HISTORY OF CABANATUAN PRISON CAMP — 1942-1945

On April 9, 1942, some 75,000 Filipino and American soldiers and prisoners of the Japanese, captured on Bataan began the infamous “Death March” out of the Bataan Peninsula to central Luzon.

After being forced to march the 85 miles to San Fernando, under the most inhuman conditions, the prisoners were squeezed into small freight cars and hauled to the town of Capas, which was 45 miles away, in the hot sun with the doors to the freight cars closed. From Capas, they were forced to march the final 8 miles to the Camp O’Donnell POW Camp.

Weakened from four months of continuous combat, living on starvation rations and a minimal or no medical attention, thousands of men died on the death march, in the freight cars, and at Camp O’Donnell.

After the fall of Corregidor and the Manila Bay Fortress islands on May 6, 1942, the 16,000 Filipinos and American servicemen were ferried to Manila.

The American POW’s were marched through the streets of Manila from Parañaque to Bilibid Prison, as a show for the Filipino civilians. From Bilibid, the American POW’s were shipped by train to Cabanatuan, Nueva Ecija where the Japanese had established an American POW compound.

The POW camp was 5 miles northeast of the town of Cabanatuan, and had been a Philippine Army mobilization and training base.

The compound was 600 by 800 yards in an area containing barrack buildings that were constructed from wood, bamboo, and nipa leaves. The compound was surrounded by a barbed wire fence and guarded by Japanese sentries in 20-foot high towers and machine gun pits.

In late May and the early part of June 1942, some 6,000 surviving POW’s from Bataan were shipped from Camp O’Donnell to Cabanatuan, leaving behind American medical personnel to care for the few critically ill Americans and Filipinos too sick to be moved.

Camp O’Donnell was closed officially in late June 1943, after a general amnesty and release of the Filipino POW’s.

American POW’s in Cabanatuan were assigned to work details on a farm in the rear of the prison compound and throughout the islands; all of the work that was performed was hard labor and the results were that in just a 30-month period, 3,000 died at Cabanatuan alone.

These POW’s died from disease, executions, beatings and starvation. It should be noted that more Americans died at Cabanatuan than any other prison camp since Andersonville in the Civil War.

In October and November 1944, following the American landings on Leyte, the Japanese moved the able bodied POW’s to Manila, where they were loaded on vessels for passage to Japan. The ships on which they were being transported were unmarked and the men travelled under the most desperately crowded conditions with not even enough space to lay down. Many of these ships were sunk by U.S. submarines and aircraft that were bombing Japan. Few Americans survived. Only about 500 American POW’s judged too ill or crippled to work were left behind in Cabanatuan.

On January 30, 1945 at 7:45 p.m., an American team of 100 Rangers, commanded by Lt. Col. Henry A. Muccioni, along with two small Alamo Scout teams (26 men in all), penetrated 27 miles into enemy-held territory and in a totally successful surprise attack liberated the camp, suffering only two casualties, the Ranger’s doctor, Captain James C. Fisher, and one enlisted man. Among the POW’s, one died of heart failure. At the same moment the camp was attacked, Filipino guerrilla units under Captain Juan Patoja and Captain Eduardo Josen, guarding approaches to the camp, slaughtered an attacking Japanese force of 1,000 men at nearby Cabu highway bridge without the loss of a single guerrilla. The Rangers, with Filipino guerilla escorts then led the POW’s (invalids rode in carabao carts) safely back through the 27 miles of hostile Japanese and Communist Hu結果alap territory without loss.

An article submitted by Kermit Lay appeared in June 1990 issue of THE QUAN, on the history of the 724th Aviation Ordnance Company. On page 17, under documents not enclosed, was the “History of Cabanatuan Prison Camp 1942-1945” written by Maj. Gen. Chester L. Johnson, US Army (Retired), General Chairman, Cabanatuan memorial committee. This document was written, and appeared, in the June 1984 issue of THE ZENTSUJIAN (Quarterly EX-POW Newsletter) of which Kermit Lay is Editor.

Kermit Lay has made a donation to the cost of printing of the “History of Cabanatuan Prison Camp 1942-1945.”

DEAN SHERRY

MAJOR, INFANTRY, U.S. ARMY
In Re: ORDER TO KILL BATAAN CAPTIVES

"On April 3rd next year, 1942, our corps landed from Lingayen Bay and joined the battle at the western foot of Mariberes (sic) in Bataan.

"On April 9th, Bataan fell last, and sixty thousand prisoners were in the hands of the Japanese Army. In Manila an Army Order was issued to the effect that . . . ‘Every troop which fought against our Army on the Bataan should be wiped out thoroughly, whether he surrendered or not, and any American captive who is unable to continue marching all the way to the concentration camp should be put to death in the area 200 meters off the highway.""

(Extract from "Dawn of the Philippines," page 14 by Nobuhiko Jimbo, Colonel, Japanese Army.)

The above is a true exact copy from the late Colonel Dean Sherry's Archives. This copy was furnished to Kermit Lay by Wo Norman Martin, US Army (Retired).

PROCLAMATION

Any one of those captives who commit the following acts shall be shot to death.
1. Those who escape or attempt to escape.
2. Those who attempt to escape, disguising as civilians.
3. Those who inflict injury upon the inhabitants or those who loot or set fire.

April 11th, 1942.

Commander-in-chief of The Imperial Japanese Forces

This PROCLAMATION was posted on buildings, trees and fence posts along the Bataan Death March route. I first saw it, and took one, at Marvelles while enroute to San Fernando. They were also visible from Capas to Camp O’Donnell. (Furnished by Kermit Lay.)

THANKS KERMIT

THANK YOU

Dear Defenders:

I honor you and I salute you for your sacrifices and your glory. As managing editor of Veterans of Foreign Wars Magazine I read many magazines and newspapers, searching for personal stories about combat. Most of these publications I just scan quickly, but often I will spend an hour reading the Quan, imagining what you went through as I pour over everyone's brief biographies.

As the 60th anniversary of WWII events approach please keep VFW Magazine in mind. Your stories deserve to be told in VFW and I would like to read them and see any photos you may have.

As the VFW we are all brothers who have served overseas, and I write for the entire organization when I say thank you for serving our country with honor.

Sincerely,
Gary Bloomfield
Managing Editor
V.F.W.
406 W. 54th St.
Kansas City, MO 64111
Units in the Philippines

1. Enclosed are the major units that defended the Philippine Islands. Many small units not listed are included in the major units shown. Units that are felt to be omitted please contact Capt. Elmer E. Long, Jr. PNC National Secretary AADBC.

