

Does not speak English

Address: Adventist Church headquarters, 171 Amanuma, 1-chome, Suginami-ku, Tokyo, 1939

Raw-boned; awkward looking

Residence also in Tokyo

Married; number of children unknown. Was a licensed minister as contrasted with higher achievement of being an ordained minister. Probably had the usual compulsory two-year military training.

Informant first met Kato 1931 and saw him three or four times during the following eight years for about four days each visit. Appeared to be very much a Christian and had devoted many years to furtherance of Christianity. Of good character generally. Informant believes he could be trusted to assist occupying forces, if occasion arose. (105a)

CONFIDENTIAL

KYUSHU

KATSU, Yasuji

Male; about 60 years old

Fukuoka Prefecture Takawa Gun (County)

Foremen of coal mine in Takawa County,

5.6" tall; weight about 150 pounds; fair complexion

Married but Informant knows nothing of his family background.

Graduated from some private Japanese college. Believed to be head of a labor union in Takawa County. Elected to House of Representatives of Diet from 24th Precinct, Fukuoka Prefecture, on "Democratic" ticket, sometime prior to 1932. Informant believes he came to United States once to study labor problem.

Katsu told Informant everything should be taken away from

Japanese Government control. so laborers would get shorter hours and

better pay. Hated the Seiyukai, political party dissolved in 1940.

Because of Katsu's background and private life, Informant believes he would be of some help to American Occupying Forces. (C26)

* Possibly Shakai Taishuto (Social Mass) or Rodo Nominto (Labor Party).

KAWACHI, Kensuke

Tokyo

Male; about 43 years of age

Operates an English newspaper at the Kansai

Gakuen

Speaks English fluently

Teacher

Height 5'b". Weight about 130 lbs., wears glasses, and has a light complexion

Kyoto, Tokyo

Born in Kona, Hawaii. Married and had two children in 1940. Wife is a Japanese subject. Father teaches English and Journalism in Doshisha University in Kyoto, Japan. Also teaches part time in Kansai Gakuin, a missionary school. Craduate of the University of Hawaii and of a Theological Seminary, believed to be the Chicago Theological Seminary. After graduating from Theological Seminary, preached first sermon for the Mission Board and they did not approve of some of his ideas concerning Christianity. Was asked by the Mission Board to retract some of his statements, but refused, and was not hired by them. He then left Hawaii for Japan. Told Informant that he was sorry that he had been so bull-headed concerning this incident. Intended to keep his United States citizenship.

Is a very liberal man and very influential among his students. Informant believes he might be of some help to the United States Forces occupying Japan. (C30)

SHIKOKU

KAWADA, Rev. Kenichi

Kagawa

Takamatsu City

Male, about 60 years old

Christian minister in one of the

missions of city in 1940

Speaks English fluently

Clergyman, interpreter Kirisutokyo, Bokushikwan, Mankajin

(Christian parsonage)

Born Moji, Japan, Educated in government public schools and later attended the Christian school in Takamatsu. For past 30 years has been popular Christian minister in one of the missions in Takamatsu. Informant (114), a Presbyterian clergyman and missionary in cities of Kochi and Takamatsu 1906-1940, believes Kawada may be of service to occupation forces, though not necessarily pro-Allied.

À

KAWAI, Miliro

Tokyo

Male: about 55 years old

Present position unknown; former professor Tokyo Imperial University

Reads, writes, speaks English and German

Address 1937: 4948, Kanoezuko Oi-machi, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo

Thin, wiry, mousey, with graying hair and deeply-lined face.

Bern in Tokyo, date unknown; brother of Zembei Kawai; married Kuniko, sister of Tsunchiko Kanai. Graduated Tokyo Imperial University in law 1915 and immediately entered Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce, Industrial Investigation Bureau.

Sent to Johns Hopkins University to study political economy, 1918. Assistant professor Tokyo Imperial University, 1920. Went to Murope and America to study 1932 and became full professor 1934. Held chair in social politics 1936. (A, 58)

Defended professor—associate in Economics Department, accused of complicity in communist conspiracy 1938 and was himself examined by police on ground his books contained communist doctrines. Refused to resign and was dismissed January 1939 in Education Ministry's campaign to suppress academic freedom and university autonomy. (J)

Adherent of parliamentary democracy, anti-imperialist. Criticized army revolt of 26 Feb. 1936 and was dubbed "anti-militarist." Constant critic of educational policies of Japanese Government. Highly regarded in 1939 by internationally minded Japanese in age group 20 - 35 and regarded as martyr by them because of persecution received as result of his liberal teachings. Probably would assist American occupying forces. (58, 187)

A

HONSHU

KAWAI, Michi (Michiko)

Females age 68 years

Speaks, reads and writes English fluently

5°1" tall; weight 105 pounds; black hair; brown wes; usually wears glasses Tokyo

Principal and founder, Keisen Jogaku-in

YWCA worker; feminist leader; peace advecte; writer; lecturer

1090, Funabashi-cho, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo (Address 1942)

Born 1877 Mis Prefecture. Attended mission schools in Japan and graduated from Bryn Mawr College 1905. Not married. Was General Secretary YWCA in Japan for about 20 years and traveled all over world as delegate to TWCA and other religious conferences. Founded Keisen Girls School 1929 and it quickly gained enrollment of several hundred, many of whom were Nisei. School endowed by Japanese and U. S. religious groups. Curricula much along lines of U.S. schools. Author of "Japanese Women Speak," "My Lantern," and others on education. Only woman member of group of Japanese Christians that same to U.S. in 1941 seeking Japanese-American reconciliation. Hes

Has dynamic personality with good, strong mind; tolerant and world-minded; anti-imperialist and anti-war. Deplored China occupation. Reportedly refused to allow her students to celebrate fall of Singapore as was ordered of all Japanese schools at the time. Well liked and formerly had strong influence in educational circles. Extremely friendly toward Americans and has warmly paid tribute to work of Christian missionaries in Japan. (61, 71, 77, 84)

All foregoing Informents and others believe Miss Kawai would be helpful to occupying forces.

CONFIDENTIAL

KYUSHU

KAWAMOTO, Mateo

Fukuoka Prefecture Yahata

Male; about 33 years old

Lawyer for firm in Yahata, 1937

Can speak English, also German

Lawyer; leader of young men

About 5'7" tall; about 135 pounds Address 1937: As above weight; wears glasses; fair complexioned; rather handsome

Attended middle school in Yanai-machi, Kuga-gun, Yamaguchi Prefecture, Honshu, with Informant before 1930. Graduated from Waseda University in law. Later went to Yahata where his wife was born. No children 1937 when Informant last saw him. Father was stock broker

and oil man. Subject active as leader in young men's circles. Quite a "liberal" and in favor of democracy. Not satisfied with militarists control of Japan nor with Japanese mode of living in general.

Informant believes Subject might be of help to United States occupying forces because of his leadership ability. (C31)

B

HONSHU

KAWANISHI, Mr. (fnu)

Kobe

Male; about 45 years old

Manager, Miyabe and Sujetaka (probably Miyake

and Suyetaka)

Linguistic ability unknown

Address: Kobe, Japan

Informant believes above is trustworthy, dependable, has an extremely liberal and democratic outlock on life and can be relied upon to cooperate with authorities. (162a)

KAWASAKI, Hajime ("Jimmy")

Male; 61 years old

Speaks, reads, writes English fluently, without accent

About 5°7" tall; 160-175 pounds weight; has one glass eye; black hair combed straight back; aquiline nose; ruddy complexion; distinguished looking.

Tokyo

President Nippon Fire Insurance Co., Kawasaki Trust Co., and Nippon Bldg. Co.; Director, One Hundredth Bank, Nippon Trading Co., Toyoda-shiki Reeling Machine Co.; Auditor Hanwa Electric Railway Co., Kobe Steel Manufacturing Co.

Address 1942: 1 Dai-machi, Akasaka-ku, Tokyo

Born November 1884 Ibaraki Prefecture, son of late Tosaku Kawasaki.

Married but wife was killed in 1923 earthquake. Has a daughter believed to be married to a Frenchman. Graduate of Tokyo Commercial College and University of Pennsylvania, class of 1909, in finance and commerce. Was member of Zeta Psi fraternity and Varsity Tennis Team 1906-08. (126a) Nember of several Japanese tennis and golf clubs. Has large amount of money tied up in U.S. and Hawaii and has visited both places numbrous times, according to Informant. (169) Inherited family business. Primarily interested in insurance, but has connections with other great Kawasaki interests. (C, C, 185a, C41)

Believed to be a Christian. Very intelligent; a keen but pleasant business man. (185a) Extremely friendly toward Americans and was one of few Japanese associate members of American Club, Tokyo. Greatly admired American way of life, culture, psychology, and business methods. Openly criticized Japanese Government and its treatment of Japanese business men; said Japanese ventures in China and Manchuria were entirely too ambitious and that Japan had "bitten off more than she could chew." (199) In pre-

CONFIDENTIAL

KAWASAKI, Hajime("Jimmy") (cont'd)

sence of several Americans and Japanese 1940 declared he knew the authorities could stand him up against wall and shoot him but he did not fear to state that Japanese militarist regime was leading country to ruin.

(3) Numbered that Kawasaki was arrested and placed under protective custody after Pearl Harbor. Stated that his dislike of Government methods had placed him under suspicion and that he was constantly watched. (Ch1)

Because of his wide connections with influential Japanese, Informants (3, C41, 199) believe he would be willing to help occupying forces. Informant (169) believes he would cooperate because it would be to his material interest to do so:

Has brother who was a leader in anti-foreign movement in Japan. (3)

This may be Hajime's younger brother, Kineo Kawasaki, President of Nikka

Life Insurance Co. (See also Morinosuke Kawasaki)

KAWADAKI, Morinosuke

Tokyo

Male: age 40 years

Vice President Nippon Fire Insurance Company: Director in Nikka Life Insurance Company.

Speaks English fluently; French slightly

Address 1942: 28 Fujimi-cho, Azebu-ku, Tokyo

Born Tokyo February 1905, son of Hachiemon Kawasaki. Married Akiko, daughter of Mibume Arishima. Number of children unknown. Graduated Peers School 1922; attended Cambridge University, England. Vice President of Nippon Fire Insurance Company of which Hajime Kawasaki (q.v.) is President and a director of Nikka Life Insurance Company, of which Hajime's younger brother, Kineo Kawasaki, is President. (C, G)

Of superior capability and dependability and highly respected in community, but only average in ability to work with others. Internationally minded and democratically inclined. Always seemed to be friendly toward Britain and United States. Informants believe he would assist occupying forces. (27, 60a)

HUNSHU

KIHARA, E.

Tokyo .

Male; ale about 62 years

Present position unknown

Speaks Enalish fluently; German slightly

Sales engineer

Address: Can be reached through his daughter at office of Swedish Ball-bearing Mfg. Co. (Svenske Kullager Fabriken), Tokyo, Presumably as of 1941

Or superior capability and dependability and works well with others. Has average standing in community. Internationally minded, conservative, and believes in capitalistic control. Pro-American. Informant believes he would cooperate with occupying forces. (27)

Polereo

KIMURA, Dr. Gimbo (M.D.)

Tokyo

Male; age 38 years

Physician, St. Luke's International Medical Center, Tokyo, apparently as late as spring, 1944.

Reads, speaks, writes English fluently

Address: As above, 1944

5°5" tall; weight 160 pounds; black hair

Born in northern California May 1907, son of a farmer and landscape gardner. Received A.B. degree from University of California, May 1931.

Took ROTC and was active in athletics. Apparently studied medicine at Rochester University and served an internship or practiced medicine there for some years. Affiliated with St. Luke's about 1939. Married an American girl but they were divorced. At parents' insistence returned to Japan and married a Japanese girl. Has at least one child whom he registered at American Embassy at great personal risk. Parents interned at relocation center thought to be in Utah. One sister engaged in research work at Washington University, St. Louis, Mo., and one brother an officer in United States Army. Kimura and family are Buddhists. (VI, 108, 121b, 170)

Is loyal to $U_{\circ}S_{\circ}$ and would be most helpful to occupying forces. (108,170)

HONSIN

KIMURA, Kotaro

Osaka

Male, approximately 35 years old Pastor, Yodogawa Baptist Church, Osaka; Executive, Mead Christian Center, Osaka

Speaks, reads and writes English Baptist minister fluently. Reads German

50 Motoinzato Minami Dori 1-chome, Higashi Yodogawa-ku, Osaka

Son of farmer; has brother who is Baptist minister in Hiroshima; is married and has one minor child. Graduate of a Japanese Middle School and higher department of Kwanto Gakuin in Yokohama. 1939-1941 attended Baptist Theological School in Berkeley, Cal. receiving a B.D. degree. Kimura was in the U.S. when war broke out and was interned. He returned to Japan on the first voyage of the Gripsholm. Source is reliably informed by returning missionaries that Kimura is serving as Executive of the Mead Christian Center in Csaka and as pastor of Todogawa Baptist Church there. Kimura's position as executive of the Mead Center indicates that he is capable executive engaged in social work among large portions of population of Osaka. His duties include supervision of a day and night school, a library and a clinic. Source has known Kimura intimately for 12 or 15 years and feels that Kimura is friendly to the Western democracies and would be valuable agent of the allied occupying forces. (46)

KIMULA, Seimatsu

Tokyo

Male; 64 years old

Congregational Minister, Tokyo, 1941

Speaks English very well

Address 1941: 193 of 4, Ira-Ari, Omori-ku

Tokyo

Educated at California Pacific University and Moody Bible School. Of the evangelistic type and known as the "Billy Sunday of Japan." Has traveled widely in Japan and in U.S. Has always been friendly toward U.S. and should be able to exert favorable influence in behalf of occupying forces. (70)

KIMURA, Takutaro

Tokyo

Male; about 60 years old

Principal of Tokyo school founded by Mitsui family and professor at St. Paul's University (Episcopal), Tokyo, 1941

Probably speaks English quite well

Addressa as above

In his youth selected by Japanese Government as one of the boys to be sent to school headed by Informant's father in order to promote Japanese-American friendship. Was educated by Informant's father who arranged for him to attend and graduate from St. Paul's University, founded by American Episcopal Church of Japan. Taught in Osaka for a time and later returned to Tokyo Married.

Was an intimate friend of Informant's family throughout life of her father. His close friends were mostly Japanese Episcopalians and his closs contacts were primarily with educational circles. Has always favored American liberal education system and was disturbed when Government domination over Japanese education was inaugurated. Her father's influence and other happy friendships with Americans, Informant believes, will naturally turn Kimura toward occupation with occupying forces. (52)

KISHI, Chitose

Japan

Male; about 46 years of age

Christian Minister of a Lutheran Church in Kyoto

Speaks and reads English well Well qualified translator

Last known address: Sakyo-Ku, 20 Tanaka-Sekuda machi, Kyoto

Native of Gifu-ken, Japan. Received his middle school education at Nagoya Chu Gakko School and continued his higher education in the United States. Subsequently attended Roanoke College, Virginia; Southern Lutheran Theological Seminary, Columbia, South Carolina; and Hartford Seminary, Hartford, Connecticut. Also attended Leipzig University in Germany for a short time. For twelve years prior to 1941, he was engaged as paster of a Lutheran Church in Kyoto and probably still holds that position. Known in Japanese educational circles. Has not been active politically.