Philippine Army

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Supported by</th>
<th>Estimated Strength</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HeadquartersPhil Army</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st Div</td>
<td>1st Inf, 2nd Inf, 3rd Inf</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd Div</td>
<td>31st Brigade, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th PC, 2nd F.A.</td>
<td>3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11th Div</td>
<td>11th Inf, 12th Inf, 13th Inf, 11th F.A.</td>
<td>5,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21st Div</td>
<td>21st Inf, 22nd Inf, 23rd Inf, 21st F.A.</td>
<td>5,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31st Div</td>
<td>31st Inf, 32nd Inf, 33rd Inf, 31st F.A.</td>
<td>6,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41st Div</td>
<td>41st Inf, 42nd Inf, 43rd Inf, 41 F.A.</td>
<td>5,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51st Div</td>
<td>51st Inf, 52nd Inf, 53rd Inf, 51st F.A.</td>
<td>3,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61st Div</td>
<td>61st Inf, 62nd Inf, 63rd Inf, 64th Inf, 65th Inf, 61st F.A.</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71st Div</td>
<td>71st Inf, 72nd Inf, 73rd Inf, 74th Inf, 75th Inf, 71st F.A.</td>
<td>2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81st Div</td>
<td>81st Inf, 82nd Inf, 83rd Inf, 84th Inf, 81st F.A.</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91st Div</td>
<td>91st Inf, 92nd Inf, 93rd Inf, 91st F.A.</td>
<td>6,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101st Div</td>
<td>101st Inf, 102nd Inf, 103rd Inf, 104th Inf, 101st F.A.</td>
<td>3,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SM0 Artillery
Air Corps Philippine Air Force
Off Shore Patrol
30th Field Artillery
301st Field Artillery
301st, 302nd Engineer Battalion
301st Chemical Company
1st and 2nd Anti Sabotage
PAC, Hospitals, Districts And Prov'l. P.C. units.

Headquarters Units

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Headquarters Units</th>
<th>Estimated Strength</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Headquarters USFIP — M/Gen Johnathan Wainwright 02131</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headquarters USAFFE — General Douglas Mac Arthur 057</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headquarters North Luzon Force — M/Gen Johnathan Wainwright 02131</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headquarters South Luzon Force — M/Gen Edward R. King 02442</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headquarters Visayan Mindanao Force — M/Gen William Sharp 02183</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headquarters I Corps — M/Gen Johnathan Wainwright 02131</td>
<td>28,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headquarters II Corps — M/Gen George M. Parker 02763</td>
<td>32,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headquarters Island Defense — General Douglas Mac Arthur 057</td>
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</tr>
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</table>

Philippine Division

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Commanded by</th>
<th>Estimated Strength</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phil Division</td>
<td>Brig/Gen Maxson S. Laugh 03165</td>
<td>Enf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43rd Infantry Regt.</td>
<td>Lt/Col. John P. Mcan 05520</td>
<td>Off-Enl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45th Infantry Regt.</td>
<td>Col. Thomas W. Doyle 05043</td>
<td>Off-55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57th Infantry Regt.</td>
<td>Col. George E. Clarke 04163</td>
<td>Off-51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23rd Field Artillery</td>
<td>Col. Louis R. Dougherty 02494</td>
<td>Off-Enl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24th Field Artillery</td>
<td>Col. Albert R. Ives 04862</td>
<td>Off-Enl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>608 MPs</td>
<td>Off-5 US</td>
<td>Enl-55 US</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Non Divisions

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Commanded by</th>
<th>Estimated Strength</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>26th Cavalry (PS)</td>
<td>Col. Clinton A. Pierce 04937</td>
<td>Off-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31st Infantry (US)</td>
<td>Col. Charles L. Steele 04855</td>
<td>Off-63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86 Field Artillery</td>
<td>Lt/Col. Arthur L. Sheve 01176</td>
<td>Total-620</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88 Field Artillery</td>
<td>Lt/Col. Arthur L. Sheve 01176</td>
<td>Total-620</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>192 Tank Bn</td>
<td>Tank</td>
<td>Gr. Off-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>194 Tank Bn</td>
<td>Tank</td>
<td>Gr. Off-10</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Tanker Group

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Commanded by</th>
<th>Estimated Strength</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8th Prov Artillery Group Self Propelled (Mounted)</td>
<td>B/Gen. James R.N. Weaver 03100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st Prov Artillery Group Self Propelled (Mounted)</td>
<td>Lt/Col. Joseph Gonzi 01654</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th Prov Artillery Group Self Propelled (Mounted)</td>
<td>Lt/Col. David S. Bobcock 01539</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14th Prov Artillery Group Self Propelled (Mounted)</td>
<td>Off-22</td>
<td>Enl-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12th Prov Artillery Group Self Propelled (Mounted)</td>
<td>Off-22</td>
<td>Enl-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th Prov Artillery Group Self Propelled (Mounted)</td>
<td>Off-22</td>
<td>Enl-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Service Command
4th and 7th Chemical
AA Brigade
724 Ordinance Company
743 Ordnance Company
Army Nurse Corps Bataan And Corregidor 97
809 M's 240
202 Engineers 260
201 Engineers 101

Breakdown of Service Command

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Strength</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Patients Hosp 1 &amp; 2</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>Hq &amp; Service Command (Phil Dev.) 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Trans Service</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>Engineer Depot 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q.M. Distribution</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>Convoyalos Camp 250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provost Marshall</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>Ordnance Shops 500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stockade, FOW's Japanese</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>Medical Depot 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signal Corps Misc</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>Miscellaneous 775</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10,485</td>
<td>Grand Total — 11,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sick and Wounded 8 April 1942

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Personnel on Bataan April 2, 1942</th>
<th>Estimated Strength</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Hospital 1 &amp; 2</td>
<td>32,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sick and Wounded Field Hospital</td>
<td>32,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sick and Wounded Forward Aid Stations</td>
<td>32,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Sick and Wounded</td>
<td>104,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Civilian Refugees — Men, women and children — 20,000 Grand total of Dead weight — 28,000

Air Corps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Commanded by</th>
<th>Estimated Strength</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hq &amp; Hq P.H.</td>
<td>M/Gen George F. Moore 02627</td>
<td>335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hq &amp; Hq Det</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>326</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59 CAC</td>
<td>Col. Paul D. Bunker 03887</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 CAC (AA)</td>
<td>Col. Theodore M. Chase 02629</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91 CAC</td>
<td>Col Joseph P. Reim 05869</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92 CAC</td>
<td>Col. Octave DesFra 02306</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>206 CAC</td>
<td>Col. Charles W. Sage 04157</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>515 CAC</td>
<td>Lt/Col. John C. Luebke</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

USAMP — Harrison

| Station Hospital | 50 | 0 | 110 | 150 |

Chemical Warfare

| | 3 | 0 | 10 | 4 |

(Continued on Page 11)

10 — THE QUAN
U.S. Navy Personnel

1. The enclosed list of Naval personnel was taken from personal files of Capt. Elmer E. Long, Jr. PNC National Secretary ADBC. This list includes all Navy that we know about as May 1, 1987. This does not include Naval Personnel that left the Philippines after Dec. 8, 1941. No way is this list complete.

   Killed in action or died of wounds .................................. 606
   Unaccounted for .................................................................. 889
   Addresses held (Living) ..................................................... 496
   Died in POW Camps, Philippines, Japan, Formosa, Korea, China ... 197
   Executed by Japanese ....................................................... 13
   Accidental Death — Commander fell off roof in Manila ......... 1
   Died after the war .............................................................. 138

   Hand counted from records .............................................. 2,340

2. The enclosed list of Marine Personnel taken from personal records of Capt. Elmer E. Long, Jr. PNC National Secretary ADCC. This list includes all the Marines that were in the Philippines and the 1st and 2nd Bn. 4th Marines. Consisting of 1,576 Officers and men. All later including Philippine Marines and Shanghai Marines made up the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Battalions. 4th Marines. At a later date Navy men were attached to the 4th Rgt. making up another Bn.