Christian. Has a sincere appreciation for democracy and for the United States. Informant has known Kishi from childhood and believes he would cooperate with occupying forces. (70)

KITAGAWA, Rev. Hiroshi

Male; 56 years of age

Osaka

President of large Bible (theological?) college, Csaka, under Japan Church of Christ, 1941 or later

Address: as above; in 1938, Schichiji Sagaru, Kyoto

Born in Kumamoto, Kyushu, and came to U.S. in 1910 and was converted at that time to Christianity. Graduated Pasadena College, Pasadena, California. Later ordained to ministry and sent back to Japan in 1914. Has worked faithfully in Christian work ever since. Well liked and respected by all missionaries and Christians who knew him. Later made three trips to U.S. Eventually was elected superintendent of the Church of the Nazarene in Japan, a mosition he held for 12 years. In 1941 the Japanese Government forced the Protestant churches in Japan to amalgamate as the Japan Church of Christ (United Church of Christ in Japan) and Kitagawa was then elected President of the Osaka College.

Informant states that Kitagawa is very friendly toward Americans and abhors war.

Daughter, Naomi Kitagawa, who studied at Pasadena College 1936-39, when last heard of was with other missionaries in Tsingtac, China.

A brother, Sniro Kitagawa (about 40 years of age), is a strong Christian and has been pastor of the First Mazarene Church in Kumamoto for a number of years. (50, VI)

HOMSHU

KITAMURA, Dr. Saburo (M.D.)

Male; 42 years old

Tokyo

Head of Tokyo Samitarium Hospital (Adventist), 171 Amanuma, 1-chome, Suganami-ku, Tokyo,

1941

Speaks almost perfect English

5°10°, weight 135 pounds;

black hair

Obstetrician; surgeon

Address 151 Kogai-cho, Azaba-ku, Tokyo

(home)

Born Osaka November 1903, son of Tajiro Kitamura, Attended Sakai High School; received B.S. in chemistry from Philadelphie. College of Pharmacy 1928; attended University of Pennsylvania 1929-36, receiving B.S. in biology 1930 and M.U. 1936. Interne at Pennsylvania Hospital, Philadelphia, 1936-38 and resident physician there 1938-39. Junior associate St. Luke's International Medical Center, Tokyo, 1939-40. Married to Frances Mackenize Wyatt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Wyatt of Willow Grove, Pennsylvania, who are unreconciled to the inter-racial marriage. Has at least one child. (C. 22a. то, 108, 126ъ)

A Comistian. Has strong family ties with Japan, but has many American ideas and tendencies, dressing and living in American style. Frequently envertained Americans and was well liked by all. Had no sympathy for Japanese militarists. An intelligent person and capable physician. Recommended as a source of information for occupying forces. (22a, 70, 108)

HONSHU .

KITAMURA, Y.

Osaka

Male; Approx. 40 years old

Employed in cotton department of Anderson, Clayton, and Company

Address:

Kitamura was called to active military duty and fought in China for two years as a reserve officer. Upon return he refused to discuss the war, but frequently made strong criticisms in private to Source regarding his hatred toward war and the promilitaristic clique in Japan. Kitamura commenced employment as office boy and advanced to position paying 7500 yen per year. Married and has three or four children. (42)

KTTAZAMA, Sukso

Oita Prefeature

Oita City

Male; age about 50

Teacher of English and business methods at Oita Commercial College, a Government institution, Oita City, 1941

Speaks, reads writes English fluently

Teacher; writer on foreign affairs

About 5°7" tall; stocky build; small mustache; always wore Western clothes

Address 19418 Muromachi Tamuro, Oita City

Born in Japan of Japanese parents. His wife has a brother residing in Sacramento Call. (87) Has one son and three daughters 1941. (54) Came to U.S. as youth and worked in California for Nippon Yusen Kaisha for a time. Then attended University of California and later graduated from Harvard University. Immediately assumed Oita teaching post which he had held for a number of years up to 1941. Has written occasionally on foreign affairs for Japanses publications. No political activity. (87)

Japanese Government, but did not publicly voice his disagreement. Chiefly motivated by desire to carry out his philosophical beliefs in education field. He and his family are sincere frotestant Christians. Generally friendly to methods and policies of U.S. Government and to democratic institutions of Western countries. (87) Appeared to include in no Japanese practices of any sort and kept most of his house in Western style. (54)

Based on intimate acquaintance over 17-year period, Informants feel he trusts is definitely friendly with Allies and a progressive liberal and could be counted upon to cooperate with occupying forces. (54) (87)

A

KIYONO,

Tokyo

Male; age unknown

Wealthy merchant in Tokyo

Speaks English fluently

Address as of 1941: Resided directly across street from Tokyo Union Church

Resided in New Orleans, La. for five years. Two daughters were educated in U.S., but returned to Japan to marry.

Personal integrity above reproach. A strong follower of "liberal" movement in Japan and a believer in democratic principles. Did not openly oppose militarist: but violently disapproved of Axis Pact and the China War. Informant believes he would be of value to our occupying forces. (81)

KIYOOKA, Mr. and Mrs. Eiichi

Husband and wife, latter about 40 years old

Both speak excellent English

Mrs. K. is 5° tall, plump build, black hair

Tokyo

Mr. Kiyooka is principal of elementary school connected with Keio University; Mrs. Kiyooka is a housewife

Address: 451 Sanko-cho Shirokane, Shiba-ku, Tokyo

Mr. Kiyooka is a grandson of the first great liberal educator of Japan, Fukazawa, who founded Keio University. Mrs. Kiyooka is a daughter of Mme. Etsu Sugimoto (q.v.) and was born and educated in U.S. She and her sister were taken back to Japan in late 1920's to find Japanese husbands. Mrs. Kiyooka has made two visits to U.S. with her husband since going to Japan and may have been with him during year he taught in Honolulu. Mr. Kiyooka is wealthy and has several homes, his father formerly having been chief Japanese figure in Standard Oil Co. A graduate of Cornell University.

Mrs. Kiyooka is a Christian, vivacious and fun-loving, and more American in her tastes than her mother or sister. Not of forceful character, however, and might be easily influenced. Wrote "Chiyo"s Return," the story of her own return to Japan, which was published in U. S. Mr. Kiyooka a perfect gentleman and completely trustworthy. Informants believe they would be helpful to occupying authorities. (37a, 138)

KOBAYASHI, Ko

Male; age approximately 58

Speaks English fluontly

Tokyo

Reportedly Principal of Akasaka Chugaku (Ebara

School), Akasaka-ku, Tokyo

Educator; administrator; interpreter

Address: As above

Formerly was headmaster of Akasaka Chugaku (middle school) founded by late Mr. Ebara, member of House of Peers. Sentiment of school has been proforeign and pro-Christian and hundreds of younger men in Japanese public life have learned about U.S. and Great Britain through Kobayashi. Very active in English-teaching circles and highly respected at Akasaka Chugaku.

Is of very positive type and speaks frankly and foreibly. Has good judgment and is recognized as a leader. Capable, dependable, works well with others, and has high standing in the community. A patriotic Japanese who believes in constitutional monarcy, and has liberal views. Could be counted . on as a reliable chief of any interpreter group that might be needed by occupying forces, in opinion of Informant. (165)

KOIZUMI, Shinzo (D. Econ.) Tokyo

Male; age 57 years President concurrently of Keio and Fujihara
Technical Universities, 1945

Probably speaks English Educator; administrator; author

Address: 325, 3-chomo, Kita Shinagawa, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo; tel., Takanawa 7794

Born Tokyo, May 1888; son of Shinkichi Koizumi. Married Tomi, daughter of late Taizo Abe, pioneer in life insurance business of Japan and President of Meiji Life Insurance Co. Graduated Keio University in political science 1910. Became professor at Keio and its president in 1933. Awarded doctorate 1934 by study of Ricardo. First president of Fujihara University, established by Ginjiro Fujihara, industrialist and former Munitions Minister (q.v.). Author of "Value and Socialism" and other books. (B-1, K)

Keio University is known as a very liberal institution which places emphasis on teaching the English language, according to Informant (C8), who also reports having heard Koizumi make many favorable comments about U.S. and democracy. He and Informant (116) believe Koizumi would be helpful to occupying forces.

According to Radio Tokyo, a Yomiuri Hochi article of last March by Koizumi stated in part: "...there is absolutely no halfway compromise termination in this war. The outcome...can only be either victory or total extinction as a nation...And we have none other than ourselves to rely upon...If we should be defeated...or...should surrender...we and our loved ones could never escape a fate of oternal sufforing and humiliation...Only by fighting it out will there be found a way to save the nation from defeat and consequent total extinction." An English broadcast by Tokyo on 10 July 1945 quoted Koizumi as saying that the British and Soviet peoples avoided catastrophe because their armies and

COMFIDENTIAL

KOIZUMI, Shinzo (D. Econ.), Continued

their people retained their spirit intact and that Japan had such spiritual power to an even more superlative degree. Without disregarding mechanical or material power, it is spiritual power that wins the victory in the last analysis, he pointed out, as evidenced by the spirit of the Japanese special-attack corps. (K) Koizumi's responsibility for these alleged statements attributed to him cannot be fairly judged, however, until the circumstances are known.

Kyoto

Female

KOMAI, Shizue

Interested in civic and social movements in

Myoto

Last known address: 64 Kanooricho, Kyoto

Married; wife of Professor of Kyoto Imperial University and graduate of Kobe College. Has travelled in China, England and the United States and is out of sympathy with the military regime in Japan and deplores what has been done after seeing the situation at first hand. Husband is a liberal minded man. Informant believes she would cooperate with Allied occupying forces, but is not sure of her husband. (71)

KOMATSU, Takashi

Male; 59 years old

Tokyo

Managing Director, Aseno Shipbuilding Co., Ltd., as of 1937, and of Tsurumi Steel and Shipbuilding Co. as of 1940

Speaks, reads, writes English fluently

Industrialist; internationalist

Has groy-black hair parted in middle, round face with thick ness; wears gold-rimmed glasses; 5'4" tall; weight about 160 pounds

Address: 2370 Araiju-ku, 1-chome, Omori-ku, Tokyo; tel. Omori 1902

Born Shizuoka Prefocture March 1886, son of Mikisaburo Komatsu. Married Oriko, daughter of Tokunosuke Takahashi, 1917. Has two sons and three daughters. Graduated from high school, Monmouth, Ill. and attended Monmouth College, receiving A.B. cum laude 1910. Attended Harvard Graduate School 1910-12, receiving A.M. degree 1911. Connected with Toyo Steamship Co., 1913-26, and was manager of its San Francisco branch 1921-26. Joined Asano Shipbuilding Co. Ltd. 1928. Member of Tokyo Club, American Club, American Japan Society, Tokyo Golf Club, Tokyo Rotary Club. (A, 187)

Had planned to send a son to Monmouth College and secured a visa for him three or four days before Pearl Harbor. All of his children attended a Christian mission school. Has visited U.S. several times, last time 1940 when attended 30th rounion of his Monmouth class. A man of high personal integrity and a Christian. Eager for peaceful solution of Japanese-American difficulties but a loyal Japanese who endeavered to defend Japanese position. (15, 105, 159) Expressed distress over Japanese jinguistic talk directed against U.S. to Informant (85). Told Misei Informant (042) that latter should return U.S.; that Japan was thoroughly militaristic and bureaucratic and that he (Komatsu) did not agree with its policies; that he had always desired Japanese-American friendship and that friendship should be key of Japan's foreign policy.

All foregoing information and (37a, 157, 174) believe that Komatsu would cooperate with occupying forces.

Tokyo

KONISHI, Kosuke Malo; ago about 33 years

On staff of Mitsui & Co., 1942

B

Speaks English fluently

Address: Mitsui & Co., Tokyo

5:4" tall; weight about 150 pounds

Son of a rice dealer. Married to a Nisei whose father is a merchant and with his wife living in U.S. Kosuke has a five-year-old daughter. Is a Buddhist. Entered employ of Mitsui in Tokyo; transferred to their San Francisco office and later to their Los Angeles office where he and Informant worked together. Still later transferred to Mitsui's New York Office; was back interned and repatriated 1942. From 1933 to 1942 made no trips/to Japan.

While in U.S. followed American customs and manner of living. Understands American psychology very well. Informant heard him express his liking for democracy and believes he might be of some help to occupying forces. (C27)

HOWSHU

KONOYE, Prince Fuminaro Tokyo

Male, 53 years old Momber, House of Peers

Former Fremier

Speaks English, Chinose, Russian 743, Niehida, 1-chome, Suginami-ku, Tokyo

1891, Oct. Born in Tokyo; eldest son of late Prince Atsumaro Konoye,

statesman. Married Chiyoko, 2nd daughter of Viscount

Takanori Mori.

1917 Graduated, Tokyo Imperial University, Law.

1918 Joined Home Ministry.

1919 Member, Japanese delegation to Paris peace conference.

1931-33 Vice-President, House of Peers.

1933-37 Prosident, House of Peers.

1934 Toured United States.

1937 June - 1939, Jan. Premier

1938, Sept. - Oct.

Concurrently Overseas Minister.

1939 Jan. - 1940 June

President, Privy Council

1939 Minister without Portfolio in Hiranuma Cabinet.

1940, Jul. - 1941, Jul.

Fremier, second time.

1941, Jul. - 1941, Oct.

Premier, third time.

1943 Adviser, Imperial Rulo Assistance Association.

Chairman, Society for International Cultural Relations.

President, Japan-Thailand Association.

President, Japan-Indochina Association.

Chairm in, Toa Dobun Kai

President, Japan-China Association.

KONOYE, Prince Fumimaro con't.

Prince Konoye has wide political experience and the ability to command a large following drawn from many factions. Much of his popularity may be attributed, however, to his custom of withdrawing whenever a controversial issue arose. He has thus been able to mean all things to all people. Tolischus has characterized him as "an effete aristocrat and voluptuary with wandering intellectual interests and no strong conviction, lazy, cynical, and confused, who took to his bed whenever he faced an embarrassing situation." (Tokyo Record, p. 79)

Although he has the reputation in many quarters of being a liberal and a pacifist, his record does not bear this out. It was during his Premierships that Japan (a) attacked China, (b) adopted the National Mobilization Law, providing a logal basis for state control of capital, labor and industry, (c) signed the Tripartite Pact with Germany and Italy, (d) dispatched troops to French Indo-China and (e) abandoned the old system of political parties for the totalitarian Imperial Rule Assistance Association. His activities should be carefully scrutinized and his advice accepted with caution.

A

KOSAKA, Miss Hannah

Tokyo

Fomale; age about 30 years

Secretary in office of Nippon Sangyo, large industrial firm, Tokyo, 1939 or later

Speaks, roads, writes English fluontly

Address: As above

5°5" tall; weight about 130 pounds

Born in State of Washington, sister of lat Lieut. Kosaka, AUS, presently at Military Intelligence Service Language School, Fort Snelling, Minn. Graduated University of Washington, majoring in music, and is a good pianist. Went to Japan 1937. At Nippon Sangyo earned salary of about 150 yen a month 1939, which is very good for a woman in Japan.

An ardent Christian. Very influential among Niseis in and around Tokyo.

Very Westernized and liberal. Informents believe she would be helpful to
occupying forces. (C18, 121b)

KOSOKABE, Dr. Hisashi (M.D.) Sapporo City

Male; age 62 years (1945) Professor, Hokkaido Imperial University (A)
Eye, car nose and throat specialist
Hokkaido University Hospital, 1941 (88)

Speaks English and possibly Ger-Physician; specialist as above. man.

No physical description given Address 1937: 1306 Nichi 16-chome, Minami-Shijo, Sapporo, Tel. 2619; or Hospital as above, 1941.

Born Tokyo October 1882, son of Mobuchika Kosokabe; married Mase, daughter of Bunsuke Hattori. Graduated Myoto Imperial University. Career: Assistant, same University; chief physician, Japan Red Cross Wakayama. Hospital, 1911; chief physician, Sapporo Hospital, 1913; studied Europe and America, 1919-22; Professor Hokkaldo Imperial University; Director same University Hospital, 1929; Professor same University 1931. (A)

Highly regarded and widely known for his medical ability. A Christian. Definitely stated to Informant his opposition to present personnel and policies of Japanese Government. Manifested friendliness and admiration for Americans and U.S. One of most internationally minded men in Sapporo.

Valuable potential agent of occupation forces. (88)

B

KOZAKI, Dr.

Tokyo

Male; 66 years old

Superistendent of Tokyo District of the Methodist Church, *1938 or later

Linguistic ability unknown

Address: As above 1938

Graduated Tokyo Imperial University. Married. Well known for his work among Christians in Tokyo district. (50)

* The Methodist Church in Japan has been merged with other Protestant denominations to form United Church of Christ in Japan.

Tokyo

Male: 55-65 years old

KOZAKI, Michio

Director of General Affairs Board, United Church of Christ in Japan, 1945

A

fluently

Speaks, reads, writes English Clergyman; editor, administrator

Medium height and stout Address: 14 Reinanzaka-machi, Akasaka-ku, Tokyo University.

Born in Tokyo, son of Hiromichi Kozaki, a Congregational minister and onetime president of Doshisha University. Received lower education in Tokyo schools; A.B. Oberlin University 1917; received M.A. Columbia University 1918; and D.B. Yale Figirity School 1922. Married and has two sons and three daughters. Succeeded his father as pastor of largest Congregational Church in Tokyo at Reinanzaka, supported entirely by Japanese funds, and held that position 1941, Represented Japan at International Missionary Council, Jerusalen, 1928. One of group of distinguished Japanese Christians who came to U.S. 1941 to try to reconcile Japanese-America differences. President of Japanese Fellowship of Reconciliation. His family has long had intimate contacts with very prominent persons in political and business circles. Editor of "Christian Graphic." Officer of East Acia Missions Board of the Japan Church of Christ, according to Tokyo broadcast of 12 Docember 1944.

Friendly to Americans. Japanese authorities suspicious about his frequent association with American missionary pacifists. Privately criticized Japan's actions in Manchuria and Shanghai 1932. Recommended as valuable source of information for occupying forces. (37, 37s, 41, 70, 137, A)

COMPIDENTIAL

A

HOKSHU'

KUBO, Mrs. Eyo

Tokyo

Female, age approximately 60

possibly on mursking staff, St. Luke's International Medical Center, Tokyo, 1941

Reads, writes, speaks English Address 1941: As above fluently

5' tall; weight 130 pounds; black hair

Born in Tokyo. Graudate of a girls school in Virginia. Became second wife of Dr. Kubo, former head of St. Luke's and a graduate of Johns Hopkins University. He may now be deceased. Formerly on hospital nursing staff and may now be there. Ppiscopalian. In opinion of Informant, would be a most valuable contact for occupying forces. (108)

CONFIDENTIAL

KYUSHU

KUBOTA, K.

Male: age about 60-62

Speaks English slightly

Fukucka Prefecture Kurume City

Retired

Business director and organizer

Address (sometime prior to 1941): Nan Kun Nishi Machi, Kurume

Capability, dependability, ability to work with others, and standing in his community are superior. Friendly, intelligent.

Believes in capitalistic system. Informant believes he might be useful to occupying forces. (27)

CONFIDENTIAL

HONSHU

KUGIMIYA, Tokio

Osaka

Male; Approx 70 years old Ex-bishop of Japanese Methodist Church Methodist minister

Speake English

Matsuba Dori, Toyanaka Machi, Osaka

A graduate of Kansai Gakuin and Seminary Dept. of Duke University; is married. Ex-bishop of Japanese Methodist Church. Respected by Christian leaders of Japan. Visited U.S. of recent years as official delegate to General Conference of Methodist-Episcopal Church, South. Has many friends in Methodist Church in U.S. Source has been acquainted with Kugimiya since 1934 and considers Kugimiya loyal to Japan but also believes he bould be depended upon to cooperate with occupation forces. (61)

KUNUGI, Toratsugu

Osaka.

Male; 55 years old

Director in Nippon Silk and Rayon Export
Association and several textile companies
1942

Speaks English very well

Address: 909, Kegakin, Ashiya, Muko-gun, Hyogo Prefecture (1942)

Born Yamanashi Prefecture, February 1890, son of Magobei Kunagi.

Matried Teiko, daughter of Kankichiro Harada. Graduated Tung Wen College,
Shanghai, 1910. Joined Itoh Chu Trading Co. Served as manager of its New
York, Bombay, Singapore, and Shanghai branches. Director in Itoh Chu
Trading Co., (C. Itoh & Co.) Osaka; Omachi Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills;
Ayata Hosisry Mills; Chosen Weaving Mills, etc. (C, 42)

An unusually able man and very shrewd in business. Formerly particularly fond of mixing socially and commercially with foreigners and was in constant communication with American business men. His principal recreation is golf. Anti-militarist and reportedly opposed to present war due to its adverse effect on his personal fortunes. Informant believes he would be cooperative with American occupation forces and could be used to secure his employees cooperation (42)

KUROKAWA, Shinjiro

Tokyo

Male; 70 years old

Former President Kokusai Kisen Kaisha (Steamship Company)

Linguistic ability unknown

5'8 or 9" tall; weight 175 pounds; black hair; handsome (1931)

Shipping magnato; internationalist

Address: 14 Shoto, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo, Tel.

Shibuya 1955.

Born July 1875, son of Masachika Kanai; adopted by Yotaro Kurokawa; married Kane, daughter of Shinichiro Ishikawa. Graduated Aoyama Gakuin, a Methodist college in Tokyo, 1894, and immediately joined Nippon Yuson Kaisha. Manager N.Y.K. Kobe branch 1918-23; delegate to Paris Peace Conference 1919; decorated with order of Rising Sun 1920; vice president N.Y.K. 1923-25; toured Europe and America 1926; President Japan Shipowners? Association 1932-36; director in Industrial Bank of Japan. His son, Masso Kurokawa graduated University of Pennsylvania, and was managor of Tokyo office of Informant's company 1931-41. (B-1, 162)

A Christian and extremely internationally minded. Frequently entertained Japanese and Americans together in effort to improve U.S. Japan relations. A close friend of Baron Takuma Dan, head of House of Mitsui, and Junnosuke Incuye, former Finance Minister, both of whom were assassinated by extremists. Often forcibly expressed to Informant his disagreement and impatience with Shintoism and samural traditions. Informant believes war with U.S. was last thing Kurokawa wanted. (162)

KUSAKABE, Masayasu

Tokyo

Male; age approximately 40

President of S. Kusakabe & Sons Co., Kyobunkwan Bldg., Ginza, Tokyo, 1938

В

Probably speaks English well

Address 1936 or later: As above

5'll" tall; weight 170 pounds; good physique

Born in Rome, Italy, son of S. Kusakabe, formerly in Japanese diplomatic service. Not married. Graduated Tokyo Imperial University. Lived in U.S. four years and traveled extensively in Europe. Very wealthy.

Plays golf and is ford of baseball, football, and night clubs. Considered friendly toward Americans. Name submitted by Informant as one who might help occupation authorities. (186)

Tokyo

Male; age 40-45 years

Resident physician, St. Luke's International Medical Center, Tokyo, 1939 and probably later

About 5'2" tall; weight about Address: As above 130 pounds

KUSUMOTO, Dr. Niroku Howard

Speaks fluent English

Born in Japan. Attended Leland Stanford University 1930-54, receiving A.B. and M.D. degrees. Married Yayoka Katsuishima 1934. Has one son about six years old.

Returned to Japan because of his parents. Expressed to Informant love for U.S. and desire to return to this country to live, if possible. Also planned to send son to U.S. for education. Not an outspoken man and had no connection with politics, but Informant knows his sentiments were against aggression and militarism. Informant believes he would be a valuable centact for occupation authorities. (Cl5, VI)

A

KYOTO, George

Tokyo

Male; about 30 years old

Student 1941

Speaks, reads, writes English fluontly

Address: 12 Takane-cho, Nakane-ku, Tokyo, 1941

5'7" tall; weight about 165 pounds

A Nisei and a Christian. Married but had no children 1941. Graduated University of Colifornia in political science and went to Japan on a scholar-ship offered by Japanese Foreign Office.

Sentiments of Kyoto and wife were always with U.S. Informant believes only reason they stayed in Japan in spite of 1941 tension was because Kyoto felt a moral obligation toward Japan for the scholarship and did not dream that acceptance of it would alter his whole life. Informant believes he would be useful to occupying forces. (C13)

SHIKOKU

B

MARUSHIGE, Nasao

Kagawa

Takamatsu City

Male, about 55 years old

Chief Clerk at Takamatsu College

in 1932

Speaks English very well

Lieison or contact man

Residence address unknown

Married. Only income is nominal salary from work at college. Friendly to Americans. Christian, probably Presbyterian. Informant (113), an American teacher employed by Japanese Government 1923=1932, believes Marushige would be useful to occupying forces.

MARUTAMA, Hidekatou

Male; about 25 years old

English, reads writes, and speaks very well

Tokyo

Student at Wassda University in Tokyo, 1941

Address 1941: 136 Onden, 1-chemo Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Born in Japan co 1920

Father was moderately wealthy, able and honest; translator from

Japanese into English on the "Japan Advertiser" a daily newspaper. Single.

Student at Waseda University, Tokyo 1941; education believed interrupted

for military service.

Was very influential in student circles. Had no military experience in 1941. Interested in social reconstruction. Delieved to be entirely unsympathetic toward the present Government; friendly towards Americans and democratic form of government. Christian.

It is believed that he would be very cooperative with occupying forces. (173)

MASUDA, Toizo

Male; about 36 years old

Tokyo

Daido Electric Co. Tokyo, 1937 Sales Department: Head, of a District

Understands English but cannot speak it fluently

6' tall but chest measurement too small for his height

Tokyo

Believed to have been born in Tokyo. Parents deceased; had one sister; father believed to have been wealthy. Graduated from Meiji University, Tokyo, economics. Received regular military training but failed his physical. Daido Electric Company, Tokyo 1933; Sales Department; head of a District in 1937. Considered very good in Tayour; received about \$100 per month plus bonuses and dividends. Hobby, basket ball; travelled with informant and team when they toured the U.S. in 1932 and 1933.

No political background, very liberal toward the U.S. Buddhist. Believed that he would help the U.S. during occupation. (C6)

MASUZAKI, Rev. Sotchiko

Wakayama

Minabe Machi

Male, about 50 years old

Evangelist and pastor in 1941

Limited knowledge of English

Christian leader

5°1", small mustache, wears glasses. Mouth somewhat twisted as result of injuries Minabe Machi, Hidaka Gun

Son of Buddhist and himself destined for priesthood, but converted to Christianity through Salvation Army street meeting at age of 19. Physically and morally courageous, has won people by his sincerity and practical help. His father is thought later to have become Christian. Married, has some children. Principal field of work is among fishermen in local area, but also does considerable travelling. Has worked closely with Dr. Toyohiko Kagawa, well known Christian leader, and is same type of man. Very vigorous. Has many friends among missionary community. Informant (109), an American missionary teacher in Japan 1921—11 and personal friend, believes Mr. Masuzaki would be opposed to ideas of military clique and would cooperate with occupying forces, especially in social reconstruction and rebuilding.

MATSUDAIRA, Toungo

Male; age 68 years

Speaks English perfectly

Heavy eyebrows and small mustache; Years glasses Tokyo

Recently resigned as Minister of Imperial Household

Diplomat; delegate to international conferences

Address 1942: 16 Shoto, Shibuya-ku Tokyo

Born April 1877 Tokyo, son of late Katamori Matsudaira, "Lord of Aisu Clan. Married Nobu, daughter of late Marquis Mabeshima, last feudal Lord of the Saga Clan. Graduated Tokyo Imperial University in political science 1902 and entered foreign service. Served in various diplomatic capacities and as chief of European-American Eureau, Foreign Office, until December 1974 when appointed Ambassador to U.S. following immigration crisis. Buceme one of most popular Washington diplomats and received honorary degrees from Lafayette College, Rutgers College and University of Missouri. Transferred to London as Ambassador 1929 and up to 1936 served concurrently as delegate to three League of Nations Conferences, London Naval Conference, Geneva Disarmament Conference, and London Monetary and Economic Conference. Co-author of Reed-Matsudaira proposals which made possible three-power agreement at London Naval Conference 1930. Appointed Minister of the Imperial Household 1936 which post he held until June 1945 when resigned, accepting responsibility for destruction by American bombing of part of Imperial palace. Present position unknown. (C. G-1, J. K)

Who's Who in Japan, 1940-41 and 1941-42 erroneously state Tsunco was sen of Viscount Morio Matsudaira who was born in 1878. (G-1)

Matsudaira's daughter Sotsuko graduated from Friends' School in Washington just prior to her marriage to Prince Chichibu, the Emperor's eldest brother. Count Tateo Matsudaira is his elder brother; Viscount Yasao Matsudaira his younger.

One of his wife's sisters married H.I.H. Field Marshal Prince Mashimoto; another, Viscount Tadaatsu Makino; and a third, Toshiko, married Yutaka Matsudaira, and is very active in women's organizations mostly patriotic.

(G-1, J)

Very same, wise, experienced, and absolutely opposed to militarists.

(47) Loyal to Emperor, possessed of a fine character. (55) Very unpopular with militarists. (174) Object of militarist suspicion because of his friendly attitude toward U.S. (J) Informants recommend him as one who probably would cooperate with occupying forces.

MATSUKA, Shizu (Mrs.) (nee: TAKECHI)

Female: 45 years old

Presumed to know English

Tokyo

Address 1943: 1312 Sensoku,

Meguro, Tokyo

Reared from childhood by informant. Married. Bisked life to bring food to informant while interned. Brought to U.S. for a 15 months stay about 16 years ago by informant. Considered tolerant and likely to view both sides of a question without prejudice. Christian. The only Christian in her family.

Would prefer to see Japan occupied and administered with efficiency by an invading force, rather than see the military clique ruin it. (05)

CONFIDENTIAL

HONSHU

MATSUMIYA, Kazuya

Tokyo

Male; 42 years old (6000

Had an International Language School in Tokyo (Cl3)

Speaks English well (C13)

Educator

5°4"; about 125 lbs; mustache (C13) Shiba-ku, Shiba Koen Go 3 Banchi, Tokyo (Cl3)

Born in Japan 1903 (600)

Father an educator also; Married; 2 children (C-13)

Attended a French Catholic School, in Tokyo; the Tokyo School of Foreign Language; Oberlin; Earlham College; Union Theological Seminary MA 1928; Hartford Seminary Foundation 1929 (60 C), believed to have a degree from Columbia University (Cl3). Employed at YECA, Tokyo in boys work (60c). Taught Japanese language and Japanese family system at University of California about 1938. With his father ran an International Language School in Tokyo, American, British, and other students. Wide acquaintance with Caucasians especially Americans and British. In close contact with the Dept of Education and knows many influential people. Liberal Christian (Cl3). Believed he would be influential and helpful during occupation (Cl3).

MATSUNO, Eikusaro (Rev.) D.D.