   Killed in action — Died of wounds .................................... 330
   Unaccounted for .................................................................. 172
   Addresses held (Living) ..................................................... 602
   Died in POW Camp ............................................................. 283
   Executed by Japanese ....................................................... 5
   Committed Suicide (Corregidor) ....................................... 3
   Died after the war (Korea, Vietnam) .................................... 299

   Hand Counted from records .............................................. 1,576

Navy Nurse Corps

   Died after the war .............................................................. 1

   Addresses held (Living) ..................................................... 3

Total .................................................................................... 4

Living POW's and others

1. This list was taken from the personal files of Capt. Elmer E. Long, Jr. PNC National Secretary ADCC. This list includes all that are eligible to be members of ADBC including any unit of Force of the Asiatic Fleet, Philippine Archipelago, Wake Island, Mariana Islands, Midway Island and Dutch East Indies, North China Marines.

   A. Addresses that receive the Quan (Philippines) ............... 4,079
   B. Addresses not on the Quan list and not members of ADBC (Philippines) ............................................ 1,825
   C. Addresses of Next to Kin (Philippines) — On Quan list .... 664
   D. 131 FA On Quan list ..................................................... 7
   E. 131 FA not on the Quan list ......................................... 448
   F. Wake Island Addresses including Civilians on Quan list .... 64
   G. Wake Island Addresses including Civilians not on Quan list .... 336
   H. Guam Addresses on Quan list ....................................... 23
   I. Guam Addresses not on the Quan list ............................. 35
   J. U.S.S. Houston on Quan list ......................................... 37
   K. U.S.S. Houston not on Quan list .................................... 127
   L. North China Marines on Quan list ................................ 10
   M. North China Marines not on Quan list .......................... 75
   N. Ships of the Asiatic Fleet on Quan list ............................ 20
   O. Ships of the Asiatic Fleet not on the Quan list ............... 50
   P. Addresses of Subscriptions to the Quan VIP's ................ 267
   Q. Name and Unit only disposition unknown at this time ...... 2,133
   R. Research is being conducted on these people. ............... 133

   (Continued from Page 10)

BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. United States Army in World War II — The War in the Pacific — The Fall of the Philippines. Louis Morton
3. Department of the Army
4. Navy Department
5. Headquarters, United States Marine Corps
6. History of Archives, Washington, D.C.
9. Living — Hours of Research from Rosters, Quan Lists, and lists supplied by many many many individuals who shared their findings with me for whom I owe my sincere thanks! Some were actual hand counts from personal files.

PHANTOM P-40 INQUIRY

Bill Cote, P.O. Box 123, Fall River, Mass. 02722 has been endeavoring for years to determine the identity of the pilot of the Phantom P-40 that flew from Mindanao in September of 1942. Flew over Formosa and on to China. There it was shot down by pilots of two P-40's of the 14th Airforce.

Cote would appreciate any information regarding the UNITS of the following:

[Continued from Page 10]

V Bomber Command Col Eugene Eubanks 005508
48 Materiel Sqd 21
Chemical Warfare Det. 216
103 Engineers 180
228 Signal Company

(Off-21) Enl-460

Service Detachments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Officers</th>
<th>American Enl</th>
<th>Philippine Scouts Enl</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quartermaster 38</td>
<td>487</td>
<td>296</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Dept. 187</td>
<td>507</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ordnance Dept. 40</td>
<td>1,001</td>
<td>-0-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corps Of Engineers 29</td>
<td>715</td>
<td>-0-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signal Corps 16</td>
<td>486</td>
<td>125</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemical Warfare 5</td>
<td>224</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance Dept. 2</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other 19</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>-0-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MARCH, 1988 — 11
DAN A. McCARTNEY
Dan A. McCartney, 67, a native of NM, died Aug. 3, 1986. He is survived by his wife, Haroldine McCartney of Albuquerque; daughter Roberta McCartney of CA; and mother, Mary McCartney of Deming. He was a retired Col. serving 27 years of active duty in the US Army. He was a prisoner of war; a member of the 200th NM National Guard; American Legion Post #95; the American Helicopter Society, Inc.; charter member of the Army Aviation Assoc. of America; member of the American Ex-Prisoners of War, Inc. Graveside memorial services were held Wednesday at 2:30 PM in the National Cemetery in Santa Fe with Chaplain Gale R. Everson officiating. Cremation has taken place in Sunset Memorial Park Crematory. For friends who wish, the family requests contributions be made to the American Lung Association, 2216 Truman NE, 87108. French Mortuary, 1111 University NE, were in charge of arrangements.

CLETUS M. JONES
Cletus M. Jones died on July 30th 1986 at home of a myocardial infarction. He was 65 years of age. His death was sudden with no previous illness.
He was buried with Military honors at Hillcrest Memorial Gardens in Bridge City, Texas.
He leaves his wife Joyce, a son, Gary of Austin, Texas & a daughter Kathy of Fort Worth Texas, as well as many friends to mourn his loss.

"BLACKIE" BRENNAN
We have received word on the death of "Blackie" Brennan but no details.

MAX R. LEVER
Max R. Lever, Forest Hills, NY. 11375, Died April 27, 86 — Sorry no other details.

FREDERICK W. CROCKER
Frederick W. Crocker passed away Sept. 11, 1986. No other details

CLARK L. TAYLOR
Clark L. Taylor, 4425 Harlen Ave., Waco, TX 76710 of the 131 FA-36 Div. reported as deceased — no other details.

SAMUEL SCHULMAN
Samuel Schulman, 5000 NW 53rd Terrace, Tamarac, FL 33321. He was a member of the 19th BG 26th BS. He passed away on Aug. 19th, 1986. Cancer. I do not have any other information.

LT/COL. A.C. TISDELL
Lt/COL A C Tisdelle Aide de Camp to General King. 1451 Walls Road, Orange Park, FL 32073. He passed away on 30 April 1986. I was notified by his son I wrote to his son, conveying the personnel of A DBC condolences and request that he send me a copy of the obituary so I may inform the proper personnel.

MERRITT V. EDDY
CPO Merritt V. Eddy, 70, died September 22, 1986. Served with the U.S. Navy in the U.S.S. Houston. Held prisoner in Northern Japan 3½ years. Resident of San Diego, Ca. formerly from Portland, OR. His ashes were buried at sea. Survived by his wife and two daughters.

JOSEPH MAZUR
On August 24, 1986 of Chester, MD: beloved husband of Betty Ann Mazur; father of Patricia Brandt; father-in-law of Charles D. Brandt; four sisters, three brothers and three grandchildren also survive.

GORDON R. FONTAINE

MARION D. ABERNATHY
Marion D. Abernathy died 5/28/65 in Missoula, Montana. He was assigned to the QMC Harbor Defense when captured by the Japanese, May 6, 1942. Marion spent 3½ years as a prisoner of war. He is survived by his wife, Marjorie.

EUGENE J. FRANKLIN
Eugene J. Franklin died Oct. 18, 1986 of heart attack. He is survived by his wife Anabellee. Eugene lived in Ashland, Wisc. 54801 and served with Hdq. & Hdq. 24th pursuit.

ROSS LEWELLAN
Ross Lewellan, 2526 W. Grand, Lot 21, Springfield, Mo. 65802 passed away Mon. 2 a.m., Oct. 27th at the VA Hospital in KC, Mo. Ross was a member of the 59th CA, on Corregidor. He was at Cabanatuan and at Omine, Japan.

HAT DILLER
The wife of Honorary Vice Commander Brig. General LeGrande A. Diller passed away on October 8th, 1986 at the hospital in Bradenton, FL. Her body was donated to science. B/Gen. Diller requested that in lieu of flowers, donations be sent to the King Memorial Church fund in care of B/Gen. Diller. Mrs. Hat Diller was a member of the ADPC Defenderettes of Florida.

Information Wanted
George T. Gribbons, Chief Carpenter Mate, reported to have died October 24, 1944 off Shoonan, Eastern Coast of China. Also, rumor stated he lived, went to Japan and died in Japan. Was in Bilibid before leaving on ship that was sunk. Served on Blackhawk and USS OAHU. He was about 5'4", reddish hair and was 32 years old in 1944. Please write to: Box 124, Cataumet, Mass. 02534.
Sincerely yours, Warren Gribbons Box 38A Route 1 American Outdoors Key Largo, FL 33037

GERM CAMP SURVIVORS WANT PAY
American victims of Japanese biological experiments in World War II prison camps deserve compensation from the U.S. Government, which has ignored their plight, a congressman and a former prisoner said Wednesday.
"The facts are all too clear that too many of the American prisoners of war at those Japanese germ warfare camps have been provided neither adequate health care nor appropriate compensation," Rep. Pat Williams, D-Mont., told the House Veterans' Affairs subcommittee on compensation, pension and insurance.
He said American prisoners of war were among the human guinea pigs used by the Japanese Imperial Army's top-secret Unit 731 at the Mukden POW camp in Manchuria.
Unit 731 used the Mukden camp "for deadly chemical and biological experiments, for injections, body dissections, blood and feces tests, freezing of body parts, infection of wounds with anthrax, the application of plague, bacillus, cholera, dysentery, and typhoid," Williams said.
But he said, the Defense Department has refused to make available records of the experiments that would help Veterans Administration physicians treat the former prisoners.
However, John H. Hatcher, chief of Army records management, testified that the service has no records from the Mukden camp and only about 200 pages of secondary documentation, such as interrogations of Japanese officials.
But Frank James of Redwood City, Calif., testified that a Japanese medical team, wearing gas masks, sprayed liquid into the faces of prisoners and gave them injections in November 1942.
In the following three to four months, about 300 Americans died and a Japanese medical team returned to autopsy the dead, selecting the bodies according to the numbered toe tags, James said. A group later returned to Mukden to conduct medical and psychological exams on selected prisoners, he said.
William said it was known how many survivors of Mukden are still alive or how many are being denied compensation.
According to records, 1,318 U.S. servicemen were liberated from the camp at the end of the war.

HELP PLEASE
James W. Workman, 1118 Brabee St. Pitts- burgh, Pa. 15212 was taken POW. in the New Guinea and a POW. for 8 months. He is try- ing to establish a claim with the VA and needs your help. If you recognize the name please contact him.

JOHN SCOTT
LYCURGUS W. JOHNSON

Services were held in the chapel of Dudley-Hoffman Mortuary for Lt. Col. Lycurgus W. Johnson, retired, ’75, of Santa Maria, who died at his residence after a lengthy illness. Chaplain James P. Miller, of Vandenberg Air Force Base, officiated. Military graveside services followed in the Santa Maria Cemetery.

Lt. Col. Johnson was born in Joliet, Ill., and was reared in Curay, Colo. He graduated from the University of Colorado in 1941 and entered the U.S. Army Air Corps that same year, graduating from flying school at Kelly Field in San Antonio, Texas. He was a Japanese prisoner of war for 2½ years, participating in the Bataan Death March. He received the Bronze Star and the Purple Heart, and retired from the U.S. Air Force in 1953.

STANLEY J. KROLIKOSKI

Service were held on Friday, March 22, 1991 for Mr. Stanley J. Krolkoski, who was a prisoner of war in WW II. He was 72. He was a retired model maker for Frankford Arsenal in Philadelphia.

He was born in Scranton, PA, and lived in Maple Shade for 40 years. Mr. Krolkoski, an Army veteran of WW II, was involved in the Bataan Death March, and as a result became a POW for 41 months. He was a member of the American Defenders of Bataan and Corregidor; the Disabled American Veterans; Our Lady of Perpetual Help Church, and the American Association of Retired Persons. Mr. Krolkoski was also a technical service leader for the Civilian Conservation Corps from 1933 to 1941.

He is survived by his wife, Virginia S. (nee Sweeney); three daughters, Anna C. Dulo, Kathleen A. Lemoine, and Virginia J.; two sons, Du Stanley J., Jr., and Kenneth X.; and eight grandchildren. Friends were invited to attend funeral services Friday morning, March 22, at the Inglesi-Grinnell Funeral Home, 630 E. Main St., Maple Shade. A Mass of Christian Burial was celebrated at Our Lady of Perpetual Help Church, Maple Shade. Interment was in Veterans Memorial Park in Arneytown.

EMMETT J. LaBLANC


Emmett was a radio operator in the HQS Squadron of the 27th Bomb Group, and later in Bataan. He did the death march to O’Donnell. He detailed to Clark Air Base, then on to Davao Penal Colony, then to Yokachi, Japan.

After the war he got a degree in Electronic Engineering and went to work for the Defense Dept., in California.

He lived for many years in Hawthorne, CA, and the last few years in Hemet, CA.

Emmett was awarded the usual array of service medals including two Bronze Stars, the Purple Heart, and the Combat Infantry Badge.

He was the most kindly, affable man with a great sense of humor. All of his friends will miss him.

Graveside services were held at the VA Cemetery in Pensacola, FL.

A Memorial Service will be held in California by Fr. Frank Lowe.

GEORGE B. MOORE

George B. Moore died on August 28, 1991, at the VA Hospital in Richmond, Virginia. Born January 2, 1914, in Chicago, Illinois, George Moore became interested in a military career while a student at Lane Tech High School, where he enrolled in the ROTC program. Following a period during which he served in the Civilian Conservation Corps in Oregon and as a layman in Chicago, he was commissioned in the infantry entering active duty on February 18, 1940. Reporting to the 20th Infantry Regiment at Camp Jackson, South Carolina, Mr. Moore participated in the Louisiana maneuvers of 1940. He later received orders to the Philippines for which he sailed in October, 1940, on the USAT GRANT.

When the war broke out, Mr. Moore was serving as the commander of Company I, 45th Infantry (Phillipine Scouts), which he led throughout the fighting on Bataan. He was awarded one Silver Star for the rear-guard action at Abucay hacienda and second for the fight at Quinamant Point, where he was wounded by a JapaneseNambu machine gun. Surviving the “Death March,” O’Donnell, Cabangban, and Davao Penal Colony, Mr. Moore was shipped to Japan in December, 1944. He was on the Oryoku Maru when in was sunk in Subic Bay, and was wounded a second time on the Enoura Maru when it was bombed at Takao, Formosa. After three months at Fukukota No. 3 on Kyushu, he was shipped to Mekdon, in Mandchuria, where he was liberated by the Russians on August 20, 1945, having spent some forty months as a “guest of the emperor.” His prison nickname was “Shorty.”

After the war, Mr. Moore spent two years in and out of hospitals but remained in the Army, retiring as a lieutenant-colonel in February, 1960. His second career was as an elementary school teacher in Dowziers Grove, Illinois, where he taught for fifteen years. For more than 37 years, Mr. Moore was married to Mary Jean (Jacobs) who preceded him in death on March 30, 1984. Mr. Moore is survived by his sons Brian, Bruce, Errence, and Timothy. He had four grandchildren.