Male; 70 or over

Tokyo

Manager MYo Bun Kwon (Christian Church literature publishing corcorn, Tokyo) 1929-41

Practical ability

Address 1941: 26 Kasumi Asaby, Marc., Tokyo

Eas adopted daughter in Relocation Center. Became member of Christian Church in San Francisco. Ordained N.Y.C., for very years early 1900's pactor of a Japanese Christian Church there. Returned to Japan 1908. For many years, Chairman of the Japan Christian Conference; was Secretary of Pederation of Churches of Japan and Secretary of the present Japan Christian Council. About 1921, pastor Asaba Christian Church Tokyo until 1929.

Johned Myo Bun Kwan, largest Christian Sook Store and Publishing House; continued as honorary pastor Asaba Christian Church. Organized and carried on a Coustoptive Aid Society. Mives simply of limited wealth but has given largely to many Christian enterprises and has also given to individuals in trouble. Strongly opposed to the antionalist and imperialist government program; extremely liberal views but in too poor health. Well known in missionary circles and among Japanese Christians; been a representative at many getherings Asaba Christian Church, Tokyo. (51)

SHIKOKU

B

MATSUOKA, Mr.

Ehime

Matsuyama City

Male, about 65 years old

Owner of Wholesale paper store in

1941

Limited knowledge of English

Business man

5°2" tall, slender

limant address unknown - store about block to east of Toda's clothing

store, in Kawara Cho

No information available concerning place of birth and parentage.

Lived for some years in California but returned to Japan while still quite
young. Not much education. Not known whether pro-American, but was
always cordial and pleasant to Informant (109), an American teacher in
Matsuyama City 1924-1941, who had dealt with him since 1928. Informant
known nothing of Matsucka's political leanings, but believes he would
cooperate with occupying forces.

MATSUOKA, Yoko

Female: 28-30 years old

Tokyo

Member of staff of Rokusai Bunka Shinkokai (International Cultural Relations Society) 1943

Speaks, reads, writes English fluently; has slight knowledge of Garman and French

Address: As above, Meiji Life Insurance Bldg., Tokyo Also, Deijin Machi, Koichikawa-ku, Tokyo, 1941.

About 5'4" tall; a rather large plump girl

Born in Japan, daughter of Masac Mataucka, "eminent newspaper man, who graduated from Melo University and obtained M.A. degree from University of Wisconsin. Graduate of high school in U.S. and Swarthmore College.

Always active in student affairs. Traveled extensively in America and Europe as well as in Crient. Father forced her to attend a German school in Maguro which trained students in Hitler youth idea, although she, her mother and other women of the family opposed it. Mother a leader among Japanese women and a progressive. Yoko married to a Domoi correspondent, name unknown. According to a 1948 U.S. censorship report, she was working for Mokusai Bunka Shinkokai on the subject "Post-way Relations with America," using medden name.

Completely imbued with Swarthmore Liberal education; a clear thinker; excellent organizer. Family has good connections with all classes of Japanese. Friendly toward America. Informant believes she would prove helpful to occupying forces. (193)

* According to a Tokyo broadcast of July 1944 one Masac Matsucka was Governor of Surabaya Province, Java.

CONFIDENTIAL

HONSHU

MEGATA, Baron Shigeyoshi

Tokyo

Male; 45 years old

English - fluent

After 1941, Okura & Co. 2-chome Ginza, Tokyo

Born 5 Feb 1900 in Tokyo

Son of Baron Tonetaro Megata (deceased). Married daughter of Baron Kishichiro OKURA whom see in this study.

Studied engineering in Japan. MIT Oct. 1919 - 28 Dec 20; business and engineering administration; asked to withdraw for poor .scholarship.

Managed branch Okura and Co.; 30 Church St., New York, N.Y. (up to time of war;).

Resided many years in U.S.; is believed to have money and property here.

Believed would help in occupation. (31)

HONSHU

MIHARA, Shigekichi

Tokyo

Male: 84 years old

Dir. Sody for Intn'l Cultural Relations; Sec'y Nippon Color Print Ass'n (c)

Presumed to be fluent in English

Address 1942: 493, Togoshi, Ebara-ku, Tokyo

Born Feb. 1861, Negasaki City

Nippon Yusen Kaisha 1888; Mgr. Ho.gkong Branch 1897; sub-mgr.

New York Branch, 1907; Seattle Branch 1909; chief, Investigation Dept.

of head office 1914; resigned 1918. Dir Soc'y for International Cultural Relations; Sec'y Nippon Color Print Ass'n. (C)

Believed would be favorably inclined toward U.S.; knowledge of shipping. (174)

MIKIMOTO, Yoshiro

Male, 32 years old

Presumably proficient in English

Tokyo

Tachikawa

Aeronautical engineer at plant of Showa Aircraft Co. in 1940

Aeronautical engineer, liaison

Resident 126 6-chome Aoyaraminamicho, Akasakaku, Tokyo

Born Tokyo 6 April 1913. Preparatory school at Lawrenceville, N.J. Undergraduate student in aeronautics at Massachusetts Institute of Technology 1934-36; no degree received. (102a) Close friend of son of Prince Konoye, former Premior, and had many friends in Foreign Office. Informent (3), American adviser to Shows Aircraft Co. 1939-40, states that Mikimoto was a great admirer of American way of life and was dissatisfied with living under the Japanese system. He often said he would have liked to live permanently in the U.S., but knowing that he could not, said he would like to go to South America. Informant cannot vouch for Mikimoto's present attitude, but is certain that in March 1940 he was outspokenly unsympathetic with the military clique.

MINOBE, Dr. Tatsukichi.

Male, 72 years old

Tokyo

Former Professor of Constitutional and Administrative Law, Former Diet member,

Kichijoji, Nodakita, Musashino, Kita-Tama-gun, Tokyo-fu

1873	Born in Hyogo Prefecture; Son of Shinbo Minobe Married Tami, 3rd daughter of Baron Dairoku Kikuchi,
1897	Graduated, Tokyo Imperial University, Law College. Studied comparative history of legislation in France, Germany and England.
	Entered service in Home Ministry
1903	Professor at Tokyo Imperial University
1911	Member of Imperial Academy Appointed to House of Peers.
1935	Bitterly attacked by military extremists. Books burned: forced to retire from Dist and University.
1936	Narrowly escaped assassination by an extremist.

The services and advice of Dr. Minobe should be of great value in any effort to provide Japan with a more democratic constitution and legal system. An outstanding authority on the Japanese Constitution, he has maintained a liberal interpretation of it in spite of bitter opposition from the military and the rightists. He has held that the Emperor exercises sovereignty as the representative of the state, and that his sovereignty is to be exercised under the provisions of the Constitution, not as absolute and unlimited power. (H.Byas, Government by Assassination) He has maintained that control over military and naval extablishments should reside in the Cabinet rather than with the military and naval leaders.

JONFIDENTIAL.

(T. A. Bisson, <u>Japan in China</u>) and he has held that the Diet should be an independent organ reflecting the will of the people and not an agent of the Emperor. (H. Borton, <u>Japan Since 1931</u>) His advocacy of these views resulted in 1935 in the burning of his books and in 1936 in an attempt to assassinate him. (Byas, <u>op. cit.</u>) He has since been living in retirement. (C45)

HONSHU

MITSUI, Baron Hachiroemon Head of Mitsui family Tokyo

Male: 88 years old

Pres. Mitsui Gomei K. Retired?

English; presumed fluent

42 Imai-cho, Azabu-ku, Tokyo

Born Jan. 1857 in Kyoto, 7th son of Takayoshi Mitsui and adopted by his elder brother Takaaki Mitsui. Married Moto, sister of Count Toshiatsu Maeda.

Studied at New Brunswick and afterward at Lowe, U.S.A. 1872-1874

Succeeded his elder brother Feb. 1885; created Baron by special

grace of the late Emperer Meiji.

Noted for his philanthrophy. Recreations, painting, and calligraphy. (A-2)

Very powerful and very same; an excellent possibility for postwar cooperation. (47)

HONSHU

MIURA, Inoko

Male; 59-60 years old

Tokyo

Lutheran minister and professor at Lutheran Theological Seminary, Tokyo, 1941

Presumably fluent in English

Address 1941: Tokyo, Nakano-ku, Saginomiya, 921 of 2,

Has an artificial leg

Born 1886 possibly in Kyushu of samurai stock. Married and has four sons and one daughter. Eldest son was studying for the ministry and another studying Spanish in the governmental colonial service in 1941. (70) Attended Penn County College, Gettysburg, Penna.; graduated lutheren Theological Seminary, Gettysburg (may be same); attended Johns Hopkins University for six months 1922-23, and Lutheran Theological Seminary, Kumamoto, Japan. (70, 75a) Vice President United Church of Christ in Japan (Japan Church of Christ) 1941. (K)

Has very good judgment and excellent character. Well known and highly respected among Christians in Japan. Should be valuable as an advisor; could hold a subordinate governmental position. (70)

CONFIDENT LAL

KYUSHU

MIURA, Rev. Seiichi

Kumamoto Prefecture Kumamoto City

Male; age approximately 45-49

Rector of Seikokai (Episcopal) Church Kumamoto City; director of Aso Mission (Rural Christian Mission) near Kumamoto,

1941

Probably speaks some English

Religious and welfare worker

5°4° tall, very heavy set;

Address 1941: As above

balding forehead

Had full college and theological education and made one trip to England after his college days. As Informant recalls, was closely associated in 1938 and 1939 with Dr. Toyohiko Kagawa's Christian lecture tours and accompanied latter for full month (May or June) 1939 in tour of Korean farm villages. Frequently visited leper colonies in Okinawa. Understands problems of agricultural population of Japan, Korea and Formosa and conditions in Okinawa. Authority on rural evangelism and farm cooperatives.

Considered a very liberal thinker; often put him in cluiches of *thought control * police. Should be on list of contacts for eccupying forces in Kyushu. (143)

B

MIYAGAWA, Dr. Isuc

Mio

Ujiyamada

Male, 45-50 years old

- - -

Understands some English, but speaks none

5°6°, medium build, fore-part of head bald

Dentist engaged in private practice

Dentist, landowner

Residence: Moto-machi

now deceased, for many years Mayor of Hisai. Inherited family wealth and influence. Owns great deal of real estate in area around Hisai and is comfortably situated, though not an outstanding dentist. Married. Educated in Japan, and as fax as known has not travelled outside his own country. Comes from Christian family and is an elder in Ujiyamada Church of Christ (Presbyterian). Has known missionaries all his life. Both Miyagawa and wife extremely pleasant. Informant (11), and American Presbyterian clergyman in Japan 1930-42, states that, in view of Miyagawa extremely unnationalistic outlook, he believes Miyagawa would be helpful to occupying forces, and would be influential, especially around Hisai.

MIYAKE, Dr. Kiichi

Male; 69 years old

Speaks, reads, writes English and German fluently

5:5"; wiry; shock of black hair; bristling black eyebrows; wears glasses; has alert look of a small terrier Tokyo

Professor of Botany, College of Agriculture, Tokyo Imperial University, 1940

Capable organizer; practical scientist

Address 1940: 90 Rokuchome, Aoyama Minamicho, Akasaka-ku, Tokyo

Born November 1876 Hyogo Prefecture, son of Toyohiko Miyake. Married Itsu, daughter of Ichiro (Soho) TOKUTOMI, dean of Japanese journalists. Attended Science College of Doshisha (Christian) University, Kyoto; Imperial University of Tokyo; Cornell University 1902, A.B.; Bonn University, Germany, 1902-05; Ph.D. 1906. Lecturer at Agriculture College of Tokyo Imperial University 1906; assistant professor of same, 1911. Published about 10 treatises on botany; made a translation of Straeburger's textbook of botany in collaboration with Professor KUSANO; is a marine biologist also. (A-2, 187) Represented College of Agriculture, Tokyo Imperial University, at Harvard's Tercentenary. 1938. Traveled in U.S. and Europe often on scientific errands and studies... Persuaded the Magoya Electric Tram Co. to build an aquarium for marine biological laboratories; supplied plans and has had charge. Has liberal and democratic views. (187)

COMPUDENTIAL

HONSHU

MIYAZAWA, Shungi

Male; 46 years old

Tokyo

Professor of constitutional law, Tokyo Imperial University, 1935

Address: 1165 Go-chome, Sugamo, Toshima-ku, Tokyo

Born 1899. Graduated Imperial University of Tokyo in law. Ardent follower of Professor Tatsukichi Minobe, whom see in this study, in interpretation of Japanese Constitution. Views often more advanced. Always a staunch liberal and vigorously attacked all forms of totalitarian government. Might be friendly to American cause. (58)

HOKKAIDO

MIZOUE,___

Sapporo City

Male; age approximately 38-40

Principal, North Star Girls' High School, South 5 West 17, Sappore, 1941

Speaks English moderately well

Educator; administrator

Physical description not given

Address 1941: As above

Born in Japan. Graduate of a Japanese normal school, possibly in Tokyo. Received minimum military training in school. Married and had one or two children 1941. For some 10 years taught in a higher normal school in south Japan. Appointed to principalship in above Presbyterian institution by its board of trustees about 1935. (40,88)

Engaged in no political activities, contacts being confined to educational field. Criticized both domestic and foreign policies of Japanese Government as well as Government personnel. Interested in education for women and is outspoken in their interest. Resents Government control of school textbooks.

Officer of Presbyterian Church, Sappore. Close friend of Mr. Niijima, retired Christian educator, North 5 Nest 11, Sappore. (58, 40)

Informant (88) considers Mizone a "liberal Unristian democrat" with sidespread influence in educational and Christian circles of Hokkaido and potentialig a valuable agent of occupation forces. To Informant (40) he is open-minded and not a potential Quieling.

HONSHU

MIZUE, Paul

Osaka.

Male; 30 years old

Worked for Osaka Trading Firm

Speaks English fluently Locate through Osaka Trading Firm

A Nisei born in the U.S.; his family formerly lived in Los Angeles; they are still in the U.S. Mizue went to Toogijuka, a middle school for Niseis and after graduation in 1936 began working for the Osaka Trading Firm. He did not like Japan very well, but wanted to stay there as he felt that he had a better opportunity to make money there than in the U.S. Because of his family ties, and his education in the U.S., subject may prove of help to the U.S. Forces after occupation of Japan. (C-26)

HONSHU

MOCHIZUKI, T.