Lieutenant Colonel (Retired) George B. Moore was buried with full military honors at Arlington National Cemetery. Shorty died as he had lived, in keeping with the 45th Infantry Regiment motto, “Strong to Endure.”

VI S IT A  H O S P I T A L I Z E D  V E R T E R A N  

6 — THE QUAN
JOHN W. SPAINHOWER

LTC John W. Spainhower, U.S. Army Retired, died on September 14, 1993 in San Diego. He was captured on Bataan and was a Japanese prisoner-of-war for 3 1/2 years. He remained on active duty until retirement in 1961. His wife, Evelyn, predeceased him in 1969. He is survived by two sisters-in-law, 10 nephews and nieces, and 21 grand nieces and nephews. He was an active Mason, a member of John D. Spreckels Lodge #657, and a 32nd Knight Commander Court of Honor, San Diego Bodies Scottish Rite; a member of Prisoner-of-War Chapter 523, and Golden Gate Chapter 18, National Sojourners. A member of American Defenders of Bataan & Corregidor, American Ex-POW, Retired Officers Association and Veterans of Foreign Wars. Services were held on September 20, 1993 at Cypress View under the auspices of Spreckels Masonic Lodge #657. The Reverend Richard L. Crouzier officiated.

(Richard Crouzier is John's nephew and is a Chaplain stationed at March Air Force Base.) We appreciate Dorothy Wade (sister-in-law) for giving us the details.

WESLEY W. WILSON

Wesley W. Wilson, 79, U.S. Navy Retired, of Ft. Walton Beach, FL, died October 11, 1993. He was stationed in the Philippines where he served as a 1st class signalman on a PT boat patrolling the outer banks of Bataan. He was captured on Corregidor on May 6, 1942, and held prisoner for 43 months in Japanese prison camps. He spent 2 1/2 years in a prison camp at Cabanatuan, Philippines. He also spent 21 days at sea on the freighter Nisyo Maru with 1,500 other prisoners. For 11 months he worked in a coal mine at a prison camp in Japan. That mine saved him from exposure to the atomic bomb dropped on Nagasaki about 25 miles away. His decorations include the Bronze Star and the Purple Heart. He was active in veterans organizations, as a Shriner clown, and as a musician. He leaves his two daughters, a granddaughter, and three grandchildren.

THE CHAPLAIN’S CORNER

Happy New Year to all fellow Members of the American Defenders of Bataan and Corregidor and to their spouses, offspring, surviving spouses and Associate Members!

Lately the Christmas and Hanukkah Seasons have dominated our lives, as they should; most of the world knows about those two religious seasons. And most of the Christian world knows that sometime during the Spring of each year will come Lent and Easter.

We need to be reminded that between Christmas and Lent come the Season of Epiphany. Epiphany means the showing forth of God’s saving Grace to ALL of the peoples of the world. While we understand that the Messiah, according to God’s plan, would spring forth from the national Israel, the message of Epiphany is that when He did come into the world, the Messiah would be the Redeemer of all peoples.

During Epiphany we take time to read the stories that connect us to the Christ; stories such as the Three Kings who came to Bethlehem bearing gifts to the Baby Jesus in the manger. The Three Kings were of the Gentile nations but they came to worship and receive Him. Later in Jesus’ life He would strengthen the link between himself and the Gentiles by His gently revealing Himself to the woman at the well.

Epiphany is a comfortable Season; one in which we quietly rejoice in the inclusion of the Gentiles in the ministry of the Christ and for the hopes and meaning that His presence gives to our lives.

Let us give praise to God the Father whose love to us was so great that He sent His only-begotten Son to be the Light of the world and the Saviour of all mankind.

Fr. Bob
National Chaplain
ABDC

ROBERT EDWARD SPARKS

Robert Edward Sparks of Fresno, CA, passed away August 9, 1993. He joined the U.S. Army Corps just in time to be sent to the Philippines a short period before World War II. He was captured April 9, 1942, and was a survivor of the Bataan Death March and 40 months of confinement in Japanese POW camps, including Camp O’Donnell, Pauig River, Cabanatuan, Yodagawa (Mitsubishi Heavy Industries), and Fukukawa. He was a past national junior vice commander of AXPOW, as well as holding offices in the California State Department and in Fresno Chapter No. 1, of which he was commander. He leaves family and friends.

FLORIDA CHAPTER

The Florida Chapter ADBC had a successful meeting at the Granada Inn, Ormond Beach, Florida on the weekend of 14th thru 17th of October 1993. There were seventy of our members, wives and guests.

The newly elected officers are:
Commander — Reginald Leighton
1st Air Warning
Vice Commander — Charles McAttee
27th Bomb Group Hq. Sqd.
Jr. Vice Commander —
Fontaine Brownell
Army Nurse Corp.
Treasurer — A.L. Fullerton
12th Quartermaster Corp.
Secretary — John Aldrich
19th Quartermaster Truck Co.

The Defenderets of the Florida Chapter ADBC elected the following Officers:
President — Joan Copeland
Secretary — Maria Raymond
Treasurer — Louise Fullerton and Katie Kadel
Chaplin — Virginia Smith

The Florida Chapter ADBC will hold their General Meeting and 1994 Convention at the Holiday Riverfront Inn, Bradenton, Florida on the 6th thru the 9th of October 1994. The room rates will be $59.00 Single or Double plus a 9% tax. Anyone desiring information concerning the above, write to John Aldrich 4430 Pompano Drive, Tampa, FL 33617-3808 or call (813) 988-3549.

CORRECTION

There is a mistake in our obit in the December, 1993 issue of The Quan. On page 6, under JCEASED
— NO DETAIL...we listed the death of Raymond D. Reed. It was not Raymond, but his wife that died. Raymond is doing fine, and I’m sure his friends who read The Quan would like to know this fact.

Raymond’s wife, Iris Alberta “Peaches” Reed did pass away September 21, 1993, at Harris Hospital in Fort Worth, Texas. Services were conducted at Runaway Bay Community Church September 23, 1993, with burial at Greenwood Cemetery in Fort Worth.

8 — THE QUAN

MUKDEN

From: Arthur & Frances Campbell, and all the rest of members of the Committee of the Mukden Reunion of Ex-POWs held Oct. 21-24, 1993 in Arlington, TX.

Thank You! Thank You! for the wonderful notices you printed in the Quan. People did respond. Really liked the last notice on front page and in Bold Type.

People came from all over, California to New York, Washington to Florida and all places in between. Even had 2 men come from England!

The Reunion was a great Success! Should have been there. Thanks again for your help.

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SAM CALDWELL

Sam F. Caldwell of Lakewood Drive, Ocilla, who spent nearly four years as a prisoner of Japanese armed forces during World War II, died Saturday morning from a lengthy illness at the V.A. Medical Center in Dublin. He was 73.

Caldwell was among the Corregidor and Bataan defenders in the Philippines in the opening weeks of the war with Japan in the Pacific theater in December 1941 and early 1942. He was one of 3,000 prisoners of war who resisted for 13 days in the infamous Bataan Death March, and spent three years, nine months in Japanese prison camps in the Philippines. He endured the ordeal, returning to Atlanta in October of 1945 one day after his 25th birthday.

A native of Cook county, Mr. Caldwell was born Oct. 22, 1919, the son of the late George T. and Nellie Counce Caldwell. Retired as a clerk at Dill's Ace Hardware in Ocilla, he had lived here since 1947 and was married to the former Myrtice Cook. He was a member of a number of veterans' and POW organizations including the American Defenders of Bataan & Corregidor, the V.F.W., Disabled American Veterans, and the Istland Chapter of the Pow's. He and his wife attended a number of reunions of the ex-prisoners of war held at various points in the country in past years. He was also a member of Pine Hill Baptist Church.

Survivors include his wife, Myrtice Caldwell, Ocilla; two sons; William Caldwell and G.H. Caldwell; three brothers: Carl E. Caldwell, Cecil Caldwell, and Melvin Caldwell, and a sister, Mildred Epps. Three grandchildren also survive.

OTO H. CASEY

Oto H. Casey, born January 29, 1915, died at the age of 78 at home in Martin, TX, on February 2, 1993. He was a member of the LaFollette, and his contribution to the publishing world.

C.L. DANIELS

A Campbell County man will be remembered for his service to his country, his teaching in the public schools of LaFollette, and his contribution to the publishing world.

Clarence Jackson (C.L.) Daniels, age 71, of LaFollette, died Sunday night, Feb. 2, as the LaFollette Medical Center. As one of 13 children, Daniels grew up in coal mining towns in the Kentucky, Virginia, and Tennessee areas.

He enlisted in the Army at an early age to serve in the Philippines during World War II. He participated in the defense and fall of Corregidor, he survived the Bataan Death March and he was a Japanese POW for three and a half years. Following the war, he received numerous medals from the Philippines and American governments, including the Bronze Star.

He received his journalism degree from the University of Kentucky and edited and published many area newspapers in Tennessee, Kentucky and North Carolina. He was editor of the LaFollette Press in the sixties.

Subsequent to his journalism career, he taught school in LaFollette at both elementary and secondary levels. He was a member of East LaFollette Baptist Church and DAV Chapter #105.

Funeral services were Wednesday, Feb. 5 at 2 p.m. at the chapel of Cross Funeral Home, LaFollette, with the Rev. Don Martin officiating. Interment was in Leach Cemetery, Lake City, with DAV Chapter #105 and Campbell County Honor Guard in charge. The family received friends on Tuesday, Feb. 4 from 6 p.m. to 8 p.m. at Cross Funeral Home.

Daniels was preceded in death by his grandson, Christopher Daniel Bonem. Survivors include his wife, Dorothy Phillips Daniels; daughters and son-in-law, Bonnie and Mike Bonem, Donna Daniels, grandsons David and Matthew Bonem; brother, Bob Daniels; sisters Margaret West, Mae Sparkman, Mary Sparkman, and Betty McKnight.

VISIT A HOSPITALIZED VETERAN

JAMES R. DAVIS

James R. Davis, a retired rear admiral who directed construction of Navy seaplane bases during World War II and was a prisoner of war for more than three years, died Aug. 30, 1993, after a lengthy illness. He was 81.

Rear Adm. Davis was born in Providence, R.I., and was a 1934 graduate of the Naval Academy. He spent two years at sea before transferring to the Navy's Civil Engineers Corps. He earned a master's degree in civil engineering at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in Troy, N.Y., and was a member of the Sigma Xi honorary science fraternity.

In November, 1941, while serving at the Cavite Navy Yard in the Philippines, he directed Navy Seabees building advanced seaplane bases. During the Japanese bombardment of Corregidor, Rear Adm. Davis and a small force of men maintained electrical power to the besieged island fortress for four months, giving the Navy time to recover from the Pearl Harbor attack and helping to prevent an invasion of Australia.

Rear Adm. Davis was captured and served as POW administrator of the Shinagawa POW Hospital Camp, where he observed the destruction of Tokyo. He was awarded two bronze stars after the war.

Following assignments in California, Virginia, Seattle and Washington, D.C., he was promoted to rear admiral at age 47. He served as commanding officer of the Naval Construction Battalion at Port Hueneme before returning to San Diego as director of the Southwest Division of the Bureau of Yards and Docks.

In 1963, Rear Adm. Davis took dual command of the Pacific Division, Bureau of Yards and Docks, and the Naval Construction Battalion, Pacific. Based in Pearl Harbor, he directed all naval construction from Alaska to Australia, including the vast buildup for the Vietnam War. He was awarded the Legion of Merit when he retired in 1966.

He returned to San Diego, where he served as director of public works for the Port Authority. He retired in 1970 to pursue his interests in earthquake preparedness and seismic engineering, and often spoke to service clubs. He was a member of the Schollia Club and Q.E.D.

He is survived by his wife, Helen McLaughlin Davis; three daughters, Alison Tibbits, Patricia Davis and Helen Sues; a son, Dr. Christopher Davis; and four grandchildren.
ROSE C. DENGELIGI

SOUTH RIVER — Rose Czegledi Dengelegi, 61, of Brenning Place died at home after a long illness, August 28, 1983.

Born in West Virginia, she lived in South River for the past 58 years. Mrs. Dengelegi was a member of the First Reformed Church of South River and the South River Moose Lodge Ladies Auxiliary.

Surviving are her husband, Victor; a daughter, Linda Sue Ruzyczky of Howell; a sister, Elizabeth Molnar of South River; and two grandchildren.

REID T. SHEWMAKER

Reid Thompson Shewmaker, 69, of 756 Fair View Court, Harrodsville, Ky. died Sept. 1, 1983 at the VA Hospital in Lexington, Ky. A member of Headquarters Co. 192nd Tank Bn. Reid was a survivor of the Bataan Death March.

Survived by wife Mable, a daughter, a brother, sister and 2 grandchildren.

JAMES R. McGEE

James R. McGee, age 62, retired from 21 years service in the U.S.M.C. passed away June 17, 1983 at the Fresno Veterans Hospital. Mac was POW for 3½ years and later served in the Korean Conflict.

He was a rancher for the last 6 years after working at Civil Service at Mare Island Navy Base and Lake Mead Base, Las Vegas. He is survived by his wife Willis, 6 children and 8 grandchildren.

MAGALIA, CA — With great courage and determination, aircrews launched from the U.S.S. Hornet attacked the Japanese transport, ORYOKU MARU, at Subic Bay on December 15th, 1944 in the face of fierce enemy gunfire.

Unknown to the airmen, 1619 captive American comrades in arms were crammed below in airless black holds, desperately helping each other to escape and swim ashore with what little strength remained.

The vessel sank 300 yards from the shore. Only 200 American prisioners, many having suffered the brutal Bataan Death March, survived this terrible ordeal.

Destiny draws both the gallant survivors of the U.S.S. HORNET and the ORYOKU MARU together for a reunion in Mountain Home, Arkansas on October 25th, 1983 hosted by the HORNET crew members.

In return, the American Defenders of Bataan and Corregidor Western States Chapters have cordially invited as many HORNET crew members as possible to attend the dedication of the ORYOKU MARU Memorial at the site of its sinking next December 15th in Olongapo City, Philippines.

For details, please contact Col. Charles M. Brown AUS Ret. 13680 Andover Drive, Magalia, CA 95954.

The ORYOKU MARU survivors will honor the Hornet air crew who perished in the battle for freedom with a memorial tribute on the ORYOKU MARU Memorial.

A free copy of the book "The Oryoku Maru Story" by Col. Charles Brown, a survivor of the tragedy, will be sent to anyone who donates $25 or more to the ORYOKU MARU MEMORIAL.