Osaka

Male, approximately 50 years old Managing director, Sansho Cotton Co., Osaka (1941)

Speaks excellent English

Business executive

Good looking, unusually tall for Japanese

Educated at Stanford University, Palo Alto, California. Managing Director of Sansho Cotton Co., Csaka, importers of raw cotton and exporters of cotton piece goods. Small firm but has excellent reputation. M. is one of three partners. Source stated that M. always exhibited extremely anti-militaristic attitude and had often remarked that Japanese-Chinese war was causing a great deal of damage to his business. Is socially inclined. M. is one of a group of men Source believes would be sympathetic and cooperative to Americans, particularly American business ventures and capital, and could be used advantageously in securing cooperation of their employees. (42)

B

KYUSHU

MORI, Bunsaburo

Males ago 56

Speaks English well

Oita Prefecture Oita City

*Principal of Oita Commercial College, Oita City, appointed April 1941

Teacher of economics; educational administrator

Address 1942; Ueno-machi, Oita City

Born Saga Prefecture, Kyushu, July 1889, son of Ryucho Furukawa; married Chizu, daughter of Matsujiro Mori, and adopted into family. Graduated Tokyo Imperial University in economics 1914. Studied in Europe and America. Professor, Oita Higher Commercial School, 1916; same of Nagasaki Higher Commercial School. (C) Prior to assuming Oita principalship was teacher in same college.

democracies. Informant's knowledge of Mori's character somewhat limited. Believed to be a Buddhist. Based on casual acquaintance ever 10-year period, Informant considers him a liberal, democratic thinker and believes he would be valuable agent of occupying forces. (87)

*Soe also Yuzo Ishimaru, Oita City

MORI, Hideo

Tokyo

Male; 42-45 years old

English: speaks very well

5:8" tall; weight about 185 pounds; black eyes and black hair combed straight back; typical Japanese nose; wore what seemed ready-made Europeam suits

Address 1934: 345. 3-chome, Toborai, Setuguhaa, Tokyo

Born in Japan; from a middle-class femily. Married; wife's maiden name was MOBUI; has three children. Educated in Japan; did research in Washington, D.C. Translator for American Red Cross, Washington, 1930-31. With Red Cross in Japan serving as director of life-seving, also as chief representative at all international conferences. Gave courses in swimming. (194, 199)

Became assistant to Count Sano, head of Japanese Red Cross. (199)

"wick-minded, hard-working, and energetic, moderate in habits. Seemed to
be an idealist; often apoke of how much he believed in human benefits provided
by Red Cross. Defended customs of Japanese women and their subjugation to the
male; frowned on independence of women of destern world. Attitude toward
domination by Japanese military regime not known. Well known in sport circles;
recognized by aport enthusiasts, especially in schools and educational organizations. Nould be a reliable contact. (194,199)

A

MORI, Masatoshi Gensen

Mie

Yokkaichi

Male, 56 years old Unusually proficient in English

Independent writer and critic, contributing to American magazines published in Japan in 1941

5°5", slight build, bald forhead, wears thick glasses

Writer, liaison, hospital manager

Residence: Hadzu Byoin (hospital)
Ise (western outskirts of Yokkai-chi)

Born 1.6 March 1889, son of noted surgeon who built Hadzu Byoin (hospital). The name is famous and influential in area. Aristocratic background. Married 1923 Sadae Nakamura, of somewhat lower social standing. Student of economics and biology at Stanford University 1922-23, where last recorded employment is given as Assistant Manager, Hadzu Hospital, Ise. (VI) As young man was reported for Kobe Chronicle, in which work he developed very fine English rhetoric. Well versed in English and American literature, reading of which is hobby. Subscribed to many American magazines. Rior to war contributed to nearly all American magazines published in Japan on great variety of subjects. Relentlessly critical of Japanese standards in government, politics, literature, living, religion, teaching, etc., as compared to American standards. Buddhist; has considerable influence in young Buddhist circles. Is well known all over Japan in academic circles. Informant (11), American Bresbyterian minister in Japan 1930-42, believes Mori to be trustworthy, intelligent and capable of being useful to occupying forces, despite fact he is arbitrary and presumptuous.

KYUSHU

MORI, Rov. Paul

Male; about 41 years old (1941)

Speaks, reads, writes excellent English

5:12 tall; weight 140 pounds; stocky build; did not wear glasses in 1941; clean shaven with black hair greying at temples; nice appearance; were Japanese dress concasionally at home.

Fukuoka Prefecture Fukuoka City

Minister of Episcopal Church, Fukuska (1941)

Clergyman; leader; speaker; writer

Address 1941; Episcopal Church (Seike-kai), Fukuoka

Graduated St. Paul's Theological School, Tokyo, and assumed present position immediately thereafter. Took advanced courses at Oxford University, England, returning Japan 1932 via United States. Again visited U.S. 1939 as delegate to Oxford Group Conference, Pasadena, California. Has one edo, ted child; wife deceased.

Well known to Fukuoka as able leader and public speaker. Many prominent

Japanese and nearly all Americans there are his friends. Has written many
eudcational articles for publication. No political affiliations. Is a pacifist and was associated with Japanese groups opposed to war. Definitely
opposed to present militaristic regime in Japan. Told Informant in 1941 only
redeeming feature of Japanese aggression program was that many military leaders
would die. Admired American principles and policies.

Based on acquaintanceship since 1920, Informant believes Mori would readily cooperate with an Allied occupying force and should be a valuable contact. (171)

HONSHU

MORIEURA, Baron Ichizaemon

Tokyo

Male; 72 years old

Presumed to be fluent in English

Address 1942: 33, Takanawa, Minemicho,

Shiba-ku, Tokyo (D)

Born 16 Dec 1873 in Tokyo; son of Baron Ichizaoemon MORIMURA; inherited the title 1919. Member of established family controlling Morimura China Co. and other business interests in Nagoya and other parts of Japan (121). Married Ume, d. of the late Viscount Masaru INCUYE (D). Educated at Keio University, 1892; Eastman Commercial School in New York City. With MORIMURA Bros. 53-55 West 23rd St. at 5th Ave., N.Y.C., an enterprise of his father's for 9 years, Chas Kaiser had been mgr prior to the war (121). In 1922 made a 5 month trip to Europe; 1926 travelled to the South Seas. In 1926 joined the Rotary Club of Tokyo, pres 1933-34. Elected Governor for District No. 70 of the Rotary International for 1939-40. Holds the position of either a director or an auditor in a score of the 1st class commercial, industrial and financial establishments in the Empire. Pres: Morimura and Co. (had NY branch); Fuji (Hydro) Electric Co. Ltd.; Director: Tokyo Denki (Electric) Co., Ltd (was affiliated with General Electric Co. of N.Y.) Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd; Dai-Ichi Life Insurance Mutual Co. Ltd.; Fuji Gas Spinning Co. Ltd.; Fuji Rayon MCG. Co. Ltd; and of the Fuji Art Fibre Textile Co. Auditor: Mitsubishi Bank Ltd.; Meiji Sugar Co. Ltd. Councillorships in the Bureau of Exchange, Depet of Finance, and Intnl Tourist Bureau 1939. Connected with Japan Red Cross Society 1939. Is stated to be a typical Rotarian,

- 2 =

kind and obliging, always willing to serve his country and work for the welfare of his fellowmen. (D. 141)

In 1938 Informant (121) observed from Morimura's conversation that he was opposed to sanctions being imposed upon business by Japanese Government. Was said to advocate international understanding and friendship. Held directorahips in different schools of social education, reform, culture, and medicine; to an active part in Boy Socuta, the Prevention of Leprosy Society, and Cancer Research Association. Identified with Japan-British Society, Siam-Japan Society, International Cultural Development Society. He is a director in: Kelo University, Nihon Women's University; Tokyo Jogaku Kwan (Girls' School).

Cancer Institute, Society for Prevention of Venereal Diseases, Society for Prevention of Tuberculosis. Founder and President: Kindergarten and Primary School of Tokyo. President: Nihon Foreign Trade Association and Hodogaya Golf and Country Club. Vice President: Tokyo Golf Club. Director: Nihon Kogyo Club and of Kojunsha. Member of Peers' Club and of the Tokyo Club. (141)

For his services was promoted in his court rank and received an Imperial decoration. (141)

No comments from Informents as to help he might be willing to give occupying forces.

MORITA, Kernosuk

Osaka

Male; age about 60

Principal, Girls' High School, 1942

Speaks English well

Address 1942: As above

5:5" tall; 125 pounds weight; brown eyes; grey hair; dresses entirely in Western clothes.

Married and has four children. Graduated Meiji Cakuin, a Christian college in Tokyo. At one time was pastor of the Christian Church. Has visited in U.S.

Character above reproach; a gracious, kindly man with excellent reputation generally and in education field. Has expressed friendliness for Americans and a deep respect for U.S. and its Christian mode of living. Infor ant believes Morita would be helpful to occupying forces. (57)

HONSHU

MOTOMURA, Seizo

Tokyo

Male; about 55 or 60 63 (D) Director: Mitsui Bussan etc 1942

English, fluent

About 5'10"; about 190 1bs

Address 1942; 56, Sumiyoshi-cho, Nakano-ku, Tokyo

Born June 1882, Fukuoka Prefecture; son of Kozo MOTOLURA; married Tsuyuko d. of Matando KUSANO. At Leland Stanford 1909; Univ of Wisconsin graduated 1910, electrical engineer. Director Machine Dept. Mitsui Bussan; appointed Director Mitsui Bussan in June 1939; Director Japan Valve Mfg. Co., Keisan Seisaku-sho, Tokyo Machine Co.; Auditor Toyo Babcock (D). Made several trips to the US for Mitsui interests (184) Charming personality, cultured, broad understanding, excellent knowledge of world events (158). Believed antagonistic to military in 1941 (184) Did not express political or religious convictions or attitudes toward the US (158).

SHIKOKU

B

MURAKAMI, Dr.

Kagawa

Takamatsu City

Male, about 50 years old

Private practice as general surgeon in 1941

Physician and surgeon

Go Ban Cho

Graduate of Kyoto Imperial University. Informant (114), a
Presbyterian clergyman and missionary in cities of Kochi and Takamatsu
1906 - 1940, believes Dr. PURAKANI may be of service to occupying
forces.

HONSHU

MURAO, Rev. Shoichi

Tokyo

Male; 56 years old (64)

Head of Tokyo City YMCA

English; knowledge far above the everage Japanese (64)

personality; dark hair; dark syes; wore Episcopal Church dress in April 1941

Fine personal appearance; good Address April 1941: YMCA, Tokyo (64) Toshina-ku, Ikebukuro, 3 of 1633, Tokyo (70)

Born 1889 (64); Dec 1885 in Tottori (70); Married, has 2 children (84). Graduated Toronto University, Canada; attended Episcopal University in Japan (64), also Wickliff College in Canada (70). Travelled throughout England; well versed in British thought and life; occasional trips into the U.S. Head of the Tokyo YMCA for a number of years; has been editor of a daily newspaper in Tokyo "The Christian News . Author of a book on Jesus (64). Formerly (70) prof in the Theological School, St. Paul's University, Tokyo. 1938 attended International Missions Conference at Medras, India (84). Very intelligent, honest, strong character (70). Interests entirely with youth of Japan, broad viewpoint toward things American and English; his Christian ideals always evident in activities at YMCA (64). Liberal minled (84). In actions and conversation indicated friendliness toward Americans (70). Wide acquaintance among younger Japanese of Tokyo; has exerted considerable Christian influence. Is thought to have wide acquaintance amc g missionaries of all faiths (84). A potential valuable contact particularly in Tokyo area (64). Very pro-American; would serve admirably in liaison (84). Recommended as a source of information (70).

HONSHU

MURATA, Rev. Shiro

Tokyo

Male; 58 years old

President and Professor at Nihon Thecalogical Seminary (Nippon Shin Gakko),

Tokyo, 1941

English and German

speaks and writes both well

Educator

(70)

Address 1941: 15. Takeshita-cho, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo

Born in Yamaguchi, Sept. 1887. Educated; graduated Meiji Gakuin Presbyterian College in Tokyo, theology; Auburn Theological Seminary, New York (D & 70). Before 1927 (70) was an instructor and later was president at Osaka Theological Seminary; pastor at Meiji Gakuin Church; director Meiji Gakuin Middle School; instructor Meiji Gakuin (D¢ (70). Became president of Nihon Theological Seminary, the largest in Japan, in 1927 (70). Pastor of the Aoyama Presbyterian Church for 10 years in addition President of the Japan Presbyterian Theological Seminary, Has resigned to become Director of the Board of Instruction of the Japan Church of Christ 5 Feb 45 (K). Author of several theological books; one of leading educators. Very capable; strong convictions; friendly to Americans; opposed to military clique; Christian (Presbyterian).

MURATA, Totchi

Male: about 51 years old (1941)

Roads, writes, speaks English fluently

5 tall; reight 125 pounds; slight stature; thick black hair; small black clipped mustache; heavy hornrimmed glasses Nagasaki Prefecture Nagasaki City

Pastor of Methodist Church, Nagasaki, and teacher in Ewassui Jo Cakko (Cirls: School) that city (1941)

Clergyman; teacher; public speaker

Address 1941: Next door to 12 Higashi= Yamate, Nagasaki

Married and had three or four children in 1941. Graduated Emory University.

Atlanta, Georgia, 1924. Returning Japan taught Bible Philosophy at Kobe Gakuin

(College). Except for short visits to Korea has not since left Japan.

Not a strong man physically (asthma). Hobbies reading and studying of biographies of prominent people of all nations. Publicly express dissatisfaction with Japanese Government's aggression policy as often as he dared. Evinced friendship toward Americans and admired U.S. friendship policy toward other nations. Critical of Great Stituin.

Informant has known Marata since 1918. Believes he would make an excellent interpreter and could be trusted to gather together other Japanese who would be helpful to U.S. casupying forces. (171)

HONSHU

MUTO, Mr.

Tokyo

Mele;

Registrar, St. Faul's University (Rikkyo)

Very closely associated with Americans in Tokyo. Formerly displayed pro-American tendencies. Probably would favor U. S. Christian. (183)

HONSHU

MAGAI, Seburo

Tokyo

Male; about 48

YMCA Sec'y

English, fluent

Interpreter

Not a University graduate; through self-education becam a well versed in literature, history, psychology and social organization. At one time a clark in the Tokyo of fice of Babcock-Williams, heating engineers; about 1920 associated with the YMCA as Director of Education and associate executive officer of its National Council. Travelled extensively especially in the U.S.

Capable, dependable, works well with others. In good standing in the community. Has been identified in a picture at Corrigedor as an interpreter with the Japanese Army. It is probable that his "humanitarian" point of view got him transferred back to Japan. (163)

HONSHU

NAGASAWA, S.

Tokyo

Male: about 39

1941: Machinery Sec'y of Engineering Dept, Mitsui Bussan Kaisha

English, fluent

Educated in Japan; in 1935-37 inclusive, travelled in Japan and Germany; most of his business dealings with Americans. Highly educated, intelligent and well travelled. In 1941 believed not in aympathy with military (184).

HONSHU

NAGASHIMA, Hideo

Tokyo

Male; about 25

English, speaks perfectly; French, speaks well (1510

"Nisei" type (151)

Tolyo

Son of Tadao NAGASHIMA, whom see below. Graduate of Sendai College about 1941-42. Quite American minded. Will be of value and assistance (151).

NAGASHIMA, Tadao

Male

English, presumed fluent

Born Kanagawa-ken. Father of Hideo NAGASHINA, whom see above. Graduate Tokyo Imperial University, English Law, 1918. Banker; assistant chief exchange Dept at head office Mitsubishi Bank until 1938; manager New York branch of bank (B-1). Believes Japan*; leaders in recent years have misled the country. (151)

CONFID: NTIAL

NAGAYO, Dr. Matao (Mataro) (M.D.)

Tokyo.

Male; 67 years old

President Tokyo Imperial University. 1935-November 1938

Educator; authority on bacteriologist

Address 1941: 88 Ichibei-cho, 2-chome, Azabuku, Tokyo

Born April 1878 Tokyo, son of Sensai Nagayo, surgeon; brother of Yukichi IWANAGA. Married Tama, sister of Isamu MORIMURA. Graduated Tokyo Imperial University, medical; graduate work at same; studied pathology in Germany 1907-10; assistant professor Tokyo Imperial University 1910; degree 1911; professor 1911; Director Tokyo Epidemic Research Laboratory 1919-34; dean of medical faculty Tokyo Imperial University 1933; President of same 1935-1938.