Details of the Oryoku Maru Remembered tour may be requested by writing to the ADDBCWSC at PO. Box 1617, SanSaulito, CA 94966.
DONATO LEONE

A memorial mass was conducted for Donato Leone, 78, of 34 Myoston St. Mr. Leone died Monday, Aug. 27, 1984 at St. Clare's Hospital after a short illness.

Born in Italy, Mr. Leone came to Schenectady when he was young. He operated Leone Brothers Construction Co. in Colonie from 1936 to 1972 with his brothers, Armand of Colonie, who died in 1958, Rocco of Schenectady, who died in 1975, and Anthony of Colonie. Mr. Leone was a World War II Army veteran. He served in the Pacific Theater and was a prisoner of war of the Japanese from 1941 to 1945. A survivor of the Bataan Death March, Mr. Leone was a member of the American Defenders of Bataan and Corregidor. He was a communicant of St. Anthony's Church. His wife, Olga Leone, died in 1966.

Survivors, including his brother, are his son, Alfred Leone, his sister, Mrs. Angelina La'fetta.

G. THOMAS JENSEN

G. Thomas Jensen died Sept. 12, 1984 in Modesto, Ca. of a massive heart attack. He was a crew chief with the 23rd Pursuit Sqd. He had been working with Tri City Fruit Growers Assoc. and more recently was part owner of a Heinz Tomato Grading Station in Macy, Ca.

**ARTIS "ART" BREWER**

Art Brewer died June 19, 1984. Art was a Navy Corpsman on Wake. He went out with us to Wake in the first group during August 41. I am sure many of you remember him as a quiet easy going man. Art also died of a heart attack. He attended our last Reunion in Oklahoma City.

MRS. JOSEPH FILKO

Mrs. Helen S. Filko, 63, of 3706 Easton Ave., Bethlehem Township, died Sept. 9, 1984 in St. Luke's Hospital. She was the wife of Joseph W. Filko.

Joe was a member of the 803rd Eng. Born in Bethlehem, she was a daughter of the late Joseph and Anna (Stumpf) Nemeth. She was a member of St. John Capistrano Catholic Church, Bethlehem.

Surviving with her husband are a son, Gary J. of Strongsville, Ohio, and two sisters, Mrs. Anna Wisser and Mrs. Mary Pum, both of Bethlehem.

MRS. ARNOLD A. BOCKSEL

Arnold A. Bocksel, 78 Miller Blvd., Syosset, N.Y. is sorry to report the death of his wife, Sept. 17, 1984 after a long illness.

MRS. IRENE PERRY

Dear Mr. Vater:

I am writing this letter to bring to your attention the fact that Mrs. Irene Perry, wife of ADBC member Chester J. Perry (Perhinczuk) passed away on August 31, 1984 of cancer after an illness of about four months.

Friends of the Perrys will recall that Chester collapsed while attending the American Defenders of Bataan and Corregidor convention in Las Vegas on April 28, 1981. After over three years in hospitals and nursing homes Chester is presently a patient in the nursing home at Hines VA Medical Center. His condition remains poor and it appears that he will require nursing home care for an extended period of time.

MRS. ALBERT HERREN

This is to notify you that Mrs. Albert Herren died July 18, 1984. She was the mother of William Fielder Herren and Albert Felix Herren, Jr., both of whom served in the Asiatic Area, U.S. Navy.

Yours truly,
Sybil R. Herren (Mrs. J.E.)

Dear Sirs,

I've been trying to find out about Arvid Stomberg 36324975. He was with the 373 Bomb Sqd., 308 Bomb Group. The last he knew he was taken prisoner by Japanese when he had to jump out of his plane. Was in the hospital with broken leg. Was not able to walk when other prisoners were discharged so was left behind. My last letter came back "Missing in Action" Sept. 28, 1943.

If you can give me any information, I'd appreciate it.

Sincerely,
Mrs. Melvin Stahl

DON'T FORGET ALBUQUERQUE

NOV., 1984 — 9
LOUIS LOICANO

My husband, Louis Loicano, enlisted in the Army Air Corps in January 1940. He was assigned as a weather forecaster at Nichols Field in the Philippines. Shortly after the war began, he was captured on Luzon by Japanese forces and forced to participate in the Bataan Death March. From April 1942 to December 1944, he was interned in O'Donnell, Cabanatuan, and Bilibid prisoner-of-war camps in the Philippines. In December 1944, he was among 1600 American prisoners who were crammed aboard the Japanese ship Oryoku Maru for shipment to Japan. The ship was attacked and sunk by American planes in Subic Bay. The survivors were placed on another Japanese ship, which was sighted by American planes and sunk at Takao, Formosa. Placed aboard another Japanese ship, they reached Japan in February. He was placed in a hospital there, but was later transferred to camps Moji and Onomo #17. At the end of the war, he decided to stay in the Air Force and was assigned duties at Lowry AFB, CO; Vernam AB, Jamaica; Eglin AFB, FL; Ellington AFB, TX; Luke AFB, AZ; Elmendorf AFB, Alaska; Wright-Patterson AFB, OH; Norton AFB, CA; Hickam AFB, HI; and Vandenberg AFB, CA. He retired from the Air Force as a Chief Master Sergeant on 1 August 1970 after serving 30 years, 6 months, and 29 days. He died from a heart attack on 18 September 1984 at Vandenberg AFB Hospital. He is survived by his wife Lois, son Steve, and daughter Janene Miller.

GEORGE W. CAMPBELL, M.D. (1913-1984)

Dr. Campbell was a Captain while in the Philippines, where he arrived on the last transport in November, 1941 and subsequently was stationed at Corregidor for a short time before being ordered to Bataan with the Philippine Army. He made the Bataan death march and was interned at Camp No. 1 at Cabanatuan, but he volunteered for the first draft of prisoners that went to Japan in the fall of 1942. He told me later that his malaria was so severe and as quinine wasn’t available he felt going to a temperate climate would probably save his life, which fortunately turned out to be true.

George was a graduate of Case Western Reserve Medical School, Cleveland, in 1938 and subsequently had his internship and surgical residency in the same city. When he returned to this County as a Major he was quite ill and was in Army hospitals for about a year. He then moved to Los Angeles and became a well known general surgeon at the Hospital of the Good Samaritan. He succumbed to a prolonged serious illness, probably aggravated by some of his prisoner of war diseases and experiences.

Dr. Campbell leaves his wife, Margaret, and two grown daughters. He was a fine man who will be missed by all his many friends and numerous patients.

Warren A. Wilson, M.D.
Lt. C. Ret. AUS

IN MEMORIAM
GONE BUT NOT FORGOTTEN

GENERAL CURTIS BEECHER, 80+
passed away March, 1984, at the Douglas County Nursing Home, 778 West Harvard Blvd., Roseburg, Oregon 97470. He was the Commanding Officer, 1st Bn. 4th Marines. He was awarded many decorations for gallantry in World War I and World War II. General Beecher, a Lt./Col. at the time, was captured on Corregidor May 6, 1942.

Lt./Col. Beecher was an outstanding marine. He thought and always put his men before himself. On Corregidor the marine command was upset by his actions for issuing emergency rations and giving away the PX supplies to his men, who he considered to be first in his heart. He felt being on Corregidor was an emergency. It turned out to be, as the other units gave their C rations to the Japanese.