(B-1) Formerly on League of Nations Health Commission. (17)

Informant believes Negayo in disagreement with Government over the war. Could be trusted in public health work. (17)

NAKAMOTO, Yoshio

Wakayama

Tanabe

Male, 47 years old

English instructor, Tanaba Middle School in 1937

Proficient in English, speaking it fluently

Teacher, interpreter

About 6°, 185 lbs., wears glasses, has heavy beard

Born 5 February 1898 at Wakayama. Married. Nothing known concerning wife and children or family background. Attended University of Southern California 1925-28, majoring in economics and sociology. Received A.B. degree. Teacher at Tanabe Middle School since 1929 (VI). Informant (C24), a Nisei instructor in U.S. Army who graduated from Tanabe Middle School in 1937, states that Nakamoto did not like old Japanese traditions and talked about Los Angeles and his desire to return to U.S. for further education; that he was very liberal in his views and well liked by students, especially because of free way in which he conducted his classes. Thought to be a Christian.

Believed he would cooperate with occupying forces.

HOKKAIDO

NAKAM 18 %,

Sapporo City

Male; ege 60-65 years

Owner of Fukido book store, Sapporo City, 1941

Thought to have been born on Island of Honshu. Has good educational background. Married to a high-class Japanese woman and has several children of whom two girls are deaf and dumb. Member of Congregational Church, Sappore.

A very successful business man, a civic leader, very public spirited, and active on various committees. Takes great interest in young people, especially in the large number who have been employed in his store. Highly respected by tusiness men and others and his advice is often sought. Broadminded and in 1941 very friendly toward America. Loyal to Japan and not a potential Quisling. Informant believes he would be useful to occupying forces. (40)

UHRMOH

NAKUMURA, Haruka

Osaka

Male; Between 35 and 45

Social Worker

Does Not Speak English

28 Tempo Cho, Minato-lu, Osaka

A graduate of the Theological Department of Doshieha University; superintendent of Osaka Suija Rimpokwan, a home for children. Nakamura is married but has no children; he has many contacts with the Asahi Shimbun and Shianjima Settlement House. He is reported to be of limited ability as an administrator and leader, but is considered to be the steady plodding type who would be useful in any type of social service work. Informant believed that he would be friendly towards Americans and easy to deal with. He has had no military experience and in opinion of source would not be sympathetic toward Japanese militaristic policies. (173)

SHIKOKU

NAKAMURA, Mrs. Miwa

Ehimo

Matsuyama City

Female, about 60 years old

Bible and Morals teacher at Matsuyama Shinonome Koto Jo Gakka

Does not speak or understand

(girl's school)in 1941

English

Teacher, head of alumnae association

Tall

65 Okaido, 3-Chome (address of above school)

No information available concerning place of birth, parentage, or education of Mrs. Nakamura. Has very decided ideas. Has considerable information on people in many inland places and small towns who have attended the school, including members of their families. Informant (109), an American missionary teacher in Matsuyama City 1924-1941, has known Mrs. Nakamura personally since 1928 and considers her unsympathetic toward the militarist regime in Japan. While they have never discussed international affairs, she believes Mrc. Nahamura would cooperate with occupying forces.

KYUSHU

NAKAMURA, Yagushi

Fukuoka Prefecture Ikushi (village)

Male; age about 60

Mayor of Ikushi

Administration (civic); railroading

5:10" tall; weight about 160

Address 19328 As above

pounds; bald

Married with one grown child. Quiet and well educated. Began second term as Mayor of Ikushi in 1932. Formerly headed a railroad company. Used to tell Informant (his nephew) that Japan should get rid of military clique. Never has been in $U_{\circ}S_{\circ,\mathfrak{d}}$ but favors democratic system of government. Informant believes his uncle would be helpful to occupying forces. (C26)

NAKAHNRA, Yenichiro (Enichiro)

Shizuoka

Yoshida-mura

Male, 78 years old

Member House of Peers; President of 35th Bank Ltd., and Nakamura Tea Manufacturing Co. in 1943

5°4", somewhat corpulent, greying hair close cropped, smooth shaven. Despite age, possesses unusually good health Business executive, contact

Yoshida-mura, Haibara-gun

Nekamure, later succeeding to the house. Flected member of Shirucka

Prefectural Assembly. Three times chosen Member House of Poers representing

Shizucka Prefecture, of which he is high tempayer. Engaged in monufacturing

and experting green tea and browing soy, holding positions of preminence

in prefectural organizations of these industries. Executive of various

public utilities and other business interests. Hember of Nippen Club and

fond of ge-paying. (A-1, E) Well known throughout area and well liked.

Gemperes with American politician in democratic member in which he goes

out of way to speck to all people, laborers and business men alike.

Informant (97), an American tea representative at Shizucka 1918-43, is of

opinion that self-interest, if nothing else, would prompt Nakamura to

cooperate with occupying forces. Would prove useful due to great popular

appeal and responsible public positions he has held and may still be

holding.

MAKANISHI, Konosuke

Osaka

Male; 40 years old

Customs Official

Speaks English well

Address: Locate through Customs House,

Minato-ku, Osaka

Nakamishi is married and has several children; attended Tokyo Imperial University; hobby is the study of English. Employed as a Customs official at the Customs House, Minato-ku, Osaka when Informant last heard of him. He is a Christian and is friendly towards Americans. According to Informant Nakanishi possesses administrative ability and because of his position would be well versed in the techniques used in customs collections in Osaka. (173)

SHIKOKU

Niihama

NAKAO, Y.

Ehime

B

Male

Speaks English

No information available concerning date and place of birth, parentage, marital status, education or business. Informant (128), formerly president of the Nitrogen Engineering Corporation and in that capacity many times a visitor to Japan (last time 1937), states that Nakao knows the United States well and is friendly to Americans. Recommends him as one who could be approached relative to cooperation with occupying forces.

Confidential

NAMIOKA, Saburo

Hyogo

Himeji

Male, 48 years old

Principal of Hinomoto Girls High School in 1941 and probably at

present

Fluent in English

Baptist minister, educator, interpreter

School: 50 Shimoteramachi

Residence: 155 Ooken-cho

Born 1 April 1897 at Morioka City, Iwate Prefecture; adopted son of Suegoro Namioka, pastor. Married Kaneko (Tsuruko?), 3rd daughter of Ryuhei Yoneda, mother Caucasian of French extraction. Three minor sons. Graduate of Baptist Theological School in Tokyo 1923 and of Colgate-Rochester Divinity School 1927. Pastor of Himeji Baptist Church 1928-36. Present position since 1937. (B) Informant (46), an American Baptist missionary in Japan 1912- 33. who has been intimately acquainted with Namioka for 20 years, states that, while he cannot recall any open criticism of the present Japanese Government or political activities on the part of Namioka; he went to great length to prevent his Christian students from participating in Shinto exercises. Considers him an internationalist, anti-militarist and believer in democracy; friendly toward Western Nations, particularly the U.S. Feels he would serve as valuable agent of occupying forces, Informant (195), an American Baptist missionary teacher in Japan 1932-40 (most of the time in Himeji), states that Namioka and his wife are more Westernized then most Japanese and that Namioka did not cooperate fully with the Japanese militaristic authorities and was definitely opposed to them. Believes he would be sympathetic toward the U.S. and could be of assistance to occupying forces in Himeji area.

HONSHU

NANRI, Ryozo (Bozo)

Yokohama

Male; 34 years old

With Nanri Trading Co., 7l Yamashita-cho. Yokohama

Speaks English fluently

Address: Residence as of 1929 - 2341 Azayo, Hommoku-machi, Yokohama

Born 1911, son of J. Nenri, of Nanri Trading Co. Ltd., an importexport firm. Attended Yokohama Commercial School and Emory Junior
College, Oxford, Ga., 1929-32, graduating in a pre-college course.

Joined father's business upon return Japan. Opened branch office

New York City for father's company 1939 or 1940, but returned to Japan
when Japanese assets were frozen. (XIII, 27)

Very capable and works well with other, but of average dependability.

Public spirited, liberal, internationally minded. Not a Christian.

Pro-American. Informant found all members of Nanri family friendly
and cooperative with Americans. Recommended as one who will be
useful to occupying forces. (27)

B

MEMOTO, Ganji.

Fukushime

Tail.re

Male, about 55 years old

Profletant in Anglich

5°2", 105 lbs., slightly bald, near-sighted, wears glasses; scholarly and gontlemanly type

English instructor at Iwaki Middle School, Taira in 1932 (probably later)

Toacher, interpretar, liaison

Address can probably be obtained at whool

Married. Graduate of Waseda University, Tokyo. Very popular among students of Iwaki Middle School where he teaches. Very liberal. Informant (C25), a Nisei instructor in U.S. Army who graduated from Iwaki Middle School in 1930 and whose family still lives in Taira, is sure Nemoto is against the military regime. He has heard Memoto make statements to the effect that if he were Minister of Education he would do away with military training in the schools because of the hardships and trouble it caused students. Informant believes that Nemoto would be of help to U.S. occupying forces.

NIC INUR: (HISTIMURA?),

Seppore City

Sal page a car 50

Teacher in private girls school, Sappore; operator of several cake shops, Sappore and Otaru, 1941

Born In H. Ekaido and thought to have been educated at Holdeslio Imperial
United by Sampore. Known to have taught in that University. Wife deceased;
has one on no about 14 years old. Was regimental finance officer with Japanese
Automatical and a Incident (1937); received homorable discharge.

Is a lead r of young men, a strong Christian, and a number of Presbyterian Christian again. Well known and highly regarded by Japanese business men and others. On the tedly has had close contacts in the Japanese Army.

Broad its ad prior to start of Japanese propagation compaign. Informant feels he open the ratio, although never talked with him about it. He several close in his to at ited in U.S. and England. Informant callevns he is intelligent on the color of Japanes expansion program when it is made clear to in a 1 out he useful to occupying forces. (40)

SHIKOKU

Λ

NII, Satoshi

Kochi

Kirogawa-Kura

Male, about 33 years old

Speaks and writes English fairly well (as well as average American)

Nishinomiya, Kirogawa-Mura, Aki-Gun in 1939

Born in California, but returned to Japan with parents when he was about 18 years of ago. Was student at Takamatsu College in 1932. Very pro-American. Did not like Japanese customs or life in Japan.

Informant (113), an American teacher employed by Japanese Government 1923-1932, believes Nii would be useful to occupying forces.

HONSHU

NIITSUMA, Y.

Osaka

Male; 40 years old

Manager Osaka Office, Mazda Motorcycle Mfg. Co.

Speaks English Fluently

2nd Teihei Bldg., 1-chome Kyomachi boei-dori,

Nishi-ka, Osaka

NIItsuma is reported as capable, dependable and able to work with others; average standing in the community. Reportedly pro-American and a liberal favoring capitalistic control. (27)

NINOMIYA, Miss Tetsu

Female, 35-40 years old

Speaks English well

5°2°, slender, rather large
long face, vivacious

Ehima

Matsuyama City

Music teacher in large girls school, Saibi Jo Gakko

Teacher, interpreter

13 Minemi Kachi Machi in 1941

Nember of wealthy family in Kuma Machi, Kami Ukena Gun, Ehime Ken, in mountains halfway across Shikoku. Family is engaged in manufacture of soybean sauce and its by-product "o miso," ingredient of a universal breakfast soup. Attended Matsuyama Shinonome Koto Jo Gakko (girls school), had one year at Kobe College, graduated from a music school in Tokyo. Christian, enjoys friendship of foreign community. Teaches music. Informant (109), an American missionary toacher in Matsuyama 1924-1941 who had Miss Minomiya as a pupil at girls school, has never discussed politics with here but feels she would be unsympathetic with militarist regime and would cooperate with occupying forces.

SHIKOKU

MISHIMURA, Ikuo

Ehimo

Matsuyama City

Male, about 55 years old

Principal of Matsuyama Shinonoms Koto Jo Gakke (girls! school) in

August 1941

Proficient in English

Educator

5'3", alight, rather long face, streak of grey in heir School address; 65 Okaido, 3-Chome Residence: approx. Magaki Cho, 2-Chome (near Matauyama Yakan Chu

Gaku)

Born in Hokkaido, younger (about 15 years) brother of Sugao Nishmura. Married, has five children - 3 girls, 2 boys. Graduate of Tokyo Imperial University. Principal of girls' school since 1940. Formerly taught classes in education and is proficient in Japanese writing. Member of Matsuyama Kumiai Kyokwai (a Congregational church). Basically not sympathetic with extreme mationalism, but upt so conform to pressure of public opinion and to take at from value statements of propagaida navure. Sae tendency to see both sides of question and to debate them, coming to decrease allowiys. Her southers with simpators in city, with constitutions and with authorities in prefestable and slop educational departments. Informant (183), an American missionary reacher in same ashool 1934-1941 who has known him personally since Ivodo believes he would cooperate et a occupying for see.

SHIKOKU

MISHIMURA, Sugao

Bhi me

Matsuyama City

Male, 65-70 years old

Principal of Matsuyama Takan Chu Gaku (night school) in August 1941

Eo foreign language

Educator, speaker, administrator

About 5'5", well-built, round face, partly bald

Lives at school, located in southeastern part of city, 27 Hagaki Cho (school grounds border on parkway on river)

Born in Hokkaide. Married, no children of own but has shared responsibility for rearing younger brother's (Ikuo MISHIMURA's) sons. Through middle school (11 years) or more, but largely self-educated. Assistant to Miss Judson, a missionery for 40 years, and her helper in founding school of which he is now principal. Also member of group that helped to found first girls school on Island of Shikoku in 1886, now Matsuyama Shinonome Koto Jo Gakko, of which the younger brother is principal; Sugao MISHIMURA is chairman of its board of trustees. Is an important member of Matsuyama Mumici Kyokwai (Congregational Church) and also interested in Social work. Good administrator, excellent speaker, independent thinker. Eas contacts with educational circles in city, governmental and otherwise. His school received government recognition in 1941. Informant (71), who spent 39 years in educational work in cities of Kobs and Matsuyama, states Mishimura has a very broad cutlook on mational affairs and quotes him as saying that the Chira war would not bring peace in Asia. Informant (109), an American missionary teacher in Matsuyama 1924-1941, states that he was not in sympathy with ertreme nationalism, and conformed only when wisdom dictated. Both informants have known Sugao NISHIMURA for many years, and believe he would ccoperate with and be useful to occupying forces.

NISHIYAMA, Misac

Sendai

Male; about 50 years old

President, Miyagi College for Women,

Sendai, 1941

Reads, writes, and speaks English fluently Educator; economist

Address 1941: As above

Born December 1888. Married and has several small children.

Graduated North Japan College, Sendai; attended Ursinus College,

Collegeville, Pennsylvania, 1919 studying English and history. Did

graduate work at University of Pennsylvania, obtaining M.A. degree.

Taught economies and commercial subjects at North Japan College for
a short time and for many years at Wakayama Higher Commercial College,

Wakayama, Japan, a Government institution. Gave up latter position
to become President of Miyagi College, a Christian institution which
had always had an American head until Japanese authorities forced
the change. Was decorated two or three times by Emperor for
educational achievements. (X, 60)

A devout Christian and his wife also. Gave up lucrative position which would have entitled him to a pension to accept Miyagi presidency because he thought it his duty as a Christian, showing liberal, independent thinking, in Informant's opinion. While at Wakayama sponsored a very large YMCA. Is a member of highest class of Japanese Christians; capable of intelligent leadership. (53, 60)

Informant, a former teacher at Miyagi College, believes Nishiyama would be able to give invaluable aid to occupying forces in local administration. Entirely dissociated from Japanese militarists. (60)

B

SHIKOKU

NISHIYAMA, Yukio

Male, about 55 years old

Kagawa

Takamatsu City

Comber and operator of Kawar Koku Hotel, Kotohara-Machi, in 1932

Liaison or contact man

Hotol address as above

Mo information available concerning place of birth, parentage, marrial status or education. Buddhist, In 1952 was definitely friendly to Americans and showed great admiration for American system and way of life. Was capable of oxerving considerable influence in his section of country and Informant (113), an American teacher employed by Japanese Government 1923-1932, believes Wishiyama would be a very good contact for occupying forces.

KYUSHU

A

NODA, Toshiro

Malo; age 58 years

Fukucka Profecture

Fukuoka City

Chief Fubusha Industrial Laboratory (profeetural institution), Fukuoka City,

1942

Government administrator; textile expert

5°l" tall; weight about 150 pounds; olightly ourly black hair inclined to thinness; full, round face, stubby musteches horn rimmed glasses; weers Western style clothes.

Speaks English fairly well

Address 1942: 47 Torikai 1-chome, Fukucka City. Tel. Mishi 2612

Born Pesember 1886 Fukuska Prefecture, son of Sugumn Noda; married Mass Moriyema. Had two children as of 1941. Graduated Kyote Higher Technical School 1908. Instructor Fukucka Technical School for 16 years, Became industrial expert for Fukurka 1925, (A.R.C) Present post 1929. Duties include experimentation with and distribution of textile products. Was sent to Europe in January 1939 to study textile methods and develop markets, returning wis U-S. where he visited in New York and San Francisco. Morks closely with prefectural governor and other officials. (171)

Used to be on welcoming committee for newly arrived Methodist teachers and missionaries from U.S. Active in church work and chairman of Methodist Official Board. At 1940 farewell gathering to Americans, expressed desire for their return to Japan, deplored current Japanese policy and regime, and believed Government was stifling normal Japanese expansion through business and cordial relations with other nations.

Informant has known Noda since 1929 and considers him capable and trustworthy; one of Fukucka Prefecture's outstanding men, respected by all who know him. Believes he would be of considerable assistance to Allied compying forces (171)

COMPIDENTIAL.

NOMURA, Yozo

Male; 75 years old

Yokohama

Proprietor of Samurai Shokai (art shop

for tourists), 1941

Speaks English fluently

Authority on art and antiques; hotel man

5º6" tall; weight about 140 pounds; Address: 5, Honmoku 1-chome, Naka-ku, usual Japaneso characteristics; rugged constitution.

Yokohama; Tels. Honkyoku 915, 4922, 1382

Born January 1870 Gifu Prefecture, son of Hyosaku Nomura. Married Michi, sister of Gisaburo Kawabe 1898. Graduated Waseda University 1887. Proprietor Samurai Shokai and Chairman Hotel New Grand, Yokohama. Lost fortune in 1923 earthquake, but has since robuilt it largely through own efforts. Member Yokohama Rotary Club and Chamber of Commerce. (B, 0, 161)

Is a Buddhist of Zen Sect and practices intense meditation. Has some acquaintance with Christianity and his wife has been president of Yokchama Y.W.C.A. and vice chairman of Nation Y.W.C.A. A daughter who is married to a Japanese diplomat was educated in U.S. and a granddaughter attended Ferris Seminary, a Christian institution in Yokohama. (161)

A philosopher and humanitarian. Well known and highly respected in Yokobama. Always friendly to Americans and visited U.S. several times. Pid not favor militaristic policy and leaders, regretting trend toward war. Was "heart-broken" when war came. Informants consider him loyal to Japan but one who would cooperate with occupying forces if it meant service to the people. (63, 157, 161, 174)

COMPTOFUTIAL

HOWSHU

MORO, Kazuo

Male: 55 years old

Linguistic ability unknown

Tokyo

Auditor, Bank of Japan, 1942

Government administrator with special knowledge of tobacco monopoly

Address: 10, Akebono-cho, Hongo-ku, Tokyo

Born Hyogo Prefecture September 1890, son of Kuninosuka Noro; married Miye, daughter of Hideo Onichi. Has four sons one of whom is thought to be in Japanese Army. Graduated Tokyo Imperial University, 1917, in politics. Spent the greater part of his career to date as an official in national or local tobacco monopoly bureaus. Appointed Auditor Bank of Japan August 1939. (C. 168)

A modest, timid person, but very trustworthy; does not drink or smoke. Comes of wealthy family. Friendly towards Americans. Based on acquaintanceship over 10 years. Informant believes Noro would cooperate with occupying forces. (168)

A

OBATA, Mampei

Mie

Haze

Male, about 60 years old

Owner of large dairy farm

Farmer, contact

Speaks no English

Haze, Ichishi Gun

503", slight build, bald forshead

Born and reared in area where he now lives. Married. Wife also slight build, anomic appearance. Mive children. Family has great influence in community. Large sanitary dairy serves entire area. Christian. Has known and admired American missionaries for many years. Informant (11), an American Presbyterian minister in Japan 1930-42, states Obata is devoted to his own community, is not nationalistic, has no sympathy for Japanese war lords.

Believes him to be trustworthy, intelligent and useful to occupying forces if contacted by them.

HONSEU

ODA, Rev. Moburo

Male, about 50 years old

Proficient in English

Tokyo

Asst. Principal, Joshi Sei Gakuin

(Girls' School)

Clergyman, educator, administrator

Makasato-cho, Takinogawa-ku, Tokyo

Educated Texas Christian University. Informant (105), Christian squester in Japan 1904-42 and personally acquainted with ODA, is of opinion that ODA's American education strongly prejudiced him in favor of the U.S., and states that ODA continued to be openly very friendly toward Americans in Japan even after outbrook of war. Considers him reliable, liberal minded, approachable, and a very good can for occupying forces to contact. (39a)

HOWSEU

OGASAWARA, Mr. G.

Mala

Probably proficient in English

Tokyo

Connected with Norwich Union Insurance Society, Ltd.

Contact

Business address: Ethon Seinel Bldg.

Born and educated in U.S. Not in favor of Japanese Imperialism. Informant (190), an employee of United Hingdom Inspection Board, Ottawa, and formerly in private employment in Tokyo, is of opinion that GGASAWARA would assist occupying forces in every way possible.

HONSHU

OGAWA, Prof

Mie Prefecture, Tsu City

Male; about 45 years old

Teacher of rural economics and sociology at Mie College of Agriculture and Forestry, Tsu City, in 1941

Speaks some English; reads and writes it well

Educator, contact

head, full head of black hair, mild, scholastic appearance

5°6°, slight build, high fore- C/O of Mie College of Agriculture and Forestry

Married. Received education somewhere in mid-west of U.S. One of the younger members of faculty of Mie College of Agriculture and Forestry. Interested only in rural life of Mie Prefecture where he is well known and has great influence. Remains aloof from political and military cliques; is not imperialistic or nationalistic. Possesses Christian sympathies; was appreciative of missionaries and their efforts. Favorably disposed toward Americans in 1941. Intelligent, trustworthy, and capable of being useful if contacted by occupying forces. (11)

OGOSHI, T.

Osaka

Male, 55-60 years old

Head of Cotton Dopt., Toyo Menka, K.K., Osaka

(1941)

Speake English, French

Business executive

Head of Cotton Dept. of Toyo Menka K.K., Osaka, which company was formerly cotton dept. of Mitsui until it later became independent concern handling importation of raw cotton and exportation of finished goods. Has travelled throughout world serving as branch manager in Dallas, Texas (1917-1923), New York City, Liverpool, LoHavre, Bombay and Shanghai. Described by Source as being open to foreign influence and definitely anti-militaristic in attitude and associations. Opposed war due to its adverse influence on personal investments in textile industry. Scurce believes Ogoshi would be sympathetic and cooperative to Americans, particularly American business ventures and capital and could be used advantageously in securing cooperation of his employees. (42)

EOMSHU

OGURA, Bev. S.

Male; about 45 years old

Fluent in Eaglish

Modium stature, dark complexion, wears mustache

Tokyo

Superintendent of Japan Union Mission (Seventh Day Adventist) since 1940

Clergyman, administrator, interpreter

171 Amenuma 1-chome, Suginami Ma Tel. Ogikubo 2051

Born Japan of Christian Samily (Presbyterian). One brother, Paul. professor Waseda University, Tokyo; another brother formerly employed in an Osaka bank. Married to a European. Gradusted from Japanese college and studied further in England, believed partly at Oxford and also et Stanborough Park College (religious) Stanborough Park, Watford, Horts. Travelled extensively in China. For many years pastor of Seventh Day Adventist Church, Sokyo. Served as secretary and interpreter to fermer Superintendent before assuming present post. By wirtue of position and personal influence, exercises actual supervision over all activities of Seventu Day Adventists in Japan and Manchuria. Christian. Unfriendly to military regime in Japan. Informant (155), an American engaged in Seventh Day Adventist mission work in Orient 1931-41, states that OCUFA flaunted the displeasure of the Japanese Government during his pastorate by discouraging his parishioners from indulging in any Emperor worship. and recured waiver of such mandatory performance for the Seventh Day Adventiat group. He feels that OGURA is fundementally opposed to the theory and practice of the Japanese state, and is friendly toward all Camcacians and thoir countries of origin, particularly the U.S. and Great Britain; that OGURA is a believer in constitutional government, and would be valuable to occupying forces because of his attitude and executive ability. It is thought that OGUFA may have been arrested by the Japanese Covernment. (6, 105a)

OGURO, Rev. Kaoru

Male; about 25 years old

Proficient in English

Tokyo

Clergyman of Fukuin Kyokai (Evangelical Church), presently believed in military service of Japan

Clergyman, interpreter, contact

1467 Takatahon machi, 2 Chome. Toshima Ku Tol. Ushigome (34) 7393

Born Japan about 1920. Single as of 1941. Educated at Acyama Camuin and Acyama Shin-galico (theological school) both in Tokyo. Some military experience, extent not known. Informant (173), an American missionary in Japan 1920-41, considers OGURO altruistic, probably unsympathetic toward present Japanese policies, and always very sympathetic toward U.S. and its democratic principles. Sincere, conscientious, trustworthy and reliable, with influence of paster in local community.

HOMSHU

OHASHI, Dr. F.

Male, about 45 years old

· Tekyo

" (... 7.2 M. A. M.

Sales Manager, Shibaura-United Engineering Co. and Asst. Manager of Research, Tokyo Shibaura Electric Co. in 1941

Proficient in English

Bloctrical engineer, business contact

As Japanese engineer, representing Shibaura Engineering Works, visited General Electric Works, Fittsfield, Mass., Aug. -Sept., 1924. (52b) Was a resident engineer at General Electric Co., Schenectady, New York, 1920-34. Well educated and intelligent official of Shibaura-United Engineering Co., with whom Informant (184), an American engineer, was closely associated in 1941. As of that date, Informant considered Dr. OHASHI sympathetic to the Allies.

OHASHI, Shinichi

Male, about 22 years old

Proficient in English

5'5", 140 lbs., light complexion

Tokyo

Student, Waseda University in 1945

Possible interpreter

Form U.S.; father formerly fruit merchant in Los Angeles, Calif., and still in U.S. with older brother; mother in Japan. Single in 1939.

Early education in U.S. Went to Japan with family in 1935 and remained there with mother for educational purposes. Both currently living in Tokyo. Informant (C34), a Nicel instructor in U.S. Army, in Japan 1936-39, knows CHASHI personally and believes he might be of help to occupying forces because of his family ties in the U.S. and his early associations in this country.

OHIRO, Mr.

Probably proficient in English

Tokyo

Business manager, St. Luke's Hospital

Executive, contact

C/C St. Luke's Hospital

Trained in U.S. Had constant association with Americans in Tokyo.

Informant (183), an American Mpiscopal clergyman in Japan 1935-40,

states that OHIRO displayed friendly sentiments toward Americans, and

would probably assist U.S. occupying forces.

OKA, Me

Male, 45-60 years old

Proficient in English

Tokyo

Director, Mikatsu Motion Picture Co. Under-Secretary to one of Japanese foreign offices in 1937

Government official, business con-

Business address: 1733 4 chome. Fukazawa machi, Setagaya-ku

and later New York City; had three children as of 1937. Travelled to U.S. at some time. Received college and university training in Europe or U.S. Belonged to group of business men of advanced position who realized that Japanese business prosperity depended on world cooperation and believed that such cooperation would help the progress of Japan more than any other endsavor toward that goal. Informant (157), an American business representative in Japan 1930-37, felt OKA would cooperate with occupying forces in menting up a new government and would help in suppression of military party which favored imperialistic expansion and rule. Occidental in thought and actions.

KYUSHU

OKABE,

Nagasaki Prefecture Nagasaki City

Male; age unknown

Teacher at Kwassui School, Nagasaki, 1941

Speaks English fluently

Well educated. Personal integrity above reproach. A strong "liberal" and violently opposed to present war. Friendly to United States and realized Germany's ulterior motives in seeking Japan as an ally. Member of Methodist Church. (81)

*Presumably Kwassui Jo Gakko (girls' school)

OKAHIPA, Robert Toshisitsu Male, about 35 years old

Fluent in English

Tokyo

Manager, Seventh Day Adventist Publishing House

Contact, interpreter

171 1-Chome, Amamusa Suginami-ku

Sorn of Christian family. Brother, Alfred, minister of Seventh Day Adventist Church, mail address Box 267, Delta, Colo. Robert studied in U.S. at Pacific Union College one year, then at Madison College where he majored in nutrition but did not graduate. (100a) Returned to Tokyo 1962 and become associated with Seventh Day Adventist Publishing House. When American missionaries were forced to leave, was made manager. Informant (6), an American official of the Adventist Church in Japan 1921-41, is inclined to believe that OKAHIRA would be friendly to U.S. and unsympathetic toward military regime in Japan. Other Informants (1860, 186a) who have known OKAHIRA either in Japan or U.S. consider him a fine person, sympathetic toward the U.S., rehiable, trustworthy. Selieve he would be very useful to occupying forces.

B

HONSHU

OKAMURA, Taki

Tokyo

Male; about 40 years old

Official in Foreign Sales Department, Mitsubishi Company, 1941

Speaks English well

Business executive, contact

5'8" tall; weight 175 pounds

Address: as above; home address, in a
Kobe suburb

Married to a Japanese woman and has one boy and two girls.

Graduated Tokyo University of Commerce. Has had several tours of duty in U. S. and was in charge of Mitsubishi office in New York City on 7 Dec 41. Interned and repatriated 1942.

A tolerant, objective thinker who freely admitted but never apologized for Japanese policies. On at least one occasion Informant heard him criticize Japanese militerist policies. In letter to an American friend written after internment expressed source over Japanese-American war, hoping it would be another Rugoy game, and that their friendship could resume after war. Was sympathetic to U.S. above all other Western nations. Sometimes drinks liquor to excess. Because of his objective intelligence and familiarity with the west, Informant believes Okamura would willingly and effectively cooperate with occupying forces. (179)

HOMSHIJ

OHAZAKI, Yasukichi

Male: 45 years old

Tokyo

Acting Manager of Service Division Mat 1 Cash Register inTokyo, July

Proficient in English

5'10", 120 lbs., no physical Residence: 228 Kobayashi-Cho.

defacts

Mechanic, executive, liaison

Kamets-ku in 1936 (with

wife's parents)

Born Kochi City, Japan, 6 October 1899, Married, no children as of 1936. Eleven years elementary and technical schooling in Japan; course at Mat'l Cash Register's training school, Dayton, Chic, 1936-37. Claimed to have been a teacher for two years. Employed as mechanic 6 February 1934 by Nippon Kinsen Forokuku E.K. (Mippon National Cash Register Co., Ltd.); made a servicemen 1925-26 and promoted to head mechanic 1935; selected 4 August 1936 to go to Dayton to W.C.R. Repair School. While in U.S. visited Atlantic City and Washington on Vacation; also visited N.C.R. plant Forente, Canada. Characterized by N.C.R. officials as intelligent, hard working, anxious to learn, good thinker with ability to reason things out, good mechanical aptitude. Recommended (118) as possible lisison with occupying forces during reconstruction period. Ability to speak English, his training in U.S., resulting is instruction in American way of Life, are viewed as assets suggesting such services, with adequate supervision.