Beecher was assigned Camp Commander at Cabanatuan Prison Camp, where day in and day out he tried his best to see that our food was improved and that the camp was run properly. Although he was fighting a losing battle he never gave up. Many criticized him. In December 1944 Beecher W/000 Prisoners were loaded aboard the Oryoku Maru in hole #1. The hole was 80 X 100 Ft., there were no ventilators, no port holes. To control these men was a feat beyond expectations of human behavior. The ship was sunk December 15, 1944.

After the war Beecher retired as a Brig./General, United States Marines and returned to Oregon. He spent over 3 years in the mountains near Roseburg away from everybody trying to get over the harsh criticism that he received at Cabanatuan.

Now he is gone. Let us remember he put his life on the line for his country. I know I served with him in China and the Philippines. He died with no known survivors. His wife preceded him in death 1979 with no children.

MARVIN P. McCALLA

Marvin P. McCalla, 65, of Coeur d’Alene, died in a Salem, Ore., hospital.

Born July 31, 1918 in Alton, Ill., he was in the U.S. Marine Corps and a prisoner of war of the Japanese from 1941 until 1946. He married Marie Germann in 1950 at Reno, Nev., and was a mail handler there for the U.S. Postal Service until retiring in 1979. He also moved to Coeur d’Alene that year. He was affiliated with the Assembly of God Church in Coeur d’Alene, Spokane chapter of POW’s VFW in Bristow, Okla., a lifetime member of the Disabled American Veterans and a member of the Retired Federal Employees Association.

Survivors include his wife at home; son Donald; brother Maurice of Berkeley, Calif.; sisters Mary Ann Schmidt and Clarett Bramblett and Dorothy Avett.

LOUIS P. LUTICH

15110 Oakmere
San Antonio, TX 78232
October 8, 1984

Joseph A. Vater
Editor, the Quan
18 Wabler Drive
McKees Rocks, Pa. 15136

Dear Sir:

This letter is to report the death of Louis P. Lutich, my husband, so that his many friends will know of his passing.

Louis P. Lutich, age 70, of San Antonio, TX, died 29 July 1984, following a stroke and a massive heart attack. He was born 27 Oct. 1913 in Bisbee, AZ. Drafted 12 Jan. 1941 while living in Santa Fe, NM. His primary duties were as an artillery line officer. In April 1942 he was assigned as an Anti-aircraft battery range officer with the 200th Coast Artillery Battalion. At the time of the Japanese occupation of Bataan, Lutich, then a Lt. and several others escaped capture by using local villager’s boats to cross the channel to Corregidor.

During the siege of Corregidor and immediately prior to his capture, he was wounded by an artillery blast. The injury resulted in his left leg being amputated above the knee. At the time of his capture, he was a patient in the Malenta Tunnel, Corregidor.

He spent the majority of his internment in Bilibid Prison where the availability of medical assistance was basically non-existent. At the time of his capture he weighed approximately 175 pounds. At the time of his repatriation, in Feb. 1945 when the 37th Infantry stormed the Bilibid prison, he weighed 90 pounds. He was interned for 34 months, but formal acknowledgment that he was a POW was not accomplished by the International Red Cross until 2½ years following his capture when he was permitted to write a letter to his family.

Upon discharge from the service, Captain Lutich, relocated to Phoenix, Arizona and worked in Personnel & Advertising with Safeway Stores. Later he transferred to El Paso, TX. After five years he moved to Menlo, Arkansas and raised Polled Hereford cattle. After 7 years he moved to San Antonio, TX where he retired from Shop-Rite Foods Corp in 1976, following 18 years as Meat Markets Supervisor.

He married 1946 to a widow of an acrmonade who did not survive his POW internment being on one of the ships sunk off the China Sea in Oct. 1944. He is survived by his wife, Lorraine, a son, Louis L. Lutich of San Antonio, TX and a step-son, Michael L. Lutich of San Diego, CA. and five grandchildren.

Graveside services were conducted, with full military honors, on Sept. 1 in Fort Sam Houston National Cemetery.

Quan returned marked deceased: Ernon Craft, 27 N. Lakesview Ct., Mount Dora, Fl. 32757.
RAYMOND PERRELL

Raymond Perrell, 71, of Route 1, Woodleaf, N.C., died March 1, 1986 at the Salisbury, N.C., VA Medical Center after being in declining health for several years and seriously ill for 6 months.

He was a member of the 803rd Engineers, Headquarters Company, captured on Bataan and made the Death March. He was a Japanese prisoner for 3½ years in camps in the Philippines Islands and Japan.

He was a Life Member of the American Defenders of Bataan and Corregidor, The American Ex-Prisoner of War and the Disabled American Veterans.

He is survived by his wife, Thirza, 3 sons, 1 daughter and 9 grandchildren.

ROLL CALL AT OYAMA
by Frank Evans

Gomer Press 3.95

Frank Evans was a simple young man, from a kind and loving home in a West Wales village, when he was taken prisoner in Hong Kong on Christmas Day, 1941. In the Foreword, Brig. R. D. Buck, CBE, his former CO, says that Frank might not have seemed an obvious survivor had one known the terrible things which lay ahead. But clearly he had the huge advantage of a deep commitment to the Christian faith, giving him a spiritual strength which fortified him at the darkest moments, when others died simply because they had lost all hope.

Accounts of the terrible hardships suffered by prisoners in the hands of the Japanese never fail to horrify, and to astonish the reader that anyone could have survived such cruel treatment. This book is no exception, particularly when one reads that, after two harrowing years in Hong Kong, the author was one of a number transferred to the notorious Oyama camp on mainland Japan, and almost unbelievable bad conditions were exchanged for very much worse. Frank Evans writes in a very clear, unemotional style which convinces the reader of the cruelty and horror, but perhaps the most remarkable thing is that the experience left him with no hatred for his jailers.

In 1944 he returned to Japan, to witness the unveiling of a memorial stone at Oyama, in memory of his friends who had died in captivity, and to plant a cherry tree nearby, as a symbol of peace and forgiveness. He has made friends with Japanese people, enjoyed their hospitality, and entertained them on return to Wales.

There is still a great deal of love of the Japanese to be found amongst Burma Star holders. Perhaps the lesson to be drawn from this exceptional book is that the world cannot go forward on a basis of hatred, and if there is to be a future for our grandchildren, and for their children after them, it must be based on goodwill, understanding, and for — THE QUAN

AMERICAN SURVIVORS
ADDRESSES HELD BY ADBC (PHILIPPINES ONLY)

It has been requested by many how many of us are alive today? The totals listed below are the total addresses by units held by the National Secretary, Capt. Elmer E. Long, Jr. NCA. We feel that there are others not listed but have not come forward to unite with us. In no way is this report 100% nor is it complete. Any differences please contact National Secretary.

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Grand Total 4,589

Respectfully Submitted
Capt. Elmer E. Long, Jr.
National Secretary ADBC

DREW L. PHILLIPS

Drew L. Phillips, P.O. Box 543, Terrell, TX 75160, died Oct. 12, 1986. No other details.

THE WELSH BOOK CENTRE
GLANFRAFON ESTATE
LLANBADARN
ABERYSTWYTH
DYFED. Wales
SY23 3AQ

QUAN Returned Deceased May 1984
Curren A. Hartley
191 Gayle St.
San Antonio, TX 78223

YEARLY DUES

The 1986-1987 Yellow Annual Membership Cards and Life Membership cards will be the only ones recognized as official at the national convention. If your dues aren't up to date, please contact Nat’l Sec. Elmer E. Long Jr. prior to this meeting.