HOKKA IDO

OKIGIKI, Hiroshi

Otaru

Male: age about 45-46 Principal of Midori Primary School,

Possibly understands English

5'8-9" tell; medium build; wears glasses; academic looking; wears Western-style clothes

Address: 4-chome Midori-cho, Otaru

Born in Japan and probably has not been out of the country. Married and has several children, possibly three. Educational background unknown. Believed to have no political connections. Stands well in community and liked and respected by all groups. Not wealthy.

Forceful but not aggressive. Probably a Buddhist. A man of integrity. Was responsible for admittance of Informent and other members of his family to Midori School, the first non-Japanese to enter it. Seemed to have broad-minded and constructive ideas. Informant never held political discussions with him, hence does not know his attitude toward Japanese militarist regime and its activities, but from general knowledge of the man believes he might cooperate with occupying forces. (105c)

HONSHIT

OKURA, Baron Kishichiro Male, 63 years old Fluent in English Tokyo

President OKURA-Gumi (Trading Co.)

Financier, executive, business contact

7 Niban-cho, Kojimachi-ku Tel Kudan 225

Born Tokyo June 1892, eldest son of late Baron Kihachire OKURA, millionaire. Married Kumiko. 2nd daughter of Count Macmass MIZOGUCHI. One daughter married to Baron MEGATO, Manager of New York office of OKURA & CO. prior to the war. Graduate of Cambridge (or Oxford), England. Succeeded to family estate upon father's death; considered to be one of seven richest men in Japan; wide business interests. Largest stockholder of Imperial Hotel, chairman of its board of directors. Director also of New Ozeka Hotel. Toured Europe to inspect hotel management 1936. Unofficial envoy to Italy to present Japan's side of China Encident, Sept. 1937-Mar. 1938. President of Japan-Italy Society. (A-2, B-1, C) Fluent and forceful public speaker. Member of Rotary Club, plays golf, very influential in social and business circles of Japan. Not, a Christian. Considered very friendly towards America by Informant (168) whose last comtact with him was in July 1940, but who had known him for a number of years previous to that time. Based on this acquaintance, Informant is of opinion that Beron OKURA would cooperate with occupying forces. Informant (95), an American missionary in Japan 1911-43, considers Bason ONURA not "pro-American," but telerant and likely to view both sides of a question without prejudice. Believes he would prefer to see Japan occupied and administered with efficiency by an invading force, rather than see the military clique ruin country. (48)

ONAKA, T.

Male, about 40 years old

Presumably proficient in English

Tokyo

Eagineer, Mitsubishi Co., Ltd.,

Engineer, business contact

Business: Marunouchi

At Westinghouse plant, East Pitteburgh, Penna., as an exchange engineer from Mitsubishi Co., May 1938-August 1940. Well educated, highly skilled engineer, very intelligent and very stable. Christian (Presbyterian). Informant (147), a Westinghouse official and in personal contact with ONAKA while at plant, believed ONAKA was friendly toward and respectful of the U.S., was opposed to the militarists' regime in Japan, was not a fanatical Japanese, and therefore might be of some assistance to occupying forces. (D)

ONO, Dr. Jo

Male, 45 years old

Proficient in English

5'7", 150 lbs., wears mustanhe, considered handsome, very genial

Tokyo

Tokyo

Member of Staff, St. Luke's International Hospital, in 1944

Physician, medical contact

Residence: Minami-machi, Aoyama Former home (1928); Fushikuro-mura, Fukushima-ken Business: St. Luke's International

Medical Conter

Born 8 December 1899, probably Fukushima Prefecture, son of Schetaro ONO. Married a Nisei, given-name Kimi; son, Tetsuc, 10 years old. Attended Fukushima public schools until 1914; Evening High School Los Angeles, Calif., 1915-16; High School Hollywood, Calif., 1919-22. At Lafa; ette College, Easton, Penna., 1922-24; Jefferson Medical School, Philadelphia, 1924-28. Interned at Jefferson Hospital, Philadelphia 1928-29. Became resident physician 1930 at Pennsylvania State Sanitarium for Tuberculars, South Mountain, Penna. (VIII) Practiced medicine in Philadelphia for period of years, prior to return to Japan about 1934. Considered one of leading Japanese doctors in bronchostomy, which he studied under a Dr. Chavalier in medical school. On medical staff at St. Luke's since approximately 1935. Very well liked by Japanese personnel and foreign clientele of hospital; respected as excellent doctor; Christian (Episcopalian). Motivated primarily by interest in practice of modicine and interest in making friends with all types of people. Member of Japanese-American Society in Tokyo; wife member of Tokyo Women's Club. Informant (52), an American employed at St. Luke's 1925-41, considers Dr. ONO friendly toward the United States because of his long residence there, and that his loyalty to the Emperor, if he has any, is the same type that Americans have toward the head of their government and as in no way connected with his religion. Informant stated that in April 1941 he was definitely opposed to the military element which had gained control of the government, and believes that in event of occupation

ONO, Dr. Jo (Continued)

of Japan by American forces, DR. ONO would be one of the first Japanese to cooperate. Informant (108), an American nurse at St. Luke's 1938-41, states that Dr. ONO disliked Japanese customs, way of life and food, and was definitely pro-Allied. Othe. Informants (183, 121b) associated with Dr. ONO prior to 1941 considered him friendly toward America, and believe he would cooperate with occupying forces.

XYUSHU

Owo, Kamichiro

Fukuoka Prefecture

Fukuoka City

Male; uge about 50

Pastor and District superintendent of Sethodist Church, Fukuoka City, 1941

kends, writes, speaks inglish well

Clergyman; teacher; leader; welfare worker

5° 5° tell; 160 - 170 pounds in weight; full head of grey hair; very heavy eyelashes; stubby mustache; mole between eyebrows.

address 1941: Tenjin-cho, Fukuoka City

Wears horn rimmed eyeglasses and Western style dress. (All as of 1941)

United States 1930 and graduated Southern Methodist University, Texas. Served four years as District Superintendent of Methodist Church in Korea; then became pastor of Methodist Church in Magasaki, concurrently teaching at Kwassui Girls School there. Became Minister and Superintendent of Methodist Church, Fukuoka, 1938 or 1939, a position comparable to that of bishop. Married and had four children as of 1941.

in juvenile delinquency matters and in handling of foreigners, in which his advice and decisions were sought and accepted. Definitely a leader, fearless, trusted by all, widely acquainted in Fukuoka, never antagonistic towards foreigners.

opposition to Japanese aggression and sided with anti-militarists. Argued that national policy should senter on reconstruction and improvement of home conditions. At an anti-Christian meeting pentember 1940 at which One was accused of being

CONFILMATIAL

ONO, Kanichiro (CONTINUED)

anti-Japanese, defended Christian way of life so eloquently that opposition was temporarily frustrated. Had few activities outside his work. Hobby: Study of Japanese writings.

Based on acquaintanceship of many years, Informant feels sure One would brove of utmost value to occupying forces in administrative position. (171)

Zyato

OSAMA, Yoshio

of age

Male; between 35 and 50 years President of the J.O. Studios, Sanjodori. Robashi, Kyoto, Japan

3

Speaks English fluently

Married and has three children. Graduate of Princeton University. Had broad views regarding international cooperation and was in disagreement with the feudalistic and imperialistic aspects of the Japanese government. Has expressed a strong disapproval of Japan's occupation of Manchuria and of the Japanese military party. Understands Occident. Informant, who knew Osawa for 7 years, stated that he personally trusted him and considered his integrity beyond question. Friendly towards Americans. Informant believes he would cooperate with Allief suthorities. (157)

HONSMU

OTA, Dr. Mesas

Male: 65 years old

Tokyo

Professor Tokyo Imperial University, on Staff Epidemic Research of same in 1941

Physician, medical contact

3 of Ra. 10 Komagome Hishikatamachi, Hongo-ku

Born Shizuoka Prefecture 1 August 1885. Graduated Tokyo Imperial University in medicine 1912. Toured abread 1923. Professor Tohoku Imperial University 1930. Pon-name, Mokutaro Kinoshita. (E-1) Informant (17), noted American physician who has travelled extensively in Orient, states that Ir. OTA was pro-American in leanings in 1937, and believes he could be trusted in public health work by occupying forces.

HONGHU

OTA (or OHTA), Shigemi

Hale, 62 years old

Tokyo

Executive Director Bridgestone Tire Co.; Director Japan Tire Mfre. Assn.

in 1941

Organizer, business contact Fluent in English

2362 Midorigaoka, Meguro-ku, Tokyo

Tel. Ebera 3878

21 Kuromoto-cho, Fukuoka, Kyushu

Born Fukucka 1883. Graduated Yamaguchi Higher Commercial School 1908. Birector Showa Silk Yara Co. Superior qualifications: capability 5 dependability, ability to work with others. Stands well in community, Public spirited, internationally minded, conservative; believes in capitalistic control. Informant (27), formarly an American business man in Japan, considers OTA a very sincero, fine character; pro-American. Recommends him as one who would cooperate with occupying forces.

HOMSEU

OTSUKA, Maotaro

Male, about 70 years old

Presumably proficient in English

Tokyo

Professor, Waseda University in

1941

Educator, contact

C/O Waseda University

Educated in America, and American in his attitudes and ways. Informant (105), an American Christian educator in Japan 1904-42, describes Profescor Offull as more outspoken than any other Japanese he knew. Recommends him as reliable and definitely approachable by occupying forces.

HOMSHU

OTSUKI, Mrs. Tuki

Female, about 42 years old Profitcient in English Small Tokyo

Former employee U.S. Embassy in Tokyo

Teacher, interpreter

100 Oyama, Tanagawa, Sotagaya-ku

Bisel, married to Japanese. Husband, Joji (George) OTSUKI, born in Tokyo 12 June 1888; A. B. University of Washington, 1918, N.A. in English at University of Michigan 1921; professor of English liverature, Meiji University, Tokyo. (KI) Two children, boy 19 and girl 14. Mrs. OTSUKI educated in U.S.: A.B. University of Washington, M.A. University of Michigan. Formerly taught English at University of Maryland. Informant (54), an American teacher and newspaper columnist in Japan 1939-41 who lived for a time with Mrs. OTSUKI in her home, states the would unhabitatingly recommend Mrs. OTSUKI as definitely pro-American and one who could be depended on to cooperate with occupying forces. (193)

OZAKI, Motojiro

Male, 75 years old

Shizuoka Prefecture, Shizuoka City

Principal Seika Girls' High School, Director 35th Bank, Ltd., President Fuji Tea Mfg. Co., Chairman Shizuoka Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Hon. Mayor in 1940 and probably later

Tea merchant, executive

5'6", slight build, grey hair, Residence: 60 Anzai-cho, 3-chome clean shaven, wears Americanstyle clothes

Born Sept. 1870 in Shizuoka City, eldest son of Ihei OZAKI. Married Tokuko, 2nd daughter of Toyozaemon NCZAKI. Graduate of Shizuoka Middle School. Entered army as one-year's volunteer and rose by successive promotions to Captain. Holder of 5th Order of Merit. Elected Member of House of Representatives 1912, 1915, 1917. Member of House of Peers 1925. Engaged in tea and forestry business. Mayor of Shizuoka City 1935-39 and possibly later. (A-1, A-2, B, B-1, C, D-1) Public spirited, constantly engaged in civic enterprises. Well liked and exerts great deal of influence. Comfortably fixed financially. Informant (97), an American tea representative at Shizuoka 1918-43. believes OZAKI would cooperate with occupying forces. Would prove useful due to great popular appeal and responsible public positions he has held and may still be holding.

HONSHU

OZAKI, Yukio

Tokyo

Male; 86 years old

Member House of Representatives since 1890

Speaks English

Former Cabinet minister; former Mayor; former journalist; former party leader;

Government critic; writer

Scarcely 5' tall; erect stature; very deaf

Address 1942; 1774, Hiro, Zushi-machi, Kanagawa Prefecture (Tokyo area)

Born November 1859 Kanagawa Prefecture, son of Yukamasa Ozaki. His wife, who may now be deceased, was an English woman. Has two or more daughters, one of whom, Shihaye, visited Informant (47) in U.S. Studied at Keio University and an engineering college. Worked as a journalist for a time. Co-founder with Count Okuma of Progressiva Party 1882. Compelled to leave Tokyo 1887 when he and others attacked Government. Toured Europe in 1889. Elected to House of Representatives 1890 and at every election since that time. Minister of Education in Okuma Cabinet 1898. Joined Seiyukai, new political party, 1900, and became leader in Lower House. Called "God of constitutional politics". Mayor of Tokyo 1903-12. Minister of Justice in Okuma Cabinet 1914-16. Toured Europe 1919; Europe and America 1931-33. An early advocate of disarmament. Arrested for lese majeste in April 1942 because of a political campaign speech in support of Daikichiro Tagawa's candidacy for Lower House. Convicted and sentenced to eight months imprisonment, but this was reversed by Japanese Supreme Court June 1944. (A-1, C, G-1, 131)

One of Japan's foremost liberals and par liamentarians. Noted as an orator and a friend of the people. Advocated universal suffrage, representative government, and freedom of speech and press. Condemned

Manchurian occupation, China war, and military domination of Government. Was reelected to Diet in 1942 by a substantial vote, despite charge of lese majeste against him and efforts of Imperial Rule Assistance Political Society to intimidate voters. Entirely fearless critic of militarism and dictatorship and worker for peace and friendly relations with U.S. although he knew he might be assassinated. His usefulness to occupation authorities will be limited only by his age. (G-1, J)

HONSHU

OZAWA, Goro

Mie Prefecture, Tsu City

Male; about 65 years old

Director of Hyakugo Ginko (105th Bank), Ltd., Tsu City, in 1941

Proficient in English

Financier, contact

5.5°, well built but not fat, large head, fairly long face, graying hair, bald spot on top of head Residence: Naka Kawahara Cho, Tsu

Born in Yokohama. Married; has four girls and one boy. One daughter, named Ayako, is about 28 years old and married; another daughter, Iko, about 24 years old, also married, attended the Women's Christian College in Tokyo; one daughter older and one younger than the two named above; all speak English fairly well. Has relatives in Yokohama and Kyoto, Received commercial education in Japan. Is above average in intelligence, has been a hard worker though now more or less retired, going to the bank only occasionally. Fairly well-to-do; is believed to have a great number of holdings outside the bank itself. Extremely well known locally and very influential among all classes, but especially business and commercial people. Member of Christ Church (Presbyterian) in Tsu. Has been somewhat critical of U.S. churches because of his belief that they could cure the expansion of American capital and so-called unfair treatment of labor; is critical of Japan, also, in this regard. Is thought to resent the large family industrialists who have a hold on all of Japan; was not sympathetic with military influence in Japan. Informant (11), an American Presbyterian minister in Japan 1930-42, states that OZAWA reads a great deal, is articulate and rather opinionated; is accustomed to giving orders; is pleasant, has a nice personality and meets people well